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REGD. NO. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL XX NO 228 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1932 PRICE: ONE ANNA.

HOPEFUL TURN IN YERAVDA PARLEYS

Mahatma And Ambedkar Have Heart-To-Heart Talk

PROSPECTS OF SETTLEMENT

Conference With Gandhiji To Continue To-day

"We had heart to heart satisfactory talk and we are coming again to-morrow for the final decision."

Sir T. B. Sapru jocularly added, "Dr. Ambedkar and Mahatma Gandhi have put a ban on anything more being communicated to the press."

This was the statement issued by the leaders as they came out of the Yeravda Prison after two-hours parley with Mahatma.

TWO-HOURS CONCLAVE IN YERAVDA PRISON

POONA, Sept. 22.

Negotiations in the afternoon took sudden turns making it impossible for the participants to stick to fixed programme. Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru and Mr. Jayakar who were due to meet Mahatma Gandhi at 4 p.m. paid him a surprise visit two hours earlier and remained with him for over an hour and then left.

They were later in conference with Dr. Ambedkar.

MALAVIYA ENTERS YERAVDA.

All the leaders present in Poona had arranged to go into the jail together but Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya was in advance of others. He entered the gates at 4-30 p.m. with a sombre, intent look on his face. He was followed by Mr. Rajagopalachariar and later by Mr. Shankarlal Banker, Mr. Rajendra Prasad and Mr. Birla.

DELAY IN AMBEDKAR'S ARRIVAL.

The delay in the arrival of Dr. Ambedkar and his group caused surprise and anxiety among the onlookers some of whom read in it the sudden appearance of a new difficulty in the negotiations. Sir T. B. Sapru and Mr. Jayaker were conferring with him.

It was 5-30 p.m. when at last the two peace-makers drove up but without Dr. Ambedkar who with about six of his associates arrived five minutes later. The inquisitive crowd immediately clustered round him and his friends near the prison gate.

Sir T. B. Sapru with breezy affability of the perfect host passed his arm through that of Dr. Ambedkar. Sir T. B. Sapru shepherded him and his friends past the gate. The crowd then subsided into patient expectancy till the leaders came out after over two hours.—A. P.

MAHATMAJI FEELS EFFECT OF FAST

BOMBAY, Thursday

The Bombay Citizens' Emergency Committee has issued the following Press Note:—

The atmosphere at Poona is reported to be not very hopeful. Leaders are still discussing with Mahatmaji. The Conference will be adjourned till 8 p.m. to-morrow (Friday). Mahatmaji is feeling the effects of the fast.

KASTURBA PRESENT AT YERAVDA PARLEYS

POONA, Sept. 22.

Mrs. Gandhi who remained with Mahatma Gandhi for the better part of the day was taken to the female ward at nightfall.—A. P.

SAPRU SCHEME

POONA. Sept. 22.

Those who were present at the evening's meeting inside the Jail expressed concern at the effect to-day's talk must have on Mahatma Gandhi's failing energy, however satisfactory the conversation might have been from other points of view.

It is understood that as a result of to-day's meeting an agreement has been reached regarding part of Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru's draft scheme providing for primary and final elections, and the points left over for discussion to-morrow relate to representation in services as also in local bodies. —A. P.

SENAPATI BAPAT BEGINS FAST

FOR SURVIVAL OF MAHATMA

RATNAGIRI, Sept. 22.

Senapati Bapat commenced his fast on Tuesday noon. His children and friends arrived here from Poona, and were allowed to interview him last evening. When the party asked him, if he was fasting for the achievement of the same principle as Mahatma Gandhi, Sjt. Bapat replied that his fast was only for the survival of Gandhiji.—A.P.

Christian Students Pray For Gandhiji's Success

Harijans Serve Meals At College Dinner

(From A Correspondent.)

INDORE, Sept. 22.

A meeting of the students of Christian college held on Tuesday to pray for Gandhiji's success was presided over by Principal Scott. Amongst others, Mr. Kale exhorted the audience in an impassioned speech to abolish untouchability.

The next day a dinner was arranged and the meals were served by "untouchables".

Seven Punjabis Fasting With Mahatma

LAHORE, Sept. 22.

Enquiries show that seven Punjabis have started fasting with Gandhiji and have made vows not to take anything except water as long as Mahatma Gandhi fasts. Their names are:—Bhagat Ramkishen (at Multan); Bhagat Aroramul (at Sargodha); Lala Parasram Ajiz (at Lyallpur), Pandit Radhekrishan Dutt (at Amritsar); Lala Lahorimul, Lala Ramsarandas and Lala Ishardas (at Lahore).—A.P.

TURN IN TEMPLE SATYAGRAHA.

GURVAYOOR, Sept. 22.

A new situation has been created in the temple entry campaign started eleven months ago, by its leader Mr. Kelappan commencing fasting yesterday noon with the vow "Death or Victory". Efforts are being made to persuade the Zamorin to convene a representative Hindu Conference to consider the question of opening the temple to 'Untouchables.'—A. P.

Prince's Tour Programme

(SPECIAL CABLE).

LONDON, Sept. 22.

His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales expects to reach Copenhagen in 6-1/2 hours with stops at Amsterdam and Hamburg. He will be the guest of King Christian for four days and then will be on a private visit. Afterwards the Prince of Wales will proceed to Sweden where he will be joined by Prince George for a visit to King

PRINCE OF WALES HOPS OFF TO COPENHAGEN

—:o:—

Danish Capital In Gala Mood

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Sept. 22.

Strong headwinds were encountered by the giant Imperial Airways Liner "Herakles" in which the Prince of Wales started at 9/50 a. m. from Croydon aerodrome to Copenhagen for opening the Anglo-Danish Trade Exhibition. The "Herakles" landed for a few minutes in Amsterdam and then proceeded to Hamburg, where th. Prince landed on German soil for the first time since war. He left Hamburg at 4/41 p. m. Cheering crowds surrounded the aerodrome at each place.—Reuter.

COPENHAGEN BEFLAGGED

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 22.

The people of Copenhagen are agog with excitement at the prospect of seeing the Prince of Wales, the grandson of their beloved Princess Alexandra, who is expected to land at Kastrup aerodrome just outside city, at 5/40 p. m. The city is beflagged.

Large standards have been erected in all the main streets, carrying the Union Jack and the Dannerbrog (Danish Flag).

Drastic police measures have been taken to control the huge crowds which are expected to stream out to the aerodrome to welcome the Prince who will dine with the British Minister in the evening, after which there will be a reception.

British cruisers "Dorsetshire", "York" and "Exeter" arrived this morning as also a strong contingent of British Officials, businessmen and journalists and British ballet of 35, including Brions Anton Dolin and Ninette de Valois, who will perform before the King of Denmark and the Prince of Wales at the gala night at the Royal Theatre on Saturday.—Reuter.

"FOR GOD'S SAKE BE QUICK"

—:o:—

British Captive's Plaintive Letter

BRIGANDS ARE REALLY SERIOUS

(SPECIAL CABLE).

LONDON, September 22.

Newchang—Dor Phillips Groom has returned with letter from the bandits laying down exorbitant terms and also most touching note from Mrs. Pawley.

—Reuter.

Touching Letter From Mrs. Pawley.

Newchwang.—Mrs. Pawley in her note appeals to her friends to "get us out soon, as the brigands are going to cut off our ears. I rather want to keep mine. For God's sake be quick. We have a week to live before we are shot. These fellows are really serious. I am filthy and long for a bath. Food is awful.

—(Sd.) Tinko."

"TINKO IS BRAVE."

A letter from Corkran acknowledges receipt of clothes and says that offers from local general are of no earthly use.

"These blokes want money. If cash is not forthcoming in four days, you will receive our ears as reminder and later our corpses. 'Tinko' is wonderfully brave and cheery. We have done nothing but eat and sleep for the last week and are bored stiff. Both of us are fit and are well-treated."—Reuter.

ARRESTS IN CALCUTTA.

CALCUTTA, Sept. 22.

Six university students were arrested, while going in a procession in connection with Mahatma Gandhi's fast this afternoon.

Fourteen Congressites were arrested, eight while going in a procession, and six from a secret camp which the police raided. —A. P.

AVERT NATIONAL CALAMITY BOTH FOR ENGLAND AND INDIA

Bombay Women's Appeal To Viceroy And Premier

An urgent meeting of the women of Bombay has been called to-day (Friday) at 4-30 p..m. in Seth Ranchhoddas Kanji's Wadi, opposite the Gujarati Hindu Stree Mandal. Lady Laxmibai Jagmohandas will preside. The meeting will appeal to the Premier and the Viceroy to intervene in ending Mahatmaji's fast, and avert the national calamity, both for England and India.

The meeting is convened by the following representative women's associations in the City:—

Gujarati Hindu Stree Mandal.
Pathare Prabhu Mahila Samaj
Gurjar Ladies' Social Club
Bhagini Samaj.
Hindi Stree Sangathan.
Lad Mahila Mandal.
Brahman Bhagini Samaj.
Halai Luhana Sahakari Mandal (Stree Vibhag).
Gujarati Hindu Stree Mandal. (Santa-Cruz Branch).

CALCUTTA DERBY AND ST. LEGER SWEEPS

—:o:—

It is understood that the Stewards of the Royal Calcutta Turf Club have decided to return to the old system of issuing tickets instead of number for their Derby and St. Leger Sweeps.

They will also issue drawing lists to their members and "nom de plumes" will not be used in future.

It is a matter of common knowledge that partly owing to the Irish Sweepstakes and partly the Secrecy observed for sometime past by the Stewards of the R. C. T. C., the Calcutta Sweeps have seriously fallen off in value.

Kasturba To Be Released Shortly

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 22.

Mrs. Kasturba Gandhi is undergoing a term of imprisonment in the Sabarmati Jail was removed last night to Yeravda Jail in order to enable her to be with her husband during his fast.

Mrs. Gandhi is due to be released shortly on the expiry of the term of her imprisonment. —A.P.

Karachi Temple Satyagraha

KARACHI, Sept. 22.

The Satyagraha in front of the Jasraj Mandir has ended, the trustees agreeing to reconsider the position and promising to announce a decision within three days.—A.P.

FRESH MOVES TO SAVE GANDHI

Premier To Be Asked To Suspend Award

SIR CHUNILAL FOR YERAVDA

In view of the disquieting news from Poona coupled with the fact that delay in negotiations may prove harmful to the health of Mahatma Gandhi, frantic efforts are being made by leaders in Bombay to find some other means of inducing Gandhiji to give up his fast.

APPEAL TO PREMIER.

It is felt that if the Premier revoked the Communal Award or at least held it in abeyance pending negotiations it would be possible to persuade Gandhiji to give up his fast and enable him to participate in further discussions.

Sir Chunilal Hurries To Yeravda.

Sir Chunilal V. Mehta's departure from Bombay to Poona late on Thursday night, it is stated, has something to do with this move. It is proposed to send a representation to the Premier urging upon him the necessity of revoking or, at least, holding in abeyance the Communal Award, as the whole country is alarmed at the consequences of the Fast on Gandhiji's health. The representation will have behind it the support of influential public institutions all over the country.

Syt. Rajbhoj and Mr. Govai, leaders of the "Depressed" Classes, who were in Bombay, also left for Poona on Thursday night in response to an urgent message that they received from Mr. M. C. Raja and Mr. Kajrolkar from Poona.

"THE EVIL IS STILL THERE"

Mahatma's Remark

POONA, Sept. 22.

Mahatma Gandhi continues to sleep under the sky. Last night he retired earlier than ordinarily and slept quite well.

Mr. Rajah, in his interview with Mr. Gandhi this morning, is understood to have generally agreed to the draft scheme prepared by Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru

Mahatma Gandhi is believed to have reserved his judgment on it and it is reported that he did not commit himself beyond remarking "the evil is still there."

All hopes now rest on the impending parleys of Mahatma Gandhi and Dr. Ambedkar this afternoon and the outcome of the negotiations in progress at Pandit Malaviya's residence.

Mr. Rajagopalchariar, Babu Rajendra Prasad, Mr. Pyarilal and Mr. Devadas Gandhi also saw Mahatma Gandhi this morning. This was as the result of a slight change in the programme fixed earlier.—A. P.

STOP PRESS

CABLE TO PREMIER

POONA, Sept. 22.

Mr. M. C. Raja was not present at this evening's meeting between Gandhiji and the leaders in Yeravda Jail.

A cable has been sent on behalf of the India League Delegation to its headquarters in London, expressing anxiety in regard to Mahatma Gandhi's condition and urging the suspension of the communal award for the time being.—A. P.

MADRAS, Sept. 22.

The police arrested eighteen volunteers this evening, while picketing foreign cloth shops in China Bazar and Rattan Bazar in batches with boycott posters affixed to their dress.—A. P.

GANDHIJI'S WIRE TO TAGORE

I Have Always God's Mercy Experienced

CALCUTTA, Sept. 22.

The following telegram dated Poona, September 20, timed 3-10 p.m. has been sent by Mahatma Gandhi to Dr. Rabindranath Tagore:—

"Gurudev, Santiniketan:

Have always experienced God's mercy. Very early this morning I wrote seeking your blessing if you could approve of the action and, behold, I have it in abundance in your message just received. Thank you. —Gandhi."—A. P.

Bombay Leaders' Decision

The Hindu leaders' conference met again at the Indian Merchants' Chamber Hall, on Thursday evening, and after two hours discussion decided to depute Sir Chunilal V. Mehta to go to Poona.

Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas presided. Mr. C. Y. Chintamani who is now in Bombay also attended the meeting.

The conference discussed for about two hours a draft resolution proposed to be sent to the Premier. It was ultimately agreed that Sir Chunilal Mehta should go to Poona and discuss the draft with the leaders and if approved by them the resolution should be forwarded to the Premier.

The text of the draft resolution was not given to the press. The conference adjourned till 8 p.m. to-day (Friday).

(Earlier News on Pages 8 and 12.)

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A R 8031

WANTED—A DAFFTARDAR in the Revenue Survey Department, Junagadh State, on a grade pay of Rs. 75-5-100 p.m. The applicant should have thorough knowledge of Revenue Survey work, (knowledge of English essential). Applications should be addressed to the Revenue Commissioner Junagadh State, with copies of testimonials upto 15th October, 1932.
A R 7971

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A

WANTED for the Lady Butler Women's Hospital, Khandwa, an experienced LADY SUPERINTENDENT, possessing Indian or foreign Medical Degree. Pay according to qualifications. Provident Fund. Free quarters. Candidates may be called for interview at their cost. Apply stating age, qualifications, post graduate experience and minimum pay required, with copies of testimonials to K. B. L. SETH, I.C.S., Deputy Commissioner and President, Lady Butler Hospital, Khandwa, C. P.
A 5533

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A 5500

Situations Vacant.

WANTED—One MATHEMATICS TEACHER for Matriculation Class; one ACCOUNTANT, knowing Drafting letters and Typewriting and one L.C.P.S. Lady Doctor. Salary Rs. 150/-. Apply ASIATIC SERVICE-BUREAU, fourth floor, Ismail Bldg., 381, Hornby Road.
A R8024

Agents Wanted

WANTED—AGENTS to sell shares of the EASTERN SEWING MACHINES, LTD., Manufacturers of Swadeshi Sewing Machines, and the first of its kind in India. For Agency terms Prospectus etc., please write to Messrs. MAYOR & CO., 25, Pollock Street, Calcutta.
A 5502

Fruit, Flowers, Seeds

FINEST DESSERT APPLES—9-lb. fruit by Post Rs. 5/10 14-lb. fruit in Boxes by Rail Rs. 6/10, sent carefully packed to any part of India. A. H. Lee, Brendrole Orchards, KULU, Punjab.
F R 7942

Loans

43,000/- about LOAN already granted. Next Rs. 5,000 loan for 15 years without interest will be granted. Enlistment according concession upto 1st October, 1932. Apply particulars. Agents wanted on pay. BANKING & INDUSTRIAL SYNDICATE, Ltd., Bombay 2.
L R 8028

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L R 7904

Matrimonial.

WITH A VIEW TO MATRIMONY correspondence is invited from parents and guardians of educated and accomplished Brahmin Girls of suitable ages for a Bhargava Brahmin youth of 30, good physique, settled in life, monthly income Rs. 450 and allowances Nagars, Gours, Bhargavas and Sanadhyas preferred. Apply to K. D. BHARGAVA, Paper Mills, Lucknow.
M R8023

Profession

EARN DAILY Rs. 15/- without [illegible] by investment Rs. 30/- through COMMERCIAL AMERICAN COTTON FORECAST, Rehman Building Second Floor, 24, Churchgate Street.
P R 8030

EARN RS. 6 TO 60 DAILY without risk on investment of Rs. 10 to 100; by getting AMERICAN COTTON EXPERT'S FORECAST, Esmail Building, 4th Floor, above Eastern Bank.
P R8026

GOLDEN CHANCES—To-day's DEAD CERTAINTY SPECIAL ONE FORECAST Rs. 10/- and Friday and Saturday very strong doubling Rs. 151/-. Don't miss this golden opportunity. Time apply 1 to 8 p. m. COTTON TRADE SYNDICATE, Meadows Street, Bell Lane, Fort, Bombay.
P R 5027

EARN RS. 100/- within two days only without risk or disappointment, see immediately today and to-morrow RECOUP BUREAU & CO., 2nd Floor, Rustom Building, Churchgate Street, Bombay, between 2 to 7 P. M.
P R 8032

Public Notices

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IN INSOLVENCY.

(1)	No. 562	of 1929	Re:	Asharam Bhaichand Sha.
(2)	No. 816	of 1924	„	Bhukhandas Rajaram Vania and another traded as Uttamram Maganlal and also as Tuljaram Rajaram.
(3)	No. 808	of 1926	„	Arthur Albert Brookes
(4)	No. 1200	of 1926	„	George Carson.
(5)	No. 1602	of 1925	„	Maheshwar Krishna Dhopatker
(6)	No. 322 & 493/27		„	Gangadhar Sakharam Joshi traded as Achut Shanker & Co.
(7)	No. 671	of 1925	„	E. H. Coutts traded as Coutts & Co
(8)	No. 110	of 1930	„	Balwant Sitaram Mahindre traded as Mahindre & Co.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that it is intended to declare a first and final dividend in Estate No. (1), a second and final dividend in Estates Nos. (2) to (5), a third and final dividend in Estate No. (6) and to make a distribution amongst the preferential creditors in Estates Nos. (7) and (8).

Creditors who have not proved their claims are requested to do so in the Office of the undersigned within a fortnight from the date hereof. If they fail to do so, their claims will be excluded and the undersigned will proceed to declare a dividend in the said estate without regard to such claims.

All persons having claims against the Official Assignee in the said estate in respect of costs, charges, expenses, rent, lien or otherwise, are hereby requested to notify their claims to the undersigned forthwith, even if they have been previously notified. All such claims must be sent to the undersigned within a fortnight from the date hereof. On expiry of the said period, the assets in the above estate will be distributed and the claims received after that period will not be recognised.

Bombay, this 21st day of September, 1932.

P. B. MALABARI.
Official Assignee of Bombay.

Official Assignee's Office,
High Court, Bombay.
5546

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MUKUND SAKHARAM PATKAR, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, has contracted to sell the property hereinafter described. ALL persons having any claims or demands against or to the said property either by way of mortgage, gift, sale, use, trust, possession, inheritance, lease or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office in Yusuf Building Churchgate Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same, if any will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of land of Improvement Trust Lease-hold land, containing by admeasurement 364 square yards being Bombay Improvement Trust Plot No. 17 and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey Nos. 7909, 7/7915, 9-16/7915 and Cadastral Survey No. 1359 of Girgaum Division together with the messuage tenement or building standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under D Ward No. 1389 (8), Street Nos. 475-477-479, all which premises are situate at and on the South Side of Sandhurst Road (West) at Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and are bounded on the East by Marwadi Vidyalaya and property of Dwarkadas Mangaldas Vakil; on the West by New Bhatwady Road; on the North by the said Sandhurst Road and on the South by the property of Vinayakrao V. Jayakar and others.

Dated this 22nd day of Sept. 1932.

VACHHA & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

Public Notices.

NOTICE

ONE "ORDINARY" SHARE CERTIFICATE No. 365 of the Tata Power Co., Ltd., standing in the name of Bail Jasabai, widow of Amichand Navlaji has been LOST or MISPLACED. All persons having any claim on the said share are requested to intimate the same to the above Company at their Registered Office at Bombay House, 24, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, within 15 days from the date of this Notice, after which date no claim will be considered and duplicate Certificate will be issued to her.
R8025

The Gahagan Paint & Varnish Co., Ltd

P. O. Box No. 413, Bombay.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of the following second-hand tanks:—

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The above tanks may be seen at our Factory at Fergusson Road, Lower Parel.

Tenders be posted to reach us not later than 1/10/32.

AGENTS.
5547

AUCTION SALES

GANDHI & CO.
Telephone No. 24927.

SALE THIS DAY AT 2-30 P. M. (S. T.)

AUCTION SALE OF 172 CASES JAPA. SE YARN.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 23rd September, 1932 at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) at Tamba Kanta near Pydhownie, by order of the office concerned and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Sulleman Ahmed Bantvawalla, of Pydhownie, Tamba Kanta, the defaulting purchasers:—

94 cases Japanese Yarn including:—

50 cases Japanese artificial silk yarn 150 Deniers AAA each containing 200 lbs.

44 cases Japanese white cotton mercerised yarn 2/[illegible]s. Cross Reel Sea Horse [illegible]cket; each containing 300 lbs.

And on account and at the risk of Messrs. Noorbhoy Dossaji of Pydhownie, Tambrkan'a, the defaulting purchasers.

78 cases Japanese yarn including:—

8 cases Japanese artificial silk yarn 250 Deniers AAA: each containing [illegible]0 lbs.

50 cases Japane artificial silk yarn 150 Deniers, A. AA, and AAA each containing 200 lbs.

20 cases Japanese White Cotton Mercerised Yarn 2/42s, Cross Reel Sea Horse Ticket; each containing 300 lbs.

Terms: 25 per cent deposit.

AUCTION SALE OF GOLD [illegible]NAMENTS

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 24th instant at 2-30 P. M. (S. T.) at their Auction Rooms at No. 72 Meadows Street, Fort, by order of [illegible]a, Nathuji Khumaji Co., the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of Baster Alice Battoo D'Souza, the Mortgagor:—

Gold ornaments including
11 Rings of assorted sizes, 10 Bangles,
5 Finger Rings, 1 Pin 2 Chains, 3 Necklaces etc.
Terms:—25 per cent. deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

BENNETT & CO.
120, Apollo Street, Fort.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will on SUNDAY, the 25th instant at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at "Fosbery House," Top Floor, Mereweather Road, Apollo Bunder, valuable household furniture such as dining table, chairs, sideboards, drawing room suites, showcases, cabinets, writing tables, dressing tables, almyrahs, bedsteads, Persian carpets, plants, wearing apparels, etc.

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in conjunction with
MISCHIEF
with
RALPH LYNN

THE EMPRESS
6-30 and 10 p.m
A Comedy Riot of Laughs
"DAMES AHOY"
with
GLENN TRYON
and
An amazing drama of love
"SHANGHAI LADY"
with
MARY NOLAN

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THE WEATHER

General Rain In Konkan

POONA, Sept. 22.

GENERAL INFERENCE:—The Bay storm has crossed the coast yesterday and lies this morning as a deep depression over the East Central Provinces. It has caused extension of the monsoon in centre of the country with locally heavy rain in and around the Northern divisions of the Central Provinces. The monsoon continues active in Lower Burma, Southwest Bengal, Orissa and Chota Nagpur and has strengthened on the West Coast of the Peninsula. Local thundershowers have also occurred in the Northwest Frontier Province.

Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, East Central India, the Central Provinces and the Konkan and local in Bengal, Bihar, the East United Provinces, the Northwest Frontier Province, the Bombay Deccan, Mysore and Malabar. A few falls have occurred in Upper Burma, and Assam.

The chief amounts of rainfall are:—Port Blair 1|4 inch; Toungoo 4; Mergui and Amherst 1-1|2; Victoria Point 1; Tavoy 3|4; Bhamo 1|4; Darjeeling and Chandbali 1; Ranchi 3|4; Gauhati, Burdwan, Chaibassa, Hazaribagh and Naya Dumka 1|2; Jubbulpore and Raipur 3; Seoni, Pachmarhi and Pendra 2; Benares, Kanker and Jagdalpur 1-1|2; Sutna 1; Allahabad and Nagpur 1|2; Cherat 1|2; Peshawar and Drosh 1|4; Marmagao and Mahabaleshwar 1; Mangalore 3|4; Ratnagiri and Cochin 1|2 and Mercara and Bangalore 1|4.

FORECAST:—Rainfall will decrease from southwest Bengal to the East Central Provinces and East Central India extend in West Central India, the West United Provinces, the East Punjab, East Rajputana and East Gujarat and increase in Tenasserim. The monsoon will continue active in the West Central Provinces and the West Coast of the Peninsula.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING:—Locally heavy rain will continue in the West Central Provinces, for another 24 hours and extend in West Central India and the West United Provinces, including the Kumaon Hills during the next 36 hours.—A.P.

BOXING AT BYCULLA

Attractive Programme Of Interesting Contests To Be Fought To-night

The Christ Church Old Boys' Sports Club holding their first annual Boxing Tournament at the B. E. S. School, Byculla to-night at 9-30 p.m. Ten contests have been arranged from the best available amateur boxers in Bombay. Special care has been exercised to see that the contestants are evenly matched and there is no doubt that some fine boxing will be witnessed.

The contest between E. Frewin vs. J. Pithawalla will be the star fight of the night and an extra round will most probably be necessary before the judges decide as to the winner.

Pithawalla was to have been India's Olympic representative, while Frewin is the amateur Boxing Federation champion. Both men feel confident of getting the light at the close of the contest and some very good scientific boxing will be witnessed.

D. Lomas, the Y. M. C. A. champion, will meet J. James of the Poona Rifles and the latter boxer feels confident of putting a stop to the long run of wins Lomas has got to his credit. Lomas of course, thinks otherwise.

Some clever fighting will be seen when S. Simmons meets R. Cole. Both men report fit and this should be a good fight.

R. Cowsell will meet Cadet L. Clerkson of the I.M.M.T.S., Dufferin. There is no need as enlarge on the cadet's abilities as a boxer, but Cowsell who failed to obtain the verdict in his last encounter with the cadet and feels convinced that on this occasion he will achieve his ambition.

L.Cpl. Presley, of the Royal Irish Fusiliers, meets H. Pascoe in a special return contest. Presley impressed very much in the recent Y.M.C.A. Tournament and Pascoe will have to go all out to secure a win.

Saul Hayum of the Nagpada Neighbourhood House, will be opposed to Housotia of the Zoroastrians and this contest which will be full of hard hitting is bound to please the spectators.

That clever boxer D. Wynne of the Y.M.C.A. will fight E. Joseph of N.N.H. Although Wynne lacks the experience to the credit of Joseph he should give the latter boxer some anxiety.

Another good contest will be the fight between J. Hayum and Gnr. Cockburn of the Royal Artillery. Both men are looking forward to the contest.

ORATORICAL COMPETITIONS

For Parsi Graduates And Undergraduates

A competition for undergraduates is arranged by the Bombay Zoroastrian Jashan Committee. It will be open to Parsi students of all colleges of both the sexes who have not taken any University degree by the time applications are submitted. Each competitor will be allowed about 15 minutes for his or her discourse. It will be held at the Tutorial High School, Near Kennedy Bridge, Grant Road, on Sunday (20th November) at 10 a.m. (S.T.)

The subject prescribed for this year for the Undergraduates' Competition is—"The Lesson of Gathas and the Avesta for Modern Men and Women." The undermentioned three prizes will be awarded to the first three competitors in order of merit, but the prizes may be modified at the discretion of the judges who will take into consideration the number of competitors, etc. 1st Prize, Rs. 50; 2nd Prize Rs. 30; and 3rd Prize Rs. 20.

COMPETITION FOR GRADUATES.

This competition will be open to Parsi graduates of both the sexes of less than seven years' standing, i.e. to those graduates only who took their first University degree less than seven years before the date of the competition. Each competitor will be allowed 15 minutes for his or her discourse. The Competition will be held at the Tutorial High School, near Kennedy Bridge, Grant Road, at 10 a.m. (S.T.) on Sunday (27th November).

The subject prescribed for the Graduate is:—"Modern Science with Reference to Zarthushtrian Religion." The undermentioned three prizes will be awarded to the first three competitors in order of merit in this Competition, but the prizes may be modified at the discretion of the judges who will take into consideration the number of competitors, etc. 1st Prize, Rs. 50; 2nd Prize, Rs. 30 and 3rd Prize, Rs. 20.

Intending competitors are requested to send their applications stating their full names, age, College and Home address to the Hon. Secretary, Zoroastrian Jashan Committee, Kamar Building, Cowasji Patel Street, Fort, Bombay, three days before the date of the competition.

WHY EXPENSIVE URDU TEXT BOOKS?

Anjuman's Protest To Municipal Schools' Committee

The following resolutions have been passed by the Council of Anjuman-i-Zia-ul-Islam.

The Council of Anjuman-i-Zia-ul-Islam puts on record its sense of empnatic protest against the objectionable procedure adopted by the Municipal Schools Committee by substituting one series of Urdu Text Books for another in preference to the Himayate Islam series of Lahore which have so far proved not only of great benefit in their teaching value for 20 years but are also cheap, inexpensive and handy.

The Council submits for the serious consideration of the schools committee for the reintroduction of the Himayate Islam series of Lahore in all the Municipal Schools inspite of the efforts of the interested parties for the substitution of the Abdulla series in place of Feruzuddin's both of which, the Council considers, are not only double in price but also of no practical value compared with the Himayete Islam series.

Horticultural Class At Bordi

(From A Correspondent)

BORDI, Sept. 21.

The Dahanu Taluka Agricultural Development Association entered upon a new sphere of activity by conducting a free Horticultural Class from 12th to 18th instant in the premises of the Bordi High School. Its inaugural ceremony was performed by Mr. Govindrao Varlak, President, Tha[illegible] District Local Board.

85 students availed themselves of this class and those were drawn from all parts of the Presidency and consisted of representatives of several institutions interested in agriculture and of even grown-up farmers. Officers of the Agricultural Department and the teachers from the High School gave lectures and demonstrations in the improved methods of fruit culture and in the control measures against the common diseases and pests.

There were also demonstrations arranged in the preparation of jellies and jams. Excursions to the typical fruit gardens were organised and lantern lectures at night further enhanced the usefulness of this class. A prize distribution ceremony was performed under the presidentship of Mr. M. D. Bhat, Collector Poona.

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MARWARI AND HIS 'LATE MISTRESS'

Four Christians In Alleged Conspiracy To Cheat

Charges were framed on Wednesday, by Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaon against Francis Rego, Antone Miranda, John Fernandes and Remedi D'Souza for having conspired to impersonate and thus cheat a Marwari, and also for abetting in the act of cheating.

The Prosecution case was that on May 31, the first three accused took the last accused to a Marwari, Dhanji Jivaraj and told him that she was the mother of his late mistress. The Marwari who had recently lost his mistress Kalyani, believed the story told by the accused and gave them clothes ornaments and cash worth nearly Rs. 2,500.

Francis Rego in his statement said that he knew Kalyani since 1923. She was living as a prostitute and many a time the accused had asked her to leave her profession. On May 13, Antone Miranda the second accused, informed him that Kalyani had died and that she was buried at Sewree. Antone further told him that the Marwari had promised to give them Rs 2,000 on May 14 for their services rendered at his mistress's funeral. He asked the accused to come to the Marwari the next day.

RS. 2,000 FOR SAMJAVING?

After a week against the accused went to the Marwari and questioned him whether he had killed Kalyani. The Marwari denying, the accused asked him if he had heard about the report that had been lodged with Nagpada Police Station. The Marwari agreed to having heard about it, and asked him to take Rs. 2,000 and "samjav" accused Nos. 2 and 3. The accused later informed accused Nos. 2 and 3 that the Marwari had asked them to come to him on May 31.

On May 31, he went to the Marwari's place and saw the 3 accused with some other women there already. The Marwari gave the accused Rs. 950 and asked him to distribute it amongst the others. He handed it over to accused No. 2.

NO CONSPIRACY

Later the accused went to the Marwari again and asked him to pay some money to the relatives of Kalyani. Some hot words were exchanged between them and he was arrested the next day. It is not true that he had entered into a conspiracy to cheat the Marwari.

The second and third accused refused to make any statement at this stage.

UNDER INFLUENCE OF LIQUOR.

Remedi D'Souza, an old woman in her statement said that she remembered the day on which she was taken to the Marwari's place. She went there as she was told that the dead woman's clothes would be given to her. She did not receive any clothes. Her thumb impression was taken forcibly when she was under the influence of liquor.

The case was postponed to September 23, for cross-examination of the prosecution witnesses.

Arya Samaj Answers Orthodox Challenge

The Secretary of the Bombay Arya Samaj has issued the following statement repudiating the claim that the present system of untouchability has vedic sanction behind it:

The Arya Samaj Bombay regrets to read the statement published by Shri Gokulnathji Maharaj, president Varnashram Swaraj Sang and the challenge to Pandit Malaviyaji by Pandit Ramapati Mishra in which they have opposed the present movement of eradicating the evil of untouchability from the Hindu Society in the name of shastras.

We are of the firm belief that no human being is considered untouchable or low on account of his birth. We are prepared to prove that according to the Vedic doctrines and culture every body, born in any family, has equal right to progress in religious, social or political spheres. In the ancient history of Aryans many persons became Brahmins even though they had been born in other Varnas.

Acceptances For Saturday's Races

BIG MEETING : FOURTH DAY

1-45 P. M.

THE LAWN PLATE. Division II-B. —Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,000; second Rs. 750; third Rs. 250. A Handicap for Arabs in Classes I and II.

Famous 9-2, Sanjakdar 8-9, Arden 8-9, Strephon 8-7, Jaibala 8-6, Hajib Beg 8-5, Tennyson 8-5, Kashaf 8-4, Munsoor 8-0, Birbal 7-11, Badrani 7-10, Fancy 7-10, Hasna 7-8, Elaine 7-8, Nasrat Beg 7-8, Sunny Day 7-5, Chabookchi 7-5, Farid Pasha 7-5.

2-15 P. M.

THE INDIAN BREEDERS STAKES. —Distance 1-1/4 miles.

Winner Rs. 4,500; second Rs. 1,500; third Rs. 750. Terms for Indian Horses 3, 4 and 5 years old only.

Tout-a-Coup 8-12, Rosette 8-5, Johnnie Walker 8-5, Sans Gene 8-5, Dry Sand 7-5, Saloon 7-5.

2-45 P. M.

THE BEYRUT PLATE. Division II.—Distance 1 mile

Winner Rs. 2,000; second Rs. 750; third Rs 250. A Handicap for Arabs in Class II.

Lamington 9-4, Prince Charlie 8-12, Shimiar 8-11, Vita 8-10, Black Beauty 8-5, Blotting Kagaz 8-5, Mascat 8-5, Azroom 8-0, Faraj 7-13, White Cross 7-11, Takreet 7-11, Aslan Beg 7-10, Badruzaman 7-10, Bahriyah 7-8, Raza Khan 7-9, Regard 7-8, Akram 7-7, Blackberry 7-6, Nasrat Beg 7-6, Dhiyanur 7-6, Manshad 7-3.

3-15 P. M.

THE LAWN PLATE. Division II-A. —Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,000; second Rs. 750; third Rs. 250. A handicap for Arabs in Classes I and II.

Royalty 9-0, Young Avar 8-11, Watchmaker 8-11, Majid Beg 8-8, Gurji Beg 8-8, Garibaldi 8-8, High Flier 8-7, Saree 8-4, Sattam 8-1, Khairi 7-13, Mansfield 7-10, Shall 7-10, Noomass 7-10, Orange Prince 7-7, Ismain Pasha 7-7.

3-45 P. M.

THE BEYRUT PLATE. Division I. —Distance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 2,000; second Rs. 750; third Rs 250. A Handicap for Arabs in Class II.

Rushdi 9-0, Blue Funnel 8-12, Orient 8-5, Watchmaker 8-11, Muhaisin 8-9, Sannam 8-8, Prince Ghazi 8-8, Jalal 8-7, Al Wali 8-7, Faithful II 8-7, Aman 8-6, Misyer 8-3, Bhawani Prasad 8-3, Al Natiq 7-12, Glow Bird 7-5, Salfa 8-1, Rolls Royce 7-13, Taimurlung 7-11, Hakim Pasha 7-10, Red Indian 7-8, Ambassador 7-6.

4-15 P. M.

THE NEWCASTLE PLATE. Division II—Distance 6 furlongs

Winner Rs. 3,000; second Rs 1,000; and third Rs. 500. A handicap for Horses in Class III.

Douceuse 9-0; Lovely One 8-12; Zecos 8-11; Inquisitor 8-8; Mountain Dancer 8-8; Santon 8-5; Away 8-5; Fine Knight 8-4; Princess Maeve 8-3; Knockdon 7-8; The Mint 8-0; Dandy Brush 7-12, Qui Vive 7-11; San Jon 7-11; Prince Arthur 7-5.

4-45 P M

THE NEWCASTLE PLATE. Division I—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 3,000; second Rs. 1,000; and third Rs. 500. A handicap for Horses in Class III.

Monrose 9-0; Poland 8-13; Serviette 8-10; Bachelor's Bess 8-6; Knight's Adventure 8-5; Glowing Embers 8-5; Vendor 8-4; Woven 7-11; Shri Ganesh 8-1; Mix Up 7-13; Raoul 7-10; Vesington Planet 7-6; Clairette 7-5

5-15 P. M.

THE ST. LEGER PLATE.—Distance R. C. and Distance.

Winner Rs. 15 000; second Rs. 5,000; and third Rs. 2,500. A handicap for horses in Classes I and II.

Bray Beau 9-12; Nightjar 9-7; Highness 8-6; Melesigenes 8-9; In the Gloaming 8-9; Hoppy 8-8; Mulligatawny 8-6; Little Bob 8-0; Tilt 7-7; Private Seal 7-13; Maltese Cross 7-11; Chabootra 7-9; Black Jest 7-1; Psaltery 7-0; No Argument 6-13; Sweet Potato 6-12.

5-45 P M

THE PADDOCK PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 5,000; second Rs. 1,700; and third Rs. 800. A handicap for horses in Class II.

Four Kings 9-0; La Rixe 7-6; Charmaine 8-13; Glen Gowan 8-10; The Blinking Duke 8-10; Hillcot 8-7; Seaton Ross 8-7; Almeida 8-6; Ballybrophy 7-13; The Nile 8-6, Belief 8-2; Soft Drink 8-5; Puffin 8-2, Jonathan 8-4; Broken Link 8-1; Moyola 8-0; Ootman 7-13; Quincy 7-12; Hamid 7-11; Irish Right 7-11; Poor Bairn 7-11; Under Gee 7-7.

6-15 P. M.

THE AWT PLATE. Division I. —Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 4 000, second Rs. 1,500; and third Rs. 500. A handicap for Arabs in Classes I & II.

Empire 9-6; Vershan 9-5; Hamiyah 9-2; Yawir Awar 8-13; Amij 8-11; Moon Spark 8-9; Riyad II 8-7; El Faras 8-6; Shahena 8-3; Zeebar 7-4; Red Star 7-2; Kaballa 8-1; Black King 8-0; Mumtaz 8 0; Shamsuzzaman 7-12 Colombo 7-8; Wazir Pasha 7-8; The Knave 7-3.

Latest Poona Gallops

LITTLE BOB PREPARED FOR St. LEGER

(From Our Racing Correspondent)

POONA, Sept. 22.

The weather has kept fine and trainers have been busy preparing their charges for the last day of the Big Meetings. Gallops noted are as follows.—

THE NILE (Brace) was superior to SAXPENCE (Riding Boy) over 6 furlongs. The former has improved very much.

ADO (Evans) beat KIRKMAIDEN (Riding Boy) in a mile gallop on the tan. The former should run well.

OOTMAN (Walker) spurted 3 furlongs in fine style.

MIX UP (Bullock) travelled 6 furlongs on the tan giving satisfaction.

DONCEUSE (Bowley) was restricted to pacework over 6 furlongs. Fit.

SHRI GANESH (H. McQuade) covered a mile on the tan. Looking fit and well.

FINE KNIGHT (Harding) held KNIGHT'S ADVENTURE (Riding Boy) in a 6 furlongs gallop on the tan.

HONEYDEW (Edwards) finished ahead of GUERRE (Riding Boy) in a ½ mile spurt.

ROSETTE (Brace) had the advantage over JOHNNIE WALKER (Riding Boy) in a brisk mile gallop. The former is in fine fettle at the moment.

SALOON (Evans) pleased in a 9 furlongs gallop on the tan.

TOUT-A-COUP (O'Neale) and TANGIERS (Riding Boy) had an easy mile gallop. The former has not looked back since his last victory.

MALTESE CROSS (Edwards) was too good for RARE WINE (Hardcastle) over 9 furlongs. The former should go close in the St. Leger.

LITTLE BOB (Bhimrao) has been specially prepared for the St. Leger. Galloped well over 1½ miles.

PRIVATE SEAL (Malone) and BRAY BEAU (Peck) finished abreast in a 1½ miles gallop. The former is Malone's hope in the St. Leger.

JOCK SCOT (Howell) beat FRATER (Riding Boy) over 1-1/4 miles.

CONCILLIATOR (Bowley) was superior to TAN (Maurice) in a 9 furlongs gallop. The former is unreliable.

HOPPY (Brace) was well ahead of ROMANESCO (Riding Boy) in a 9 furlongs trial.

ALMEIDA (Marrable) was too speedy for BALLYBROPHY (Wallace) over 6 furlongs.

GOLDEN TRAIL (Dillon) beat TURLOUGH (Riding Boy) over 6 furlongs.

GLEN GOWAN (S. Black) worked well over 6 furlongs.

BILLY BUTTON (Obaid) beat LA RIXE (Riding Boy) in a half mile spurt.

MUMTAZ (A. Clarke) showed good speed over half a mile. A danger.

SQUARE DEAL (Howell) finished in front of MOLLY KING (Davison) in a 6 furlongs gallop.

SHAHANA (Obaid) and RED STAR (Bhimrao) finished abreast when galloped 6 furlongs.

HAMIYAH (Selby) showed plenty of speed over 6 furlongs. Fit and well.

The following have shaped well in their gallops:—

DHABARQ; SANJAKDAR; ROYALTY; GAWIR AWAR; PRINCE GHAZI; RUSHDI and BLUE FUNNEL.

PORTUGUESE CARUSO

Lomelino Da Silva Will Return From Goa For Farewell Performance

(BY EUPHONIUS.)

The Lusitanian Sporting Club deserves to be congratulated on their inducing Sir Lomelino Da Silva to give a benefit performance under their auspices on the 28th inst. at the Royal Opera House.

Sr. Silva is now well-known by his two earlier recitals. So clamorous have been the demands his last one was meant to be a farewell one—that Sr. Silva has for a third performance—though had to be recalled from Goa. This is definitely his last performance.

Among the assisting artists is Prof. J. Franz who will give two violin solos. The versatility of the Professor in the realm of music is astounding. Messrs. Paxton and Co., (London), has been very well commented upon by European critics.

TO FACILITATE EARLY SETTLEMENT.

Presy. Association Demands Gandhiji's Unconditional Release.

At a meeting of the Council of the Bombay Presidency Association held on Wednesday evening, the following resolutions were adopted.—

1. "The Council of the Bombay Presidency Association deeply deplore the inordinate delay on the part of the Government in publishing the Gandhi—Hoare—MacDonald correspondence which is responsible for the unfortunate critical situation with which the country is now faced. The Council very much regret the attitude of the Government in not releasing Mahatma Gandhi unconditionally during the period of his fast.

Now that Mahatma Gandhi has been obliged to begin his fast in gaol, the Council earnestly request Government to unconditionally release him to facilitate an early settlement of the question relating to the Depressed Classes and allay the strong public feeling created by the attitude of Government."

PROTEST AGAINST ORDINANCE BILL

"The Council of the Bombay Presidency Association strongly protest against Bill No. 41 of 1932 incorporating several provisions of the Consolidated Ordinance. The Council are emphatically of opinion that the powers already vested in the Government are wide enough to secure the object Government profess to have in view and regret the introduction of the bill without giving sufficient opportunity to the public to express their opinion on it."

Premier's Award "Disappointing"

(From A Correspondent).

GAUHATI, Sept. 19.

At an emergency meeting of the Working Committee of the Assam Muslim Association held at Gauhati on September 17, the following resolution was unanimously passed:—

Having fully considered the provincial decision of His Majesty's Government in regard to the question of minorities in India recently announced by the Premier, the Working Committee of the Assam Muslim Association while declaring that, in view of the absence of any reference therein to the matter of representation of the provinces of British India and the States in the Central legislatures, especially of the Muslims, and of the indefiniteness regarding other vital questions, it is not possible at this stage to properly assess the Premier's Decision and arrive at a definite and final decision, is clearly of opinion that the Premier's Decision as a whole is disappointing and unsatisfactory.

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MUSLIM AMBULANCE SOCIETY

The Secretary, Muslim Ambulance Society, Bombay sends for publication the following testimon' appreciating the aims and objects of the new institution:+

The Hon. Sir Gulam Husain Hidayatulla writes:—

"It has given me great pleasure to hear of the inauguration of the Bombay Muslim Ambulance Society. The service of suffering humanity is a cause which must be dear to every true man and woman. I congratulate the founders on their great enterprise, and I wish it all the success it deserves."

"I cannot too highly commend" writes the Hon. Justice Mirza Ali Akbar Khan of the Bombay High Court "the aims and objects of the Society which are in keeping with the spirit and true tenets of Islam and their practice. I feel sure that your society will receive the support of all right-thinking Muslim of this great city and will thrive under the care of its present officers and their successors, and I am sure the society will spare no effort to render help also to those who might unfortunately be victims of misguided anger on the part of members of the Muslim community."

In wishing the Society success, Syed Munwar, B.A., M.L.C., J.P., expresses the opinion that it has satisfied a long felt desideratum and deserves every encouragement from the Muslim public.

OTTAWA AND HUNGER

Irish Unemployed Puzzled

Thousands of Belfast unemployed assembled at Frederick Street and marched in a procession through the principal streets to the Custom House steps, where a mass meeting, organised by the Belfast Outdoor Relief Committee, was held as a protest against the present scales of relief which are being paid to the workless.

One speaker referred to the Ottawa Conference and said they were told that it would prove beneficial to the Six Counties, but he was afraid it would not help the unemployed.

Large banners inscribed "A full week's work or adequate maintenance," etc., were carried in the procession. Representatives of the different Trade Unions and working-class organisations who spoke at the meeting appealed to the people to see that Labour representatives were returned to power in the Parliament and the local public bodies so that the masses would be given fair play.

PROVINCIAL CO-OP. INSTITUTE

R. And U. S. C. Exams

The Rural and Urban Secretaries' Certificate Examinations will be held on the 22nd and 23rd October 1932, and the programme is as follows:

Saturday, (22nd Oct.) from 11 Law maximum marks being 100 and 3 p. m. to 6-0 a. m. to 2 p. m. on Co-operative and Federation, maximum marks being 100.

Sunday (23rd Oct) from 11 a.m. to 2 p.m. on Secs. I & II Co-operative Accounts, maximum marks being 100; and from 3-0 p.m. to 4-30 p.m. on Section III Co-operative Accounts, maximum marks being 50.

Fee for the above examinations will be Rs. 2 each, in the case of candidates appearing from Co-operative Schools at Poona, Dharwar and Surat and Rs. 7 each in the case of candidates other than the above. No separate fee for the Certificate will be charged.

The following centres are fixed for holding the Rural and Urban Secretaries' Certificate Examinations: Surat, Poona and Dharwar, but if 10 or more candidates are forthcoming from any District, the Headquarters of the District Branches will be declared a centre for holding the examinations.

Applications for permission to appear for the examinations should be made in prescribed printed forms specially prepared for the purpose which can be obtained either from the Hon. Secretary, Central Education Board, Provincial Co-operative Institute, Bombay, or from the Principals of Co-operative Schools at Surat, Poona and Dharwar. The applications should reach the office of the Institute on or before the 15th October 1932, through the Principals, Co-operative Schools, and applications from the district where there is no school should be forwarded through the Secretary of the District Branch of the Institute, the Secretary of the Branch being required to forward them to this office so as to reach the Hon. Secretary, Central Education Board of the Institute, on or before the 15th October 1932. Applications received after the 15th October 1932., and also applications not received in the prescribed printed forms will not be considered.

Poona Saraswati Vidyalaya

(From A Correspondent).

POONA Sept. 20.

The local Saraswati Vidyalaya, celebrated its 13th School Anniversary on Sunday when the Hon. Sir Ali Mohamedkhan Dehlavi, President of the Legislative Council presided.

The Vidyalaya is a South Indian Institution for boys and girls. It is an Anglo-Vernacular Primary School run by the South Indians in Poona. There are about 150 boys and girls on the roll. The community are anxious to convert it into a higher Primary School.

The Secretary read the report about the working of the school and thereafter the children enterained the audience with kolattam, drill, discourses and a few pieces of drama. The President then distributed the prizes and commended the excellent performance of the little children and congratulated the school board and the South Indian community for running the Institution successfully.

With a vote of thanks to the President, the function came to an end.

SOCIAL SERVICE

What Citizens Could Do

A public lecture on Social Service by Mr. A. S. P Aiyar, M.A. (Oxon), I.C.S., arranged under the auspices of the South Indian Association came off on Sunday evening at Napoo Hall, Matunga. G.I.P. Nr. K. Natrajan, who presided on the occasion introduced the lecturer.

Social service necessarily meant the expansion into the outer world, said Mr. Iyer. This surely necessitated the fostering of inter-communal interests and the cherishing of mutual hope. Creation of superiority between man and man based on the mere accident of birth and not on the personal qualities of individual was sure to be as ever the one and continual bane of society. The greatest blot on the Hindu society was the iniquity perpetrated by the upholders of the outcaste system.

"And yet what do we do in our temples?" asked the lecturer, "except worship the feet of the Brahman from where the scriptures proclaim the so-called lowest of the low sprang into existence." Mr. Aiyar exposed the calousness of the so-called superior classes, and declared that so long as such bad distinctions between man and man were allowed to thrive in a society there could certainly be no hope of salvation. He raised a strong protest against the degrading and useless practice of limiting the boundaries of the depressed brethren, the so-called "depressed classes." The best kind of social service that any man with a passion for the well-being of his fellow-creature could attempt to do was once and for all to efface this shameful blot.

Another form of social service that was urgently required to be taken up was to put a stop to the equally disgraceful custom of enforced widowhood. Voluntary sacrifice at the altar of chastity by donning the robe of eternal widowhood was certainly laudable and virtuous. But to force it down the throat of an unwilling soul was in the greatest degree nothing short of a crime. Why should enforced widowhood alone survive? Why not an enforced widowerhood? querried the lecturer.

AMERICAN COTTON MARKETS

Active Short Covering And Less Hedge Selling

WEEKLY WEATHER REPORT LESS FAVOURABLE

BOMBAY, Sept 22.

A sudden rise of 3 dollars per bale was registered on Wednesday in the New York Cotton futures.

Private crop estimates are likely to be reduced owing to a general belief of September deterioration being abnormal. Recent heavy rains are likely to check the movement of the New American crop.

Heavy liquidation and increased Southern selling improved the technical situation considerably.

There is fresh speculative buying and good demand for cloth but set-backs are probable as higher prices will attract hedge selling

Political observers anticipate some surprising announcement in financial matters over the private conversations carried on by Governor Montagu Norman with the American Treasury.

SHORT SIDE EXTREMELY DANGEROUS

BOMBAY Sept. 23.

There was heavy short covering yesterday in the New York cotton market. Bull operators were buying and the general feeling is in favour of a fair recovery after the recent decline in cotton prices.

October notices are not likely to cause any material decline but the Census Ginning report which will be issued on Friday in America will show fairly large quantity as weather for ginning and picking was favourable during the period which will be covered by the Ginning report.

The New York cotton futures market was active and strong on general buying influenced by strength of Wall-Street and less favourable crop conditions. The market opened at a rise of 10 to 12 points, which level was the lowest for the day. There was heavy buying throughout the day and the market closed at about the highest level of the day at a rise of 55 to 60 points. Spot cotton prices were raised 55 points at 7.50c.

The New Orleans Cotton futures market was active and closed at a rise of 57 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 57 points at 7.38c.

The Liverpool cotton futures market closed steady at a rise of 2 to 3 points and advanced further on buying influenced by reports of excessive rains in the American Central cotton belt. Later on the market was featureless. Upto the last hour the tone was the best on strong cotton and stock markets. The market closed steady at a rise of 14 to 15 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices advanced 8 points at 5.67d.

East Indian cotton futures ruled very steady and closed at a rise of 14 points. Egyptian cotton futures were steady and closed at a rise of 18 to 12 points.

The Alexandria cotton futures market was fairly active steady and closed at a rise of 28 to 13 points.

POLITICAL DEVELOPMENTS.

Messrs. Thos Smith and Co. state:—

Excessive rains caused active short covering and hedge selling was light. Private crop estimates are again being reduced to around 107 lacs bales and a better spot demand is reported from Japan. The general improvement yesterday in all commodities is ascribed to the legal success of the new Mayor Mr. McKee and thereby reviving confidence in the Republican Party.

The Democratic party's views as expressed by Governor Roosevelt indicating an International Conference to devise measures to counteract trade depression with particular reference to silver also helped to strengthen commodity prices. Political observers anticipates some surprising announcement in financial matters over the private conversations carried on by Governor Montagu Norman with the American Treasury and subsequent deliberations between the American Ambassador Mr. Mellon and the British Premier.

They opine some financial measures are essential to stop any possible breach in the National Government owing to the Liberals threat over the Ottawa Tariff proposals. The political situation is pregnant with many possibilities for general trade improvement and we believe the short side is to be deprecated as it is extremely dangerous.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. Octobr Highest 7.39 (2-59 p.m.) lowest 6.90 (Opening.)

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Freinds:—

Liverpool. Scattered buying on less favourable weather and forecasts.

New York. Broader trade Commission House demand. Fewer hedges. Scattered rains Eastern belt. Strong stocks.

New York. General covering movement owing to oversold market. Bull operators buying. Would not be surprise to see a fair recovery after the decline just seen. There is more desire to buy than for some time. Do not think circulation of notices will cause any material decline. Ginnings expected heavy.

New York. Cotton—United States Government weekly weather report unfavourable. Warm weather and sunshine needed. Scarcity of contracts. Southern selling have become smaller. Market oversold We expect an active market with a wide fluctuations. but feel bullish on the whole.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables:—

9-15 a.m.: Eastern belt heavy rains

11-11 a.m.: Liverpool market steady on further heavy rains.

12-30 p.m.: Between midnight and daylight, cool nights. Scattered showers Alabama.

5-00 p.m.: Advance due improved stock market, poor weekly weather and decreased hedges with smaller estimate October considered not unlikely but setback probable.

9-33 p.m.: General belief September deterioration abnormal improved stocks and commodities encouraging fresh speculative and cloth buying.

Weekly Government weather report less favourable than expected.

Messrs. Breul and Co., have received the following cable dated 21st inst. (5-10 p.m.) rofm their Liverpool friends Messrs. Reynold and Gibson:&

"Consider recent drastic decline has placed market in sound condition and ready to respond any as constructional featurr.

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, Sept. 21.

October	7.37+.57
December	7.48+.55
January 1933 ...	7.56+.57
March 1933 ...	7.65+.57
Middling Spot, ...	7.50+.55

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, Sept. 21.

October	7.38+.51
December	7.52+.57
Middling Spot. ...	7.38+.57

New York, Sept. 21.

New York 10-55 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time).

October	7.07
January	7.24
March	7.37

New York. Noon Call.—

October	7.08
January	7.26
March	7.37

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.
New York Sept. 21.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports. 30,000 bales.

Day's Exports to Great Britain 6,000 bales.

Day's Exports to the Continent 21,000 bales.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.
Liverpool, Sept. 21.

	15-10 a.m. Quotations	To-day's Price.
September 1932	.....	5.53+.14
October 1932	5.42	5.53+.14
November 1932	.....	5.51+.14
December 1932		5.51+.14
January 1933	5.40	5.52+.14
February 1933	.....	5.54+.15
March 1933	5.44	5.56+.15
April 1933	.....	5.57+.15
May 1933	5.46	5.59+.15
June 1933	.....	5.60+.15
July 1933	5.49	5.61+.14
August 1933	.....	5.62+.15
September	.....J	5.62+.15
Middling Spot	.....	5.67+.08

Smart Rise In Bombay Cotton

BOMBAY Sept. 22.

In sympathy with a rise of 57 points in New York futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 222|- for Broach A|M. delivery and advanced to Rs. 224|12 on scattered buying and short covering. At this level some advices received from Poona regarding Mahatmaji's health caused nervousness and a prominent operator sold freely which depressed prices to Rs. 222/4. Liverpool market opened strong at a rise of 35 points and prices in the local market advanced to Rs. 227. Later on Liverpool was 24 points up only which influenced selling and prices declined to Rs. 224. Liverpool market again improved which caused renewed buying and the market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

	Rs. as.
Broach A./M.	227 8
Oomera D./J.	205 4
Bengal D./J.	184 0

SAMPIN QUOTATIONS.

	Bombay, Sept. 22.
September	174.80+15.80
December	180.60+12.60
March	185.90+11.80

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.
Bombay, Sept. 22.

F. P. Bales.	1932/33	1931/32
Receipts to date 21/9/32	1011000	859000
Receipts Yesterday 21/9/32	3000	27000
Exports toadate 21/9/32	907000	524000
Stock at Ports 16/9/32	3420000	2924000
Stock Interior Towns 16/9/32	1344000	748000
Stock Liverpool 16/9/32	792000	837000
Visible Supply 16/9/32	6708000	5068000
Quantity in Sight 16/9/32	1258000	1043000
Quantity out of Sight 16/9/32	1353000	1187000

READY COTTON SALES.
Bombay, Sept. 22.

50 G G Kesha & Co. Hissar 171½
132 Viram Ladha Manmar 35 off to Broach.
100 K Devchand & Co. Laherigaga 182 3/4
100 Breul & Co. Kotkapura 182
100 P R Vakharia Nabha 189
200 Currimbhai Khurja 47 off to Broach.
100 Do. Karvan 10 off to Broach.
100 B Karshandas Panjab American 213
300 Narshi Nagshi Khandesh 183/188
100 B Damodar Wun 216 1/2
100 Tata & Co. Dakor 224 1/4
50 Anandlal Poddar Hinganghat 10 off to Broach.
100 Mithabhai Nathoo Budhlada 180

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.
Bombay, Sept. 22.

Bengal Superfine	200
Bengal Fine	195
Bengal F.G.	190
Sindh-Punjab Fine	195
Sindh-Punjab F.G.	190
Wardha-Hingh Fine	215
Nagpur Savner Fine	217
Yeotmal Fine	208
Arvi Fine	208
Ellichpur Fine	207
Amraoti Fine	205
Khamgaon-Akola Fine	205
Mulkapur Fine	200
Khandesh Fine	200
Muthia F.G.	175
Jalna-Sailu F.G.	195
Burwah Sanavad F.G.	208
Ujjain-Shujaulpur F.G.	208
Broach F.G.	218
Punjab-American	215
Punjab-American mix	200
Cambodia	265
Miraj-Sangli	225
Compta Good	230
Bagalkot	215
Jinja	320
Busoga	360
Kampala	335

COTTON TEJIMANDI.
Bombay, Sept. 22.

	Rs.	as	p.
Broach A./M. 1933.			
Double options	35	0	0
Teji Fixed Basis Rs. 250	14	8	0
Teji Fixed Basis Rs. 275	9	4	0
Teji Fixed Basis Rs. 300	6	8	0

GERMAN BANK RATE

LONDON. Sept 21.

Berlin.—The Reichsbank discount rate has been reduced to 4 per cent. from five per cent. and Lombard (credit on mortgaged papers) has been reduced to five per cent. from six per cent.—Reuter.

BANK RATE

Bombay, Sept. 22.

The Imperial Bank of India rate of interest on demand loans on Government paper remains unchanged at four per cent.—A.P.

COTTON DISPUTE

—:o:—

No Hope Of Early Settlement

LONDON, Sept. 22.

Failure to find a solution of the wages question has resulted in a setback to the Lancashire cotton peace negotiations.

The position is now one of a deadlock with a gap of 8 pence between the reduction which the operatives are prepared to concede and that demanded by the employers. There is now no prospect of the strike ending this week.—Reute

COTTON STRADDLES

Approximate Differences

New York-Liverpool: Oct 409; Jan 388 March 387.

Bombay-Liverpool Broach A/M (223) Liverpool May (5.79) Rs. 29¼ at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay-New York: Broach A/M (2.23) New York May (7.81) Rs. 27¾ at 3.46 1/16 Cross Rate.

AMERICAN COTTON CROP

Latest Weather Report

Heavy rains Western Belt and Oklahoma. Entire Belt partly cloudy. Weekly weather report unfavourable.

EGYPTIAN COTON.
Liverpool, Sept. 21.

Sakellaridis October	8.07
November	8.23
December	8.21
January 1933	8.31
March	8.39
May	8.47
July	8.56
F. G. F. Spot	8.50

INDIAN COTTON
Liverpool, Sept. 21.

Broach Fully Good (Good Staple)	5.26
Broach Fine (Good Staple)	5.38
Broach Superfine (Good Staple) C.P.	5.50
Oomra Good (No. 1 Staple)	5.24
Oomra Superfine (No. 1 Staple)	5.38
Oomra Choice (No. 1 Staple)	5.54
Bengal Good	4.38
Bengal Fully Good	4.48
Bengal Fine	4.58
Scinde Fully Good	4.48
Scinde Fine	4.58
Scinde Superfine	4.68

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.
London, Sept. 21.

	£
Chartered Bank of I A. & C.	13-7/8
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank London register	116
P. & O. Banking Corporation	7-1/2
National Bank of India	41-1/2
Funding Loan 4 p.c.	110
Conversion Loan 3½ p.c.	99
Rupee Paper 3½ p.c.	51
Indian Stock 3 p.c. Sterling Loan	70
Indian Stock 3½ p.c. Sterling Loan	82
Indian Stock 4½ p.c. Sterling Loan	103-1/2
Consols 2½ p.c.	73-1/4
War Loan 5 p.c.	100-3/8
Victory Bonds 4 p.c.	107-1/2

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.
Bombay, Sept. 22.
RECEIPTS.

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday.	Since 1st Sept. This year.
Khandesh	263	6,978
Central India	341	5,100
Barsi and Nagar	343	5,746
Hyderabad-Gaorani	54	1,793
Berar	487	10,553
Central Provinces	99	2,094
Total Oomras	1,587	32,264
Dholera	2,096	27,541
N.-W. Provinces	.....	748
Rajutana	206	4,379
Sind-Punjab	114	1,588
Broach	160	2,972
Coompta & Dharwar	418	14,508
Westerns-Northerns	602	18,029
Cocoanada	.....	.....
Tinnevelly and Campodia	1,053	3,103
Persian	.....	656
Ameridan	.....	2,063
Egyptian & African	.....	7,716
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	.....	.....
Total	6,236	115,567

EXPORTS.
Bombay, Sept. 22.

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday.	1st Sept. to 15th Sept. This year
Europe	1,127	5,999
Japan & China	200	47,948
Coast Ports	.....	125
Up-country by Rail	.....	4,298
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan	.....	15,306
Total	1,327	73,676

NEW YORK SUGAR MARKET

Stronger Tectnicals

BETTER DEMAND FOR ACTUAL

New York, Sept. 22.

A private cable received from New York States that Postponement of holding sugar practically a certainty. Better demand for actual. Stronger technical position. Think well of the market and would keep long for the present. Local trading market.

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET.
London, Sept. 21.

Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25—

C and F Calcutta Sept|Dec per cwt. 8 sellers.

C and F Bombay Sept|Dec per cwt. 8|0-1|2 sellers.

C and F Karachi Sept|Dec per cwt. 8|0-1|2 sellers.

LINSEED.
London, Sept. 21.

Linseed Calcutta (London) ton £11-7-6 Sept|Oct sellers.

Linseed La Plata, C I F Hull ton £9-7-6 Sept|Oct.

Linseed Bombay, (London) £12 Sept|Oct nominal.

LINSEED OIL.
London, Sept. 21.

Linseed oil, naked London cwt. 17|6 Oct|Dec paid and sellers.

Linseed oil, naked London cwt. 18|6 Jan|Apl sellers.

COFFEE—NEW YORK MARKET
New York, Sept. 21.

Fair Rio Cocee (No. 7 quality) Spot 8-1|2.

MORE "EGYPT" GOLD

LONDON, Sept. 21.

For the fourth time this year, the Italian salvageship "Artiglio" has arrived at Plymouth with a cargo of gold and silver salvaged from the wreck of the liner "Egypt". The latest haul is worth £90,000, bringing up the specie hitherto recovered to £650,000.

The "Artiglio" is resuming the salvage operations on September 23.—Reuter.

SILVER MARKET

BOMBAY, Sept. 22.

Yesterday London Silver market closed at a rise of 1|16d to 17-11|16d and the New York market closed 1|8 up at 27-5|8 cts. while September delivery advanced 33 points at 27.95. Our market ruled steady with a limited turnover of business. The feeling is in favour of improvement. There is little or no business in gold

Ready Silver	56	2	0
Bhadrva	56	1	0
Aso delivery	56	6	0
Sovereigns	18	6	6

EGYPT COTTON MOVE

LONDON, Sept. 22.

The Cairo correspondent of the "Financial Times" learns from a reliable source that the Egyptian Government are contemplating the rescinding of the recent decree under which the cotton cultivation has been restricted to one-third of the total average previously allowed.—Reuter.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.
Bombay, Sept. 22.

	Bales.
Khandeish	263
Central India	341
Barsi-Nugger	343
Hyderabad-Gaorani	54
Berar	487
Central Provinces	99
Dhollera	2,003
Rajputana	206
Sind-Punjab	114
Broach	160
Compta-Dharwar	418
Westerns-Northerns	602
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	1,053
	Cwts.
Wheat	13,313
Linseed	14,054
Rape, Rai & Mustardseeds	351
Gingellyseed	74
Poppyseed	408
Groundnut	3,765
Castorseed	3,622
Rice	1,375
Myrabollams	282
Cottonsted	2,722
Mowraseed	1,022
Gram	206
Joowar	48
Barley	678
Bajree	2,255
	Tons.
doal	282

LONDON PRODUCE
London, Sept. 21.

Cottonseed Bombay Hull ton no offers.

Castorseed Bombay Hull ton £12-10-0 Sept|Oct sellers.

Rapeseed Torio, Hull|Continent £11-17-6 Sept|Oct sellers.

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

PRICES REACT ON REPORTS OF WEAKNESS IN MAHATMA'S HEALTH

Scattered Buying And Selling

Bombay, Sept. 22.

The Share Bazar remained open for one hour to-day. Prices opened higher compared with the last closing in sympathy with a rise in cotton prices. There was scattered buying which resulted in a small improvement but later on prices reacted on reports of weakness in Mahatmaji's health. The general feeling is bullish and the undertone of the market is healthy.

Bombay Dyeings opened at 670 and closed about unchanged. Fazuls started at 267/8 and finished at 272/8. Nagpores opened at 268/12 and finished at 273/12. Kohinoors were again prominent and finished at 138/2. Bombay Burmas were done at 346/12 and closed at 354/6. Tata Steel ordys. were done at 25/8 at the outset and closed at 26/2. Indian Cements closed at 174/6. Andhras were in request at 1085. Hydros finished at 126/9 and Powers came to business at 671/4. Central Banks changed hands at 16/2.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.
Bombay, Sept. 22.

Bombay Dyeing 671. 73, 70, 71.
Century 206. 8, 6. 7.
Colaba 72.
Crescent N 42.
Fazul 270. 69 72.
Indore 348.
Madhowji 7
Nagpur 267. 73.
New Great 118. 16.
Pearl 148. 50. 45-10.
Simplex 47 N
Swadeshi 206. 11
Burma 346. 54.
Hydro X.D. 125. 26.
Tram 108-2 108-7.
Deff N. 225.
Ord 25-8. 26-4. 26-2.
Bundi 13-12 14.
Indian 172. 74.
Katni Ord 152.
Alcock 121.

TEXTILE SECTION	
Ahmedabad Advance	295-0
Apollo Mills	0-12
Bombay Dyeing	671/4
Century	207/8
Central India	273/12
Colaba Land	70/0
Crescent	42/8
Dawn Mills	485
E. D. Sassoon	0-3½
Elphinstone	1/8
Ebrahim Paganey	80/0
Edward Sassoon	25
Finlay	85
Fazulbhoy	272/8
Gokak	111/4
Hindustan	1462/8
Indian Manufg.	1262/8
Indian Bleaching	141/4
Indore/Malwa	347/8
Kastoorchand	7/0
Khatau	68/12
Kohinoor	138/2
Lakshmi	950
Morarjee	400
Madhavjee	7/6
Model Nagpore	60-0
Mysore	105-0
New City	43-12
New Great	116/4
Pearl	145/10
Phoenix	285
Sholapur	1950
Sholapur Deb. (94 F.P.)	93-8
Sassoon Silk	45
Swan	55-0
Simplex	47/8
Swadeshi	211/4
Tata Mills	15-0
Vishnu	1500
HYDRO & ELECTRIC SECTION.	
Ahmedabad Electric	123-12
Andhra Valley Ord.	1085
Andhra Valley Pref.	1061/4
Bombay Tram Ordy.	108/12
Bombay Tram Pref.	67-4
Broach Electric	8
Karachi Electic	150/0
Surat Electric	117/8
Suburban Electric	100/0
Tata Hydro Ord. xd.	126/9
Tata 8 p.c. Deb.	107/4
Tata Power Ordy.	672/8
Tata Power Pref.	1230
MISCELLANEOUS SECTION.	
Alcock Ashdown	121/4
Br. Burma Petrol	2/15
Bombay Burma Old	356/4
Bombay Burma New	126/4
Bombay Steamer	214/6
Bombay Telephone	56-4
Bombay 6½ p.c. Deb.	52/14
Bellapur Sugar	120-10
Indian Radio Ordy.	270
Indian Radio Defd.	260
Indian Mercantile	29/12
McKenzies	60-0
New India Assurance	18-12
Jupiter Insurance	6-2
Oriental Insurance	1945
Vulcan Insurance	5-4
Port Canning	560-0
Scindia Steam	7/11
Tata Construction	46
Tata Iron & Steel Ordy.	26/2
Tata Iron & S. Def.	225
Tata 1st Pref.	118-12
Tata 2nd Pref.	42/0
Tata Oil	16/0
RAILWAY SECTION.	
Ahmedabad Prantej	615
Amritsar Patti Ord.	88-12
Central Provinces	68
Dhond Bharamati	73/0
Gujarat	50
Hoshiarpur Doab	68
Larkhana	76-0
Mandra Bhon	54
Mymensing Rebate	66
Mymensingh Gtd.	66
Pachora Jamner	50
Sara Sirajgunj	67
Sialkot Narowall	72
Sind Light	46-0
Tapti Valley	606-4
Upper Sind Light	62
BANK SECTION.	
Bank of India	89/8
Baroda Bank	70-8
Bombay Provincial	53
Central Bank	16/2
Eastern Bank	60
Imperial F.P.	1137-8
Imperial P. P.	285/10
Union Bank	3/6
CEMENT SECTION.	
Bundi Cement	14/0
Indian Cement	174/6
Katni Cement Ordy.	152-8
Katni Cement Defd.	500
Punjab Cement Ordy.	8-2
Punjab Cement Pref.	10-4
Shahabad Cement	185
Shivrajpur	17/4
United Cement	75

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Sept. 22.

	Rs.
3 1|2 p.c. G.P. Notes	68-10
4 p.c. 1931|36 Conv.	96-12
4 p.c. 1934|37 Loan	95-12
4 p.c. 1960|70 Loan	78-14
4 1|2 p.c. 1934 Bonds	99-12
4½ p. c. 1955/60 Loan.	89-14
5 p.c. 1939|44 Loan	98-11
5 p.c. 1930|44 Loan	99
5 p.c. 1940|43 Loan	99- 1
5 p.c. 1935 Bonds	100- 8
5½ p. c. 1930/40 Loan.	102-4
6 1|2 p.c. 1933|36 Bonds	101-12
6 1/2 p.c. 1935 T Bonds	104/8
TAX FREES	
5 p.c. 1945/55 Loan	104/10
5 p. c. 1933 Bonds.	101-7
6 p.c. 1932 Bonds	105-11
6½ p. c. 1935 B. D. L.	105-11
STATE LOANS	
5 1|2 p.c. 1938 Mysore	103- 4
5 p.c. 1955 Mysore	102- 4
CORPORATION LOANS. Taxable.	
4 p.c. B.P.T. 1974	73- 8
4 p. c. M. Deb. 1974	73-0
5 p.c. M.Deb. 1959	90
6 p. c. K. P. T. 1956	103-0
6 p. c. K. P. T. 1956	103-
6 1|2 p.c. B.I.T. 1937	103- 8

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.
London, Sept. 21.

Bank Bills—
3 months 1-37|64 p.c.
6 months 1-51|64 p.c.
Fine Trade Bills—
3 months 2-1|2 p.c.
6 months 2-3|4 p.c.

LONDON METAL.
London, Sept. 21.

	£
Copper Braziers	46
Yellow Metal	39-1/2
Spelter Hard Indian Brands	14-7/8
Corrugat Sheets 24 Gauge	9-7/16
Tin English Ingot	154-1/2

LONDON GOLD.
Bars Gold Fine per oz £5-18-10
London, Sept. 21.

Interest—
Day to Day Loan 1|2 p.c.
7 Days' Market Loan 5|8 p.c.

WHEAT—BALTIC EXCHANGE.
London, Sept. 21.

Rozario Santa Fe, per 64 lb. Cargoes 26|6 Sept|Oct sellers.

Barletta Russo, per 64 lb. Cargoes 26|6 Sept|Oct sellers.

Wheat South Australian Parcels 29|- Sept|Oct sellers.

Wheat Choice White Karachi Parcels no offers.

THE TATA OIL MILL'S QUOTATIONS.

Ex. Godown.
Bombay, Sept. 22.

Filtered Cocoanut Oil Ready. Rs. 400 per ton.

Filtered Cocoanut Oil per case of 84 lbs. Rs. 22 per case.

Filtered Til Seed Oil Rs. 19 per case of 84 lbs.

Cocoanut Cake Ready Rs. 95 per ton.

THE SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION.
Bombay, Sept. 22.

Castorseeds September Delivery. Opening Rs. 33/8; Closing Rs. 33/8.

Castorseeds May Delivery. Opening Rs. 34/9; Highest Rs. 35/0/6; Lowest Rs. 34/5/6; Closing Rs. 34/14.

Groundnut seeds February, Opening Rs. 36; Hight Rs. 36/6; Lowest Rs. 35/14; Closing Rs. 36.

LONDON RUBBER.
London, Sept. 21.

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed lb. Spot 2-5|8 sellers.

City And Suburbs

TO-DAY.

Hindu—Bhadarna Vad 8, 1988.
Muslim—Jamadil Avval 21, 1351
Parsi—Jamadil Arval 21, 1351.
Sunrise—6h. 27m.
Sunset—6h. 36m.
High Tide—5-09, 16-09.
Low Tide—12-30, 22-54.
Phases of Moon—Last Quarter to-day (Friday) 6h. 17m. a.m. New moon 30th Sept. 11h. 0m. a.m. First Quarter 7th Oct. 1h. 35m. a.m.

Rovers Cup Football.—Replay Royal Fusiliers vs. 89th Field Battery R. A., Cooperage 5-30 p.m.
W.I.A.A. Dinner at Western India Turf Club.

SATURDAY, September 24.

S.S. Malwa, with homeward mails sails at 1 p.m.
Rovers Cup Football:—Royal Irish Fusiliers vs. Green Howards, Cooperage, 5-30 p.m.

SUNDAY, Sept. 25.

Hockey Trial Match, Cooperage, 5-30 p.m.

MONDAY, Sept. 26.

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.
Rovers Cup Football:—Cameron, Highlanders vs. Bombay Football Club, Cooperage, 5-30 p.m.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR—"Reckless Living". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EMPIRE—"The Imanoffs" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EMPRESS—"Dames Ahoy". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL.—John Barrymore, Lionel Barrymore and Karen Morley in "Arsene Lupin" M.G.M. drama in 9 reels, also a two part Comedy and the latest news of the world. Daily at 6.30 & 10 p.m. Matinees at 4 p.m. on Saturday & Sunday.
RIALTO—"Ben Hur." Daily at 3-30 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Unholy Garde" . Daily at 3-30; 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Shyam Sunder." Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10 p.m.
GLOBE—"Branded Oath". Daily at 5-30; 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee Friday 3 p.m.
THE PALACE—(Byculla) "Frankenstein:" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Delicious." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

TO-DAY'S INDAN RADIO PROGRAMME—12 noon selection of Gramophone Records; 7 p.m. classical and light music by P. N. Dewoolkar; 9 p.m. News in Hindi; New York opening, Liverpool closing and Bombay current Rates.

PLEASE NOTE THE CHANGE IN TIMINGS

THE RIALTO

DAILY AT 3-30 6-15 & 9-30 P.M.

THE WORLD'S GREATEST DRAMATIC SPECTACLE!

BEN-HUR

with

RAMON NOVARRO

AND A CAST OF 150,000

You Must See it AT LEAST ONCE!

BHAGWAT MEMORIAL FREE CLASSES.—Mr. Rege will deliver a lecture on "The First Aid" today (Friday) at 5-45 p.m. (S.T.) in the hall of the Maratha High School, Girgaum.

GRANT COLLEGE MEDICAL SOCIETY—The monthly meeting of the Society will be held at the Grant Medical College, Physiological Laboratory, to-day (Friday) at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.)

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.—The P & O Mail Steamer "Chitral" with the Mails from Bombay of 17th instant arrived at Aden at 10-30 p.m. on the 21st instant and left there at 3 a.m. the following day.

WEEKLY KHADI & SWADESHI BAZAARS.

Under the auspices of the Parsi Swadeshi Bazaar Committee there will be a Khadi and Swadeshi Bazaar at the Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall on Saturday and Sunday from 4 to 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) Admission is free.

"THE HISTORY OF GUJARAT" —Prof. M. S. Commisariat, I.E.S., Gujarat College, Ahmedabad, will deliver lecture V of his course of lectures on "The History of Gujarat," in the Lecture Room of the South Wing, University Buildings, to-day (Friday) at 6-15 p.m. The subject of his lecture is "The historical antiquities of some ancient cities of Gujarat and Kathiawar" (illustrated by lantern lectures). The Hon. Mr. Justice Mirza Ali Akbar Khan will preside.

MOTION PICTURE SOCIETY OF INDIA—The Motion Picture Society of India proposes to hold a series of lectures on different subjects connected with the film industry. The first of the series of lectures, "The Scientific Basis of Talkies," by Prof. G. R. Paranjpye, I.E.S., will be held in the premises of the Royal Institute of Science to-day (Friday) at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.) The lecture will be illustrated.

"ANAVILS & BAPU'S FAST."

An over-crowded meeting of the Anavils of Bombay and Suburbs was held under the auspices of the Anavil Youth League, in the Marwari Vidyalaya Hall on Tuesday last, under the presidentship of Dr. J.L. Desai—where resolutions concerning the wholesale removal of Untouchability, throwing open the doors of Shukleshwar Mahadev-Anaval, wishing a long life to Gandhiji, emphatic appeal to every member of the community to do his level best for the cause, were unanimously passed.

SWADESHI INDUSTRIES:—It is proposed to start an Industrial Club with a view to encourage Swadeshi industry and facilitate communication and contact between persons having ideas, means and facilities for advancing the cause of cottage industries.

Those interestel in the subject are requested to communicate their suggestions on the subject to Mr. B. M. Kamdar at his office at 80/82 Esplanade Road.

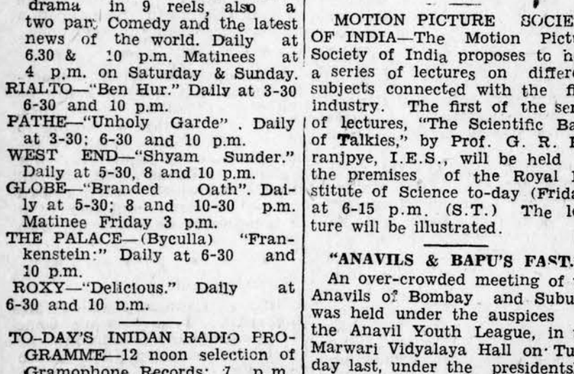
PROF. WADIA'S LECTURE.

Prof. P. A. Wadia, M.A., will deliver a public lecture on Friday, September 23, at 6-30 p.m. at the Central Institute of Banking and Commerce, (second floor of the Central Bank Building) on the "League of Nations."

PATHE CINEMA

STILL THE BEST THEATRE IN BOMBAY.

EVERY DAY: 3-30, 6-30 & 10.



SAMUEL GOLDWYN PRESENTS RONALD COLMAN IN "THE UNHOLY GARDEN"

with FAY WRAY • ESTELLE TAYLOR • WARREN HYMER
A GEORGE FITZMAURICE ... PRODUCTION

ALSO SHOWING:

MICKEY MOUSE

UNITED ARTISTS PICTURE

BOOK NOW AT ROSES OR AT THE THEATRE.

Cecil Mendoza Brilliantly Interprets Great Masters

The audience at the Cowasji Jehangir Hall last evening for Mr. Cecil Mendoza's recital was disappointing, but the recital was not. It fulfilled the expectations roused by the opinions of Mr. Mendoza's playing that preceded his return from Europe.

Mr. Mendoza is still young—he looks quite boyish—and he has not acquired the inspiration of the complete artist who has found his soul. But of his technical skill, the power of his attack, his grasp of the key-board and his mastery of the most intricate difficulties which the most formidable compositions can present, there is no question. He has the makings of a great pianist, if he is not one already, and he does not allow a moment's relaxation of one's attention while he is playing; not merely because his skill is superlative but because he attacks everything he undertakes with originality and plays all the time with distinction and understanding.

Bach, Beethoven and Chopin—these are the three giants whose works apply the test to the interpreter in the three great branches of musical composition—the religions, the dramatic and the romantic. Mr. Mendoza was in the right mood for each and showed understanding and sympathy in each—the cold, classical beauty of the Bach Italian Concerto, the rugged tragedy of Beethoven's expression of his own mental and physical anguish, the mournful beauty of Chopin's Ballade in A flat and the joyous elation and brilliance of the same master's famous Coronation Polonaise, were all realised.

No great pianist ever reaches the zenith of his greatness till his middle age. Cecil Mendoza will live to be great if he does not fall into the academic rut.

The other items were fireworks and flummery—Erik Satie's "Gymnospedie," an Etude of Debussy and a "concert-paraphrase" of Mendelsohn's "Wedding March," which was something like redecorating the rococo. Artists should avoid this sort of pandering to the vulgar taste.

The evening was enlivened by the singing of Mrs. E. Grainger, Miss Hyacinthe Mendoza and Mr. M. F. deSouza. The first has a Medzo-soprano of rich quality. I quite enjoyed her rendering of "Still Wie Die Nacht", but would have liked it better with the German words. But she is too good a singer for such rubbishy composition as "Love's an auctioneer" and "Dorothy Perkin Rose". I don't know why people tolerate this sort of stuff. It has no musical merit and the words of the songs are positively silly.

Miss Hyacinthe Mendoza pleased the audience with a rather nervous rendering of "Le Chant Hindou." She has a taking voice and could do better with more confidence.

There was also an orchestra but why, I don't know.

A notable feature of this excellent and enjoyable concert was the almost entire absence of Europeans in the audience, who were represented almost exclusively by Lady Beaumont, Mrs. Blackwell and myself,—and I am half an Indian. The same thing was to be noticed at Lomelino da Sylva's recital.

Are we to assume that there is a boycott of talented musicians with Portuguese names in the European community?

B. G. H.

CONCERT IN AID OF GIRLS' SCHOOL

Appeal For Public Support

A Correspondent writes:—

"The Lokmanya Rashtriya Kanyashala, a national institution for girls, established in 1921 is badly in need of funds. It is giving necessary training to girls from the 1st standard to the 6th, for physical culture, domestic science, painting, music, drawing, embroidery, etc., with the aid of well-trained lady teachers.

It is at present very badly in need of funds, and, therefore the school board has arranged a concert in its aid on Monday (26th instant) at 7 p.m. at the Royal Opera House.

Tickets and Plans are available with Mr. Rustomji Nowroji Bapasola, Hon. Secretary, Lokmanya Rashtriya Khanyashala, 62, Forbes St., Fort, Bombay.

Tickets cost from Rs. 15, 10, 7/8, 5, 3, 2 & 1.

Those who desire to give donations may send them to Mr. Bapasola at the above address.

Convicted For Running Gambling House

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Namdeo Pando and Shanker Bapuji, were to-day sentenced to a fine of Rs. 90 and Rs. 20 respectively by Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum, for running a gambling house and assisting in doing so, at Khetwadi 6th Lane.

Sub-Inspector Parab of the Lamington Road Police Station giving evidence for the prosecution said that on receiving information that a gambling house was being run at Khetwadi, he raided the place last night. When he entered the house, the above two accused were sitting there. On seeing the police the second accused ran hid himself in the Lavatory where he was arrested by the police. Some money, including a marked coin sent by the police by a bogus puntel and betting slips were found with the first accused.

While a panchnama was being prepared, about ten persons entered into the room with betting slips and money. One after another, they were arrested by the police as they entered.

All the ten persons who were arrested later were also put on the charge sheet charged with taking part in gambling.

The Magistrate in acquitting the latter ten persons, remarked that the house ceased to be a gambling house, after it was raided by the police, and hence the police could not charge the ten accused with gambling.

The magistrate, however, found the first accused guilty of keeping a gambling hoese, and the second with assisting in running the house and sentenced them as above.

CONGRESS HANDBILLS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A sentence of six months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 100 was given to Indrasingh Ramsingh, who was arrested near the shop of Narotam Girdhar, a druggist, in Shaikh Memon Street on Wednesday. Evidence showed that the accused picketed the shop and distributed handbills relating to Congress activities.

The accused pleaded not guilty but he was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 100 on each count, sentences to run concurrently.

LONDON/NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotation

(Special Service for the "Chronicle.")

T. T. ON LONDON

New York, Sept. 22.	
To-day's Closing	3.46 1/16
Previous Closing	3.46 1/4

T. T. ON NEW YORK

London, Sept. 22.	
Previous Closing	3.46 1/4
To-day's Opening	3.46 1/8
To-day's Closing	3.46 1/4

LATEST COTTON PRICES

(Cotton Information Bureau. 21, Ismail Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay).

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET. OCTOBER.

New York, Sept. 22.	
Previous Closing Rate	7.37
To-day's Opening Rate	7.55
Difference	+.18
To-day's Closing Rate	7.39
Difference	+.02

BROACH EXPECTATIONS

April-May	Rs. 221

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET OCTOBER

Liverpool, Sept. 22.	
Previous Closing Rate	5.53
To-day's Opening Rate	5.88
Difference	+.35
To-day's Closing Rate	5.80
Difference	+.27

LONDON SILVER MARKET.

London, Sept. 22.	
Silver Ready	18 7/16
Higher	6 Annas.
Silver Forward	18 3/16
Higher	6 Annas.

Market: China bought.

BOMBAY MARKET

Bombay, Sept. 22.			
Silver Ready	56	4	0
Silver Bhadarva	56	4	0
Silver Aso	56	8	0
Silver Kartak	56	14	0
Gold	29	4	0
Guinea	18	6	0

HUMOURS OF AMERICAN ELECTIONS

Advent Of "Gland Candidate

(BY MAIL.)

New York.—"The party, fellow citizens, offers, you for the Presidency a man with active adrenal and pituitary glands, a man who——"

The rest of the sentence is drowned in a chorus of cheers, and the applause becomes deafening when there is thrown upon the screen a huge picture of the candidate, with lines and words identifying the various glands and noting how vigorously they are working and how well qualified to be an executive this individual is, glandularly speaking.

Such manifestions as this may be expected in future Presidential campaigns if the recommendations of Dr. A. S. Blumgarten as made in a special demonstration course of the Columbia University Summer Session, are taken seriously by the country and are followed in politics.

Even now, Dr. Blumgarten acknowledged in his office at 9 East knowledged in his office at 9 East lar fitness of the present candidates for the Presidency is known to the authorities on glands and is seriously reckoned with in their own choices for the office. Then and there, said the doctor, he could describe President Hoover glandularly, but he declined to do it, saying that in any discussion of glands and politics he preferred to reamin hypothetical.

It was in this way that Dr. Blumgarten insisting that he was minded to be conservative in anything having to do with the newspapers, was persuaded to say what the glandular makeup of a President should be.

He also allowed himself to be put on record as predicting that charts and affidavits on the glandular equipment of candidates may reasonably figure in future political campaigns and that there would be more sense in that than in much of the current political spellbinding.

PITUITARY ACTIVITY NEEDED.

"Certainly it would be of interest to me," he said, "and would be considered a matter of extreme importance, to learn that a candidate showed no signs of pituitary under-activity. Of course in business affairs and in the selection of executives generally, the state of the glands is taken into account even now, and has been for a long time, although in their judging of others men may not have realized it.

"For the action of the glands manifests itself in physical appearance and in manners, and the experience of every generation tends to determine the significance, in business or other activity, of the way men look and act. This is true to such an extent that certain physical types usually are recognized as indicating types of chaacter and in general such decisions are right. So I say that when businessmen sit around a table, shrewdly watching their follows, they really are sizing up one another inaccordance with the way the glands are working."

Only a little while before this interview Dr. Blumgarten had examined a young man who has amassed millions and is the head of a large investment trust company. This man he described as "pituitary plus, and adrenal plus" indicating that he might be expected to succeed as he has. Just the same, he is being created for slight glandular disturbances.

CITES NAPOLEON'S CASE.

Waterloo, as Dr. Blumgarten views it in the light of history, was due to the result of physiological change in that "active pituitary." Napoleon, whose glands had undergone normal senile alterations, so that he couldn't meet the strain—couldn't act quick ly enough. In 1929, said the doctor, it didn't matter much who was in command, but in times of strain such as the present it is important that executives be glandularly right.

"A man is as good an executive as his endocrine (internal secretion of glands) mahes him," according to Dr. Blumgarten, "if he has not the proper glandular make-up for an executive position, the public suffers."

In the opinion of Dr. Blumgarten, based partly on his experience as endocrinologist of the Lenox Hill and Lebanon Hospitals, gland composition is a complete key to personality and accurate and complete endocrine analysis of an individual would give full knowledge of his traits.

"We hope that the day will come when gland examinations will be given in schools as a matter of course, along with mental and physical examinations," said Dr. Blumgarten.

THE BOMBAY KERALEEYA SAMAJ:—The managing committee of the Bombay Keraleeya Samaj will hold a meeting at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall at 4 p.m. (S.T.) on Sunday, September 25, on the occasion of the celebration of the postponed "Bara Wafat" day. Mr. V. M. Chandavarker, Mayor of Bombay, will preside.

A CROOK WITH THE MANNERS OF A PRINCE!

JOHN BARRYMORE
LIONEL BARRYMORE

THE CAPITOL
Bombay's Leading Talkie House

with KAREN MORLEY, JOHN MILJAN

MAURICE LE BLANC'S NOVEL MYSTERY DRAMA

TO-NIGHT AT 6-30 & 10 P.M. AND EVERY NIGHT TILL FRIDAY, THE 30TH SEPTEMBER.

Arsene Lupin

A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer PICTURE

Matinee at 4 P.M. on Saturday & Sunday.

ALSO SHOWING A ROLLICKING COMEDY "THE PAJAMA PARTY"

PATHE

STILL THE BEST THEATRE IN BOMBAY.

TO-MORROW

All Jimmed Up in a Gymnasium!

When he stepped into the girls' sacred ... he walked right into something. He was the sole male in a solarium! He was an efficiency expert, but he couldn't get out of tight places. He gives you more laughs than you got in "Whoopee" . . . with more gorgeous girls to gaze upon . . . and more spectacular scenes to leave you awed!

Samuel Goldwyn presents

EDDIE CANTOR in "PALMY DAYS" with CHARLOTTE GREENWOOD

An Edward Sutherland production

A UNITED ARTISTS PICTURE

It Out-Whoops "Whoopee"

Hear the sensational new song hits: "YES, YES" and "BEND DOWN SISTER"

FREE LIST SUSPENDED.

V. J. T. I. Students' Prayer For Gandhiji

The meeting of the residents of V. J. T. T. Hostel was held on Tuesday at 7 a.m. In the beginning "Vande-Matram" was sung by Mr. Ramchandra Rao and a resolution was unanimously passed joining with the rest of India in giving expression to the universal feeling of sorrow and deep agitation at the fateful resolution of Mahatma Gandhi.

Prayer was offered to God that the country might be saved from the terrible castastrophe that is threatening her.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1932

APPEAL TO DR. AMBEDKAR

Latest reports from Poona are not reassuring. On the one hand Pundit Malaviya states that Mahatma Gandhi "is already showing signs of exhaustion," and on the other, some hitch seems to have occurred somewhere in the peace negotiations.

NEED FOR SPEED.

It is believed that Gandhiji will be available for interviews for about ten days only. It is, therefore, desirable that a settlement must be effected within the next two or three days. For, as Mr. Rajagopalachariar has done well to point out, a mere agreement among the leaders and the parties concerned will not break the fast. It has to be accepted by the Premier at least to the extent that his decision in favour of Separate Electorates for "Untouchables" may be withdrawn.

WHERE IS THE HITCH?

It is not absolutely clear, so far where precisely is the hitch in the negotiations, but, as far as Gandhiji is concerned it seems probable that he objects to that part of Dr. Ambedkar's scheme, which refers to the "primary" election for a panel of two "Depressed Class" candidates by their own communal electorate, which he is reported to have remarked retains the evil principle of a Separate Electorate.

TAINT OF SEGREGATION.

This feature has undoubtedly some of the taint of communal segregation by statute, though an attempt is made to remove that taint to some extent by means of the subsequent joint election. If that is the hitch, we would most earnestly appeal to Dr. Ambedkar not to insist on a communal election even at a preliminary stage. Through purely Joint Electorates and reservation on population basis, he can secure many more seats for his community than from the working of Government's Award.

Moreover, the deep sympathy and goodwill of the caste Hindus that he can win to-day for his community through a timely settlement will be a valuable asset to the community in the great task of abolishing Untouchability itself.

DON'T BLOCK THE ROAD.

Even partial communal representation is a positive hindrance to the speedy realisation of that ideal. We still believe that Dr. Ambedkar will refrain from blocking the road to a settlement which is otherwise so near at hand.

Never in modern times, has the Hindu society been more roused to a sense of its sinful conduct towards the "Depressed Classes' than it is now. A timely settlement will help Gandhiji and millions of his followers to end Untouchability itself in the next few years, if not months.

AN UNFORTUNATE REMARK.

In this connection we cannot but take strong exception to Mr. Birla's reported remark: "Agreement to-morrow or never and Mahatma Gandhi is showing signs of weakness." There is in this remark such an undesirable suggestion that we hope that Mr. Birla is misreported or only meant that a settlement must be effected immediately at any cost.

It would be monstrous for any Hindu to suggest seriously that, if there is no immediate settlement with the Depressed Classes, there can be no settlement hereafter.

CASTE HINDUS' DUTY.

It also shows incidentally that even Gandhiji's own exhortation and penance are wasted on those who make such a suggestion. It is the Caste Hindus who have, for ages, been guilty of responsibility for the sin of Untouchability. It is their duty to end it unconditionally.

Finally, let it never be forgotten that our dispute is primarily with Government, who are most responsible for the present plight of the country, and who, even now, hold Gandhiji a prisoner!

Damned His Own Bill!

We must confess we are not greatly impressed by the Home Member's attempted defence of what is an indefensible Bill. Mr. Haig clumsily tried to hustle the Assembly into giving its approval to the Ordinance Bill by painting a picture of red ruin through what he called the triple threat to peaceful progress. It would have been far more truthful if he had told the Assembly that the Ordinance Bill is chiefly intended to put down the Congress movement and not "Terrorism" which obtains only in some parts of India. It is not honest to confuse Terrorism and Communism with Civil Disobedience. The latter has nothing in common with the two former, and there is nothing in the Ordinances specifically directed against Communism, while as far as Terrorism is concerned different weapons have already been forged against it in Bengal, with what success the public know.

MISREPRESENTATION.

Mr. Haig ignores the fact that before the general Ordinance rule began all over the country, the "Red Shirt" movement in the North-Western Frontier Province was being rigorously suppressed and strong measures were also taken in the United Provinces to combat the "No-tax" campaign, started there by a peasantry which was starving and unable to pay rent or revenue. English journalists, who had seen with their own eyes the condition of the cultivators in the United Provinces months before the agitation started, have painted for us a pathetic picture of their hopeless economic condition and their depressing poverty. Even Sir Malcolm Hailey's Government were compelled to give large if inadequate remissions. Mr. Haig misrepresented facts to the Assembly when he said that the Ordinances were the result of the Civil Disobedience movement. The movement was a reply to the challenge of the repressive measures of Government.

UNWANTED SYMPATHY.

We are not concerned with the Home Member's sympathy for nationalism, since that sentiment has a tendency to translate itself into such repressive measures as that now before the Assembly. We are only concerned with facts. If the Bill now being discussed is not intended to put down nationalism, there is little doubt that it makes the free propagation of nationalist activities very difficult. Apart from that we do not know how the Home Member can tell the House that the Congress is almost subjugated, that no life is left in it and at the same time ask the Legislature to arm the Government with special powers to deal with political activities. But consistency was never the strong point of the Simla bureaucracy. Mr. Haig is greatly concerned for the future Government in a new constitution, as he fears that the delicate process of handing over power "from one set of hands to another" is likely to set up conditions most favourable to "revolution".

NEGATION OF STATESMANSHIP

When that process will begin or terminate none knows, but it is surely the negation of sane statesmanship to legislate for unforeseen future contingencies. A Swaraj Government will be quite well able to take care of itself without resorting to special repressive measures and Mr. Haig has hardly enhanced his reputation by such strained arguments. If the future administration is unable to carry on without these unheard-of laws, it will have no justification to exist and the sooner it disappears the better. But there is no reason to concern ourselves with the future. This legislation has not been introduced out of any concern for the new Government. It is intended to deal with an alleged emergency of the present and on that ground it has to be justified and no other.

CARLYLE OR ANYBODY.

It is easy to support repression by quoting Carlyle, or any other author for that matter, though for every such passage one can produce half-a-dozen to prove that repression has never triumphed in the end and that the people's will must prevail ultimately. If the Government are sincere in their promises to hand over the administration to Indians they can easily remove any lingering causes for repressive legislation by saying so frankly and without reserve and getting on with the job. The Home Member talked of the coming "revolution", but history ought to have taught him that, if it is coming, repression will not prevent it though it may help to hasten it. If he had studied Carlyle's history of the French Revolution a little more intelligently he would have been persuaded of the utter futility of such measures as the Government are now taking.

BETTER RECONSIDER.

The chief object of the Congress is not revolutionary. It stands for ordered government. It is repression that does more than a Civil Disobedience movement could ever do to endanger ordered government and to turn people, and especially young people, into the paths of revolution and terrorism. We hope the elected members of the Assembly will think well before they allow such "emergency" ordinances permanently to disfigure the statute book. As for the Government, their prestige would gain by a reconsideration of the decision to make repression eternal—and it is not too late for them to retrace their steps. There is no particular sanctity about Lord Irwin's views on repression, but the Home Member had to dig in any ground he could find for a justification that his own brain could not produce, with the result that he succeeded only in confirming the public view that this legislation is unnecessary, superfluous and harmful and cannot be justified. The better and wiser course is to take the people into confidence and invite their co-operation on terms of self-respect. But, whatever course Government may take, the unquestionable fact is that the Home Member's speech has damned his Bill from the outset.

AN OPEN LETTER TO MR. MACDONALD

Release Mahatmaji Unconditionally

To

The Prime Minister, H. M.'s Government of the United Kingdom and Northern Ireland.

Dear Prime Minister.

I wonder if you fully realise the position into which Mahatma Gandhi's decision "to fast unto death" has placed you. He had told you, you remember, in November last, that he would resist with his life any system of separate Electorates for our so-called Depressed Classes; but, not knowing him so well as some of your subordinates in India ought to have known him, you did not evidently understand the full significance of that utterance. He warned you and your Government once again since then; but no heed was taken of the warnings from the Wise Man of the East. And so you have been placed into a dilemma: To release, or not to release, Gandhi.

THE DILEMMA.

Shakespeare will not aid you here, nor even Sankey, the dilemma is not merely regarding the release of the Mahatma. Your dilemma is: to maintain, or not to maintain, your own decision regarding our electoral and voting arrangements under the Constitution that is to bring us a step, —only a step,—nearer Swaraj.

Do you see a way out of your dilemma? Your subordinates in India have shown you a door, which leads, beyond its threshhold, into a "cul de sac" They will release Gandhi, if he submits to the condition that he takes no part in the Civil Disobedience Movement. But Gandhi will not submit to any such conditions, officially made If you do not release him, and he succumbs to his self-imposed starvation while in custody what will India say about you?

If, on the other hand, you release him only so long as he fasts and shows symptoms of approaching collapse, you will be obliged, if you follow the logic of your official subordinates in India, to re-arrest him the moment he shows signs of carrying on what you consider to be unpermissible agitation, and the moment he seems recovered from his fast.

LESSON OF 1913.

May I remind you of the Cat-and-Mouse Act for the sufferegettes of 1913? Do you think that a worthy precedent for your present predicament? The suffragette agitation ended in a graceful surrender by the grant of franchise to women, after the War. Why not be, for once, wiser than your counsellors, wiser than your time, wiser than the makeshifts of political manouevrings, and release Gandhiji without any condition?

The Indian bureaucracy holds that the back is broken of the Civil Disobedience Movement. And Government still hold powers to cope with any new developments on the same lines, in case of a recrudescence. You run no risk which cannot be insured against, with or without a premium, if Mahatmaji is released unconditionally. And you stand a fair chance of getting Gandhiji himself to arrive at an understanding with you.

NAPOLEON'S MAXIM.

For, Mahatmaji is essentially the most moderate of our Moderates, though not bottled and labelled as the Moderate vintage. And years have mellowed him, experience has chastened him. You and your advisers do not seem to have learnt the meaning of Napoleon's maxim never to underrate one's opponent. Mahatmaji is a great General—because of his masterly retreats from untenable positions. But you do not know him: and what it does not know, British policy either dreads or despises.

Let me tell you it needs but a touch of the magic wand of reality for Gandhiji to reconsider the entire strategy. Would you learn the wisdom of events, and apply the acid test to your policy?

VITAL ISSUES.

But this, as I have told you, is a minor dilemma that confronts you to-day. The major one lies in the main question of India's Constitutional Status. Do you remember the Nursery rhyme about the House that Jack Built? Can you see its application to the present position in India? Your decision on the communal question you thought was going to be, if not final, at least absolute and indivisible. But, by singling out the one feature of Separate Electorates for the Depressed Classes of the Hindu fold, and announcing self-immolation if such a political separation is allowed Gandhiji has made the first irreparable breach in your fort.

HOPELESS MUDDLE.

Your decision was, on your own admission, never final, if the parties concerned agreed to devise a substitute. It is now proved to be neither integral, nor indivisible. By implication, all agree to treat it as dismemberable, and capable of treatment piecemeal. What will that lead to, have you considered? Take each panel by itself, re-paint it and reshape it as the parties concerned desire,—and where will be the mutual consistency, conformity, co-ordination?

And what applies to this relatively minor point of the electoral arrangements for one community 'inter se', might apply with still greater force to the principal question of the entire electoral system, and even of the entire constitutional question. Why not allow Indians to revise their present unenviable position? The Round Table Conference method has been tried twice. I know, and is to be tried once again. Why not suffer it to be tried, minus the official element, the British politician and the Anglo-Indian bureaucrat?

FAIR OFFER.

There is a chance that amongst them, and left to themselves, Indians would come to some agreement,—and so save the British from the accusation of manipulating and manouevring for their own ends. If Indians agree among themselves,—as the Australians, the South Africans and the Canadians have done,—Parliament can give effect to such agreement. If they do not,—well, what do you lose? Parliament still remains your instrument, and remain's India's "final arbiter", does it not? We lose time,—but you don't lose even that. Why not give this a trial?

Meanwhile, believe me to be,

Yours in earnest,

L R TAIRSEE.

Notes of the Day

The Impartial Referee.

With that sanctimonious air which well becomes the "Statesman" it writes about Gandhiji's fast that the "whole function of the British Government is to stand as an impartial referee and see that equal justice is done as between the castes and the outcastes." And that is the reason we suppose why the latter's interests have been neglected by giving them only about 61 seats in the whole country though they form one sixth of the total population. Did the Premier act as an "impartial referee" when he gave such a small number of Europeans in India such a large number of seats, especially in Bengal where they are to get 25 seats, as against none to the suppressed classes, who are to take their chance along with other Hindus in the general electorate? The object of the Premier driving this wedge in the Hindu community was obvious. The support for joint electorates during the last few days from suppressed classes themselves ought to have opened anybody's eyes, except those who do not want to see what is happening around them.

Consistent Blundering.

The Bombay Governor's disallowance of an adjournment motion to discuss the Government of India's statement with regard to the non-release of Mahatma Gandhi is of a piece with their behaviour during the whole of the present crisis. The effect created by the Governor that the motion would be detrimental to the public interest will not convince even the friends of Government. Obviously Government do not relish the publicity that would be given to the inevitable criticism in the Council of their treatment of Gandhiji. But even without that criticism the world knows already how egregiously Government have blundered in this matter, whether the responsibility for the blunder rests primarily on the Bombay Government, or the Government of India or the British Government. For obvious reasons the Indian public do not talk much about this just now. But let not Government mistake the present calm.

Will Government Persist?

In one of his press statements issued from Poona, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari says in unnecessarily mild terms that to keep Gandhiji still in Yeravda Jail "is not the best way of keeping him alive as long as possible." It is also said that the strain of incessant interviews and negotiations on the first day of the fast is perceptible on Gandhiji's health. If Government had at least published at once the statement which Gandhiji submitted to them on the 15th instant and which was published only yesterday, some of the interviews might have been unnecessary. Will Government still persist in refusing to release Gandhiji unconditionally?

Let Bombay Lead.

The anti-untouchability workers of Bombay deserve to be congratulated on their successful efforts in getting several temples in the City and suburbs thrown open to "Depressed Classes". Encouraged by this success, they will naturally redouble their efforts in this direction. The tide of public feeling is strong on their side, as may be fairly gauged from the fact that a ballot taken of the worshippers of a well-known temple at Thakurdwar whether or not the "untouchables" should be admitted to the temple has shown that over 4,000 of the devotees were in favour of the "untouchables" and only 13 were against. The temple entry campaign is bound to yield speedy results if all those who believe in it actively assist the campaign instead of only passively expressing their sympathy for it. Let Bombay give the lead to the country.

LONG LIFE FOR GANDHIJI

Kapoli Banias' Prayers

A meeting of the Kapole Banias was held at Hira-Bag on Tuesday at 9 p.m. under the presidentship of Sjt. Mangaldas Vithaldas Desai, Bar-at-law Among those present were Mr. Haridas Madhavdas, president of the East Indian Cotton Association, Mr. Purshottamdas Bhawanidas, the Diwan of Morbi State, Dr. J. V. Vora, Mr. Gordhandas Bhagvandas, Mr. Khushaldas Parekh and other prominent people of the Kapole Caste About 400 attended the meeting.

The President in the course of his speech exhorted the audience to wipe out the course of untouchability from the Hindu Society. He regarded the untouchability as social injustice and it would benefit India in general and the Hindu community in particular to stop this that practice, as it would save the life of Mahatma Gandhi, the world's greatest man, and as it would liberate the "Depressed Classes" Messrs. Haridas Madhavadas and Purshottamdas Goradia joined the president in condemning this sin of the Hindus—which was not even prescribed by the shastras.

Resolutions were passed praying for Mahatmaji's long life and calling upon the high-caste Hindus to remove every disability of the Depressed Classes as a first step to open the public temples to the so-called untouchables.

Tipsy Cake

There is no end to the Government's generosity to and consideration for Gandhiji. They are actually going to let him have his own medical attendant at Yerrowda if he wishes.

* * * *

Further progress in the race for Disarmament. They are getting near the cross-roads, says Uncle Arthur,—where we may remark in passing, there is proverbially "dirty work" at midnight. So there will have to be a late sitting when they get there.

* * * *

Uncle Arthur says. "a fateful decision must be taken either for peace or for renewal of the mad competition in armaments ultimately leading to war." Doesn't he really know that the decision is a foregone conclusion It's all been fixed up by the big men who make the armaments.

* * * *

If you were asked what is a cotton grower, you would probably say a man (or woman) who grows cotton. But you would be wrong. The Bombay Legislative Council on Wednesday decided that the definition of a cotton grower is, "one who may own a ginning or a pressing factory, but does not deal in forward contracts."

* * * *

But this is for "the purposes of representation on the board of directors of a recognised cotton association". You see where all this talk about the protection of the poor "cotton grower" ends.

* * * *

A correspondent, Mr. P. Sunderdao, sends us a story of a strange and even thrilling experience, which, as it conveys a warning to all, as well as tells a tale, we repeat here at his request in our "valued columns". It is all about a pin which nearly caused the author's death and such of it as is printable we give in his own words.

* * * *

First the preface.

"In my experience," writes Mr. Sunderdao. "I have mostly come across with many persons in the official circles using their mouth as a pin cushion, i.e., keeping pin in the mouth as a result of which, I have narrowly escaped a very serious accident which goes as under."

* * * *

Follows the tragi-comedy of this narrow escape told in vivid phraseology.

"While in the office, sorting certain documents, rested a long 255 pin in my mouth. When I happened to talk to another clerk to his face, and while so lifting and opening my mouth to speak, the pin I was having in my mouth got into my throat immediately, and no sooner I felt it went inside. I bowed and tried to get it out. But in vain, and meantime through my exertions it had strongly struck to throat and the pin's head was moving in the throat giving awful pain. while swallowing the saliva."

* * * *

"Immediately after five minutes. I ran in a taxi to General Hospital where the Chief Medical Officer attended on me, trying all methods of administering flexible tongs, etc., for removing the pin. But all trial methods resulted in the strong fix of the pin to the throat, causing me grievous pain even while drinking water."

* * * *

"The night passed. Next day and the third day too passed with very serious pain in my throat, actually starving the three days. By the by somebody told me to try and eat raw ladies'—finger (Bhendi) and boiled potatoes, as a lump, whereby it would be sticking to any of the chewed and get into. Fortunately, I tried. It had gone inside the stomach but yet since it had struck very deep in the throat, I could hardly feel it has gone into my stomach on account of the serious pain at the point of fix."

* * * *

Here delicacy compels us to dispense with Mr. Sunderdao's script, take up the narrative ourselves and conclude it with the bare statement that the pin was ultimately eliminated from the system.

* * * *

But we gladly give publicity to his request that "officials from the high rank to a despatcher (Peon too, let me add) not to use their mouths as pin cushions and avert dangers beforehand by some experience for which I stand a criterion."

* * * *

We note in conclusion that "his experience in the next issue to appear would be about unemployment crisis which would much interest the public and unemployment world." But not so much as the story of the pin.

SCANDAL OF COAL CONTRACTS

Allegations Of Corruption And Favouritism

"NATIONALISE KEY INDUSTRIES" SAYS JOSHI

SIMLA, Sept. 22.

The Assembly met to-day to discuss non-official resolutions.

At question time most of the questions were put by Mr. Ghuznavi relating to coal trade.

Mr. Haig, in reply to a question by Mr. Azharali, said that the term 'Congressman' was not synonymous with Terrorist and that the prisoners transferred to the Andamans were not Congressmen but those who had been convicted in connection with terrorist crimes.

RAILWAY COLLIERIES

Discussion was then resumed on Mr. Ghuznavi's resolution for a Board of Management for Railway collieries and the purchase of coal.

Mr. Mitra moved an amendment that a committee with a nonofficial majority should be appointed for devising ways for the better working and management of State Railway collieries with a view to running them on commercial lines without prejudice to the present Government policy of coal purchase from the open market. Considering the the amount of agitation on the subject Mr. Mitra thought that immediate investigation was necessary.

Mr. Ziauddin Ahmed suggested the transfer of collieries to the charge of the Member for Industries and supported the plea for an enquiry into the matter.

CHARGES OF CORRUPTION REPUDIATED.

But Mr. Ghuznavi had been entirely misled by his informer. Thus Mr. Ghuznavi had said that Mr. Whitworth received Rs. 40,000 a year in commission for the purchase of coal, while the fact was that this money was credited to the Railway Fund. His other facts must also be similarly wrong He assured the House that both the Chief Commissioner and the speaker could be approached by any person who would place definite charges before them and was prepared to substantiate them legally if necessary.

The speaker repudiated charges of corruption and favouritism and said that this was the first time since Mr. Whitworth had been appointed that any charge had been made against him.

Mr. Rau contested Mr. Ghuznavi's view that contracts could be arranged so cheap as to save lakhs of rupees. However the question of calling for tenders for coal-raising contracts would be considered as soon as possible when the present contracts expired.

He further assured the House that if it suited the local trade the work of opening tenders could be transferred to the Railway Board, while as regards security deposit, they could not penalize the poorer and favour the richer classes.

Mr. S.C. Mitra's Enquiry Committee would not be necessary as the Public Accounts Committee could look into this matter thoroughly. He asserted that the Chief Engineer for Mines would continue to be the Railway Board's expert adviser and the Railway Board is, and would remain the final arbiter. He told Dr. Ziauddin Ahmed that the Government policy was to use railway collieries to the minimum extent and not on strict commercial lines as the latter would prove harmful to private collieries.

ANONYMOUS LETTERS

Mr. P. R. Rau, Financial Commissioner, replying to the debate expressed disappointment in that Mr. Ghuznavi had not substantiated any allegations except that he had referred to some anonymous letters whose authors Mr. Ghuznavi would not mention. Mr. Rau, added that, he did not contend that Mr. Ghaznavi had any animosity against Mr. Whitworth and said that his speech was made in the discharge of what Mr. Ghuznavi thought was his duty.

Mr. Moorgan speaking as a representative of the Indian Mining Association wanted the continuance of the present arrangements. From his own experience he could speak with authority that tenders were carefully scrutinised by the Financial Commissioner and then by the Chief Commissioner for railways.

However he blamed the Government for the delay in presenting their profit and loss accounts which, he maintained, from the commercial point of view, should not take more than a year.

NATIONALISE INDUSTRY

Mr. Joshi deplored the wasting of the time of Assembly to listen to the quarrel between the contractors. He urged that key industries like coal and railways should be nationalised. These industries belonged to the country as a whole and must be properly managed and controlled by representative boards, hence both the resolution and the amendment were, in his opinion unsatisfactory. He held that the legislature was entirely within its rights to discuss the conduct of individual Government servants.

RESOLUTION WITHDRAWN.

After lunch, Sir Alan Parsons spoke. Mr. Ghuznavi withdrew his resolution in view of the Government assurance.

Pandit Sen moved that the Criminal Law be revised to include flogging in punishments prescribed for abduction and similar crimes against women and the forfeiture of property in cases of repetition by old offenders.

A BARBAROUS CUSTOM.

Capt. Sher Mohammed, opposing said that flogging was a barbarous custom and added that it would be better to improve the society than terrorise it.

Mr. Bhupat Singh and Mr. Dhudhoria supported the motion

Mr. Mohammed Muazzam said that the mass of opinion in the country was opposed to the infliction of such severer punishments.

Mr. Gwynne, opposing the motion on behalf of the Government said that the mover had misunderstood the principle of law in such cases as rape was already punishable with whipping. But whipping applied only to juvenile offenders. On the whole there had been little increase in crime, and the existing law being adequate, the Government was not agreeable to enhance the punishment.

Mr. Yamin Khan was not opposed to whipping in case of heinous offences on girls of tender age, but beyond that it should not be applied to general cases of abduction.

TO ACT AS DETERRENT.

Mr. Jog supporting the resolution explained that the resolution never meant that the punishment of flogging should be inflicted in every case. It was merely a precautionary and protective measure to act as a deterrent in the interests of society and civilization. The resolution was lost.

Mr. Jadhav moved that the South Indian Infantry Battalions be again raised in the Madras and Bombay Presidencies. At this stage, the Assembly adjourned till to-morrow for want of quorum. There will be an important debate to-morrow on the Ordinances Bill.—A.P.

(Other Assembly News on P. 12).

COMPLETE CONFIDENCE IN ASSEMBLY CHAIR

A Misleading Heading

Our Special Representative from Simla wires to state that the report of the Assembly proceedings appearing in the issue of the 17th inst. under the caption: "No-Confidence Vote in Assembly Chair," was misleading.

Not only there was no question of no-confidence vote, but the motion was one of complete confidence, which was carried by the House unanimously amid ovation."

CO-OPERATIVE LECTURES.

The Bombay Divisional Co-Operative Institute, writes its Hon. Secretary, arranged nearly 12 magic lantern lectures at the different Ganeshotsav Centres of Girgaum, Parel and Kurla through their propaganda officer Mr. P.R. Mulay during last Ganeshotsav. These lectures were specially arranged to explain the poor and the middle class of the city as to how the Co-operative Movement could be made use of for improving the economic conditions and also to develop indigenous industries on smaller scale in the country. Attempt also was made to arrange some lectures for ladies to be delivered by prominent women co-operators on "Co-operative Movement" and "Home Industries for Ladies."

FORGING AHEAD

Year Of Good Business

NEW INDIA ASSN. COMPANY REPORT

The thirteenth Annual General Body Meeting of the New India Assurance Company Ltd. was held on Thursday evening at the Central Bank Buildings. In the absence of Mr. N. B. Saklatwala, Mr. F. E. Dinshaw presided.

At the outset the Chairman reffered to the death of Sir Dorab Tata, who was the first chairman of the Company, and said that Sir Dorab guided the Company through its establishment and original organisation and unstintingly of his energy and experience.

A GOOD YEAR.

Dealing with the accounts, the chairman said that the year ending March, 1932 had been a good one. Every Department of the Company showed up a reasonably good progress during a period beset with stagnent trade depression. Refering to India the Chairman said:—

Ts regards business in India, it is apparent that there is an ever-growing appreciation amongst the Indian general public of the security offered by this Company. We are always extending and increasing our organization, and receiving support from new sources.

There are still, of course, enormous numbers of Indians who continue to insure with Companies of other nationalities, but gradually and surely, we forge ahead, and hope that, year by year, larger number of Indians will be attracted to us, in the knowledge that throughout the world, it has become, and is becoming, more and more customary for the nationals of a country to insure with their own national Companies, provided those Companies are soundly run.

The Chairman further added:—

A revival of trade conditions will, normally, result in the premium income again increasing, which will automatically reflect favourably on the expense ratio.

Before leaving this Account, there is one matter I should refer to. You will be aware that the departure of Great Britain from the Gold Standard created differences in values due to exchange, all over the world.

The Directors' report for the year ending March, 1932, with the Audited Statement of Accounts is as follows:—

In the Fire Department the net premiums amounted to Rs. 42,04,975-12-0 showing a decrease of Rs. 5,93,708-5-0 as compared with the previous year. The net claims, paid and outstanding, amounted to Rs. 24,10,898-6-4.

The Account showed a surplus of Rs. 3,98,194-5-5, out of which an amount of Rs. 1,58184-5-5 has been transferred to Profit and Loss Account.

In the Marine Department the net premiums amounted to Rs. 22,84,064-11-6 showing a decrease of Rs. 35,480-14-9 as compared with the previous year, and the net claims, paid and outstanding, to Rs. 19,29,987-5-7.

An amount of Rs. 14,507-10-8 has been transferred to Profit and Loss Account.

In the Accident Department the net premiums amounted to Rs. 5,94,625-7-8 showing an increase of Rs. 29,828-4-8 as compared with the previous year, and the claims, paid and outstanding, to Rs. 2,71,394-8-8.

The Account shows a surplus of Rs. 3,98,184-5-5, of out which Rs. 70,250-9-5 has been transferred to Profit and Loss Account, and Rs. 30,000 added to the Additional Reserve.

In the Life Department during the year under review 4,782 proposals were received for assurances amounting to Rs. 1,14,78,750 Of these, and a few others awaiting completion at the end of the previous year 3,863 resulted in policies for Rs. 88,37,250 yielding an annual premium income of Rs. 5,09,100-4-0.

In all, after providing for all other outgo, bringing in the balance of last year amounting to Rs. 1,75,531-15-2 and transferring Rs. 25,000 to Reserve for Exchange there remains a balance of Rs. 7,35,314-0-2, which the Directors recommend shall be dealt with as follows:—

Payment of a dividend at the rate of Rs. 1-2-0 per Share, which will absorb an amount of Rs. 5,34,079-2-0, leaving Rs. 2,01234-14-2 to be carried forward to next account.

Before the report and the Statement of Accounts were accepted by the meeting lengthy speeches criticising the Report, the Directors' policy regarding their London Branch and losses incurred by the American branch were delivered by the Shareholders. Prominent amongst those that took part in it were Messrs. P. D. Shamdasani, P. Khandwala and P. N. Mehta.

Mr. F. E. Dinshaw replying to the criticisms raised said that it was incorrect to say that the Company had made no profits. Those who made such remarks had evidently not read the report and the statement of accounts properly. They had substantial profits in the Insurance business.

UNJUST REMARKS

The remarks that were passed against the Directors were unjust. He admitted tha in America they had sustained an underwriting loss of nearly Rs. 14 lakhs but he said he was glad that it had been practically wiped out during the course of the last three years.

The Directors' report and the audited accounts were adopted by the meeting and the Directors who retired by rotation were re-elected.

COTTON CONTRACTS BILL PASSES

Bombay Legislative Council

POONA, Sept. 22.

Amendments to the Cotton Contracts Bill were again taken up for discussion by the Bombay Legislative Council to-day after it had disposed of interpellations.

Mr. L. R. Gokhale wished to give the Board of Directors a fortnight's time to remove obstruction and interference before the Government put into force its supercession clause.

After some discussion, the Legal Remembrancer suggested that if the words "reasonable opportunity" were substituted for "15 days" it would meet the object of the amendment. This was accepte .

Under Clause 9, Mr. L. R. Gokhale sought to restrict the membership of the Board of Control the members of the Association to the exclusion of outsiders. It transpired during discussion that the Cotton growers representatives though on the Directorate would not be members of the Association.

This was not acceptable to the House and was thrown out after a lengthy debate. By tea time all amendments were disposed of and the third reading passed amidst applause.

Weights And Measures Bill

Sir Rustom Vakil, Minister for Local Self-Government, after tea interval, introduced the Bombay Weights and Measures Bill for the consideration of the Council. In doing so he said that standardisation of weights and measures was bound to give the people a sense of security and enable them to expand their trade. One advantage that would result from it was that uniformity would improve inter-provincial trade, which had been retarded owing to different kinds of weights and measures being in use in different parts og India.

Mr. Gangoli (Kanara District) who had tabled two amendments which were against the principles of the Bill, first moved these on the advice of the chair.

Replying, the member in charge was not prepared to guarantee that the Bill would apply only to traders and would not affect anything produced by agriculturists. He, however, assured the member that it was only intended at first to apply the new legislation to big towns and it would be some time before the turn of Kanara District came and by then probably they would welcome the change.

General support was given to the measure several members suggesting action to prevent the public being cheated. The first reading was passed and the Bill referred to a Select Committee. The House then adjourned till to-morrow.—A. P.

RELEASED AND REARRESTED

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Ganesh Tatiya Saheb and three others, who were arrested on September 7 at "Green Villa" at Grant Road, along with two other workers of the All-India Congress Committee, were placed to-day before the Chief Presidency Magistrate. Sub-Inspector Kamat, applying for the discharge of the accused, stated that the accused were arrested under Section 17 (1) Criminal Law Amendment Act, but there was no evidence against them.

His Worship accordingly discharged them.

Soon after the release of the accused they were again arrested under the Emergency Power Ordinance.

PATHARE PRABHU TEMPLES

Never Closed To "Untouchables" Say P. P. Charities Trustees

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The statement that the temples managed by the Pathare Prabhu Charities in Bombay were never closed against the so-called Depressed Classes and that they were open to all Hindus irrespective of castes is contained in a letter addressed by the management to Dr. A. P. Kothare, a prominent member of the Pathare Prabhu community.

LETTER FROM MANAGEMENT.

The letter of the management was in reply to a request made by a large number of the members of the Pathare Prabhu community headed by Dr. Kothare to throw open the temples managed by the Charities to the so-called Depressed Classes, in view of the public feeling awakened by Mahatma Gandhi's decision to fast unto death.

The letter says: "the applicants Dr. A. P. Kothare and others be informed that the doors of the temples belonged to the Pathare Prabhu community which are under the management of the Pathare Prabhu Charities were never closed against the so-called Depressed Classes, and that they shall similarly remain open to the other members of the Hindu community including the so-called Depressed Classes subject to any arrangements entered into with the members of the Pathare Prabhu community."

The letter further states the management of the Charities are the following.

Zaoba's Temple, Thakurdwar.
Temple in Anant Rishi's Wadi.
Temple in Kandewadi.

ADVANCE SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH

Modern India's Contribution

Mr. Govind Behari Lal writes in the "New York American."

The man who in his youth plants seeds in a barren waste and in his old age sees a beautiful garden around him, his own handiwork, is fortunate. Such a man is the great Hindu chemist Sir Prafulla Chandra Ray. Dr. Ray has reached now his 70th birthday. All over India his birthday was celebrating with enthusiastic ceremonies In Lahore the local branch of the Indian Chemical Society, founded by Dr. Ray, held a most impressive celebration, giving to it a national significance.

To-day India holds a very eminent position in scientific research, with such brilliant scientists as Sir C. V. Raman and Megnath Saha and a score of others, with their youthful disciples. The Nobel prize for physics went last year to Dr. Raman, for the discovery of what is known as the Raman Effect in the world of light and atoms But only two decades ago India was woefully behind the times in modern science. The official educational system there paid very little attention to scientific teaching, and still less, almost nothing at all, to scientific research. With the birth of nationalist renaissance, at about the beginning of the present century, the Hindu intellectuals turned to modern science and technology with great avidity. In this rebirth of science, now along the most modern lines, two men, both Calcutta citizens, now gray haired, led the way. They are Sir Jagdish Chandra Bose, who has attempted to show that plants and animals behave remarkably alike to chemical and electrical and mechanical stimuli, and Sir Prafulla Ray, the "father of modern chemical research in India."

Dr. Bose is a more retired, scholarly and aristocratic man, Dr Ray, by comparison, is most sociable, extremely democratic and somewhat insurgent by nature. Chemist Ray has made many original contributions to chemistry, as is well known to Western scientist. But he is deserving of especial admiration for his monumental work in two volumes "The History of Hindu Chemistry." Based upon Sanskrit and Pali texts, the history repeals the struggling of the scientific spirit and some tangible victories it achieved, despite the peculiar outlook we associate with ancient and mediaeval minds.

Dr. Ray had the courage to remark in this history that the decline of science in India was in some measure brought on by certain types of theological mysticism.

PURE MILK SUPPLY FOR BOMBAY

COMMISSIONER COMMENDS PRASAD & Co.'s OFFER TO CORPORATION

The Bombay Municipal Corporation further considered on Thursday the question of the milk supply to the city in which it is proposed to subsidise Messrs. B. Prasad and Co. to the extent of Rs. 57,000. This is the third day of discussion.

The report relating to this question prepared by the Public Health Committee was at first moved by Dr. Mangaldas V. Mehta for approval and adoption. Dr. J. J. Cursetji moved the first amendment to record the report which was seconded by Mr. M. M. Killedar. Mr. A. Soares moved the second amendment to approve and adopt the report with certain modification. Mr. Boman-Behram moved the third amendment to spread the subsidy of Rs. 57,000 to three years instead of giving it in a lumpsome.

SUPPORT THE SCHEME.

On Thursday, Mr. Mohanlal M. Desai in resuming the debate pointed out that the hosuitals in Bombay and the infants required pure milk. By depending upon Bombay milkmen, they had to give at times, during holidays, as far as eight to ten annas per seer. He, therefore, thought that the scheme required a fair trial and support.

Mr. Shivdas Chapsey in supporting Mr. Boman-Behram's amendment said that by supporting this scheme, not only that they would get pure supply of milk but also milch cattle would be saved from slaughter.

SUBSTITUTE FOR SUBSIDY.

Dr. E. Moses suggested that instead of giving any subsidy to Messrs. B. Prasad and Co. the Corporation should guarantee the loss of Messrs B. Prasad by giving one pice more per seer.

Mr. M. A. Karanjawala moved the fourth amendment to give the subsidy of Rs. 57,000 at the end of the third year. Mr. A. R. Dimtimkar seconded the amendment.

COMMISSIONER EXPLAINS.

The Municipal Commissioner said the question of pure milk supply was being considered by the Corporation for the last 14 years. In 1925 they finally resolved to have the milch cattle removed from the city and adopted the policy to have even the existing stables removed.

In 1930 the question came ahead when certain proprietary and private concerns offered to supply pure milk to the city. One concern demanded five and half a per cent. profit guaranteed by the Corporation while another private company wished the corporation to subscribe half the capital.

"REASONABLE OFFER."

He, therefore, thought that the offer of Messrs. B. Prasad was reasonable. He appealed to the House to consider the scheme on its merits. Under the scheme, after a couple of months 10,000 lbs. of pure milk will be supplied to the city. Then, the milk produced under natural conditions was better than the milk produced under dairy conditions.

Besides, the milk will undergo a rigid test by the Municipal Analyst not for a day or two but throughout the year. If milk produced could go from New Zealand to England and mangoes from Bombay to England, he failed to see why they could not have pure milk from Gujerat to Bombay under modern scientific conditions.

RUSSIAN PROPOSAL.

The Commissioner then said that it was even proposed by some Russians to bring frozen milk from Baltic to Bombay in blocks like ice and melt in Bombay. If, therefore, it was possible to bring milk from Baltic to Bombay, Gujerat was not very far from Bombay. If the milk was found bad, it would be returned to Gujerat. The experiment, therefore, is at the expense of the company and not the Corporation.

Mr. B. N. Gamadia moved still a further amendment to give one pice extra per seer to Messrs. B. Prasad and Co. instead of the subsidy.

The Corporation then adjourned till Monday.

WAYS OF 'BULLETIN' SELLERS

Prosecutor On Police Task

BOMBAY, Thursday.

"I think, I can better believe what the accused says rather than believe what the police constables depose, each contradicting the other," remarked Mr. G. R. Khairaz, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, when the case of a Congress volunteer, who was arrested last evening by the Pydhonie Police, was taken up for hearing.

The prosecution case against the accused was that last evening he was seen selling unauthorised news-sheets at the junction of the Musjid Bunder Road.

One of the constables, who arrested the accused, stated in his evidence that, he saw the accused selling about 3 to 4 copies of the "Bulletin" before he arrested him.

The second constable, who arrested him, stated that he saw the accused selling six to seven copies of the "Bulletin" before he was arrested.

NOT SELLING "BULLETINS."

The accused, who admitted that he was a Congress worker, stated that he was not selling the "Congress Bulletins" at all. Some one else, who was selling them seeing the Police, threw them on the road and ran away. As the accused was standing there, the policeman picked up the "Bulletins" and arrested him. There is no truth in saying that he was selling the "Bulletins."

The Magistrate then remarked to the Police Prosecutor, that he would rather believe the accused than the constables as they contradicted each other.

Mr. Velker: No, Sir. The accused was found with a bundle of 130 "Congress Bulletins."

Magistrate: Then, if the constable saw the accused selling the "Bulletins," why did he not arrest him immediately without allowing him to sell further copies.

POLICE DIFFICULTIES.

Mr. Velker: In these days, the ways of Congress workers are very peculiar. In one corner the real "Bulletins" are sold, and in another false shouts are raised and the constables have to think before they arrest those who sell the real unauthorised sheets.

Magistrate: What is the difficulty in arresting both of them on suspicion? You do not expect a suit to be filed against you.

To the accused, he said, "You say that the "Bulletins" were thrown on the road; then there must be some mud or dust on some of the "Bulletins."

Here, the Magistrate examined the "Bulletins," and finding that there was niether mud or dust in them, told the accused so.

Accused: There were more than 500 copies of the "Bulletins". The police distributed the soiled copies amongst the constables at the station and have brought the unsoiled ones here.

The Magistrate informed the accused that he would be given an opportunity to bring his witnesses and postponed the hearing of the case to September 26.

United Lodge Of Theosophists

51, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

FIRST STUDY CLASS

Text Book: The Key to Theosophy
Subject: Reincarnation & Memory
FRIDAY, 23rd September,
6-15 p.m. punctual.

ALL CORDIALLY INVITED.

No. Fees: No Collections.

'ZENITH' DRAKSHASAV.

Is The BEST TONIC Of The Day

Disquieting News From Poona

MAHATMA WEAKER

Hitch In Peace Parleys?

MALAVIYA SUGGESTS CABLE PROTESTS TO PREMIER

POONA, Sept. 22.

Optimism among the leaders present here to settle the depressed classes problem is very much restrained this morning.

To-day promises to be the most critical day in the negotiations.

Mahatma Gandhi's interview with the leaders which was to have taken place at the jail this morning, has been postponed to the evening.

Meanwhile, informal discussions, which started early this morning, are in progress between the leaders of the depressed classes on the one hand and Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, Mr. C. Jajagopalachariar and others on the other.

Dr. Ambedkar, soon after his arrival here this morning, met Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, who with Mr. Jayakar has resumed the role of a peace-maker.

MALAVIYA'S STATEMENT

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, president of the Hindu Leaders' Conference, has issued the following statement:—

"While the conference is doing its best to arrive at a settlement between the leaders of the depressed classes and others the country is in state of deep anxiety about Mahatma Gandhi's life.

His fast began two days ago and he is already showing signs of exhaustion. Considering his age and his generally weak health I fear that he will not be able to stand the fast as well and for as long time as on the previous occasion.

It is desirable, therefore, that the universal and intense feeling of the country, that his life should be saved, must find its immediate expression in such other channels as every individual or institution may choose. It is therefore my request that such persons and institutions as feel strongly in this matter, whatever their race, caste or creed may be, may, without loss of time and without waiting for the results of the conference, at once communicate their feeling to the Prime Minister and join in the national effort towards the end of saving Indian from the great disaster that is threatening her.

FALL-OFF IN STRENGTH

Earlier messages from Poona stated:—

Intimate friends and associates, who were with him in the evening of Wednesday, state that they detect a perceptible falling off in Mahatma Gandhi's physical condition at the end of thirty-six hours' fasting. This they attribute to the large demands made on him in the course of the day by numerous interviews involving the discussion of a complicated political scheme with persons of varying temperaments.

The Mahatma, however, fully kept up his customary daily duties sustained only by frequent sips of water. He was able to spin his daily quota of yarn and hold prayers both in the morning and in the evening.

It is recalled that he continued these two items of his daily life to the end of his twenty-one days' fasting in Delhi eight years ago. One who was in attendance on him then states that the first four or five days are the most critical and call for the greatest possible care.

The jail authorities have given him quarters close to the room in the ground floor in which interviews take place. This is in order to avoid waste of energy in walking.

HIS BEVERAGE

Reclining at his ease on an iron cot beneath a mango tree inside the jail, Mahatma Gandhi gave a two-hour interview this morning to Mr. M. C. Raja and Mr. P. Baloo, the Depressed Class Leaders. On a teapoy beside the bed rests a bottle of water from which he pours a small quantity of water and adds a pinch of soda, stirs it and slowly drinks. During the two hours' interview Mahatma Gandhi drank water only once. As the day grows hotter he increases the number of drinks. Another teapoy with his favourite books also stands near his bed. To-day there were no newspapers on this teapoy. Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel is in attendance. Mrs. Naidu is also near Mr. Gandhi.

Mr. Gandhi spoke most of the time that the interview with the Depressed Class leaders lasted. —A.P.

MRS. GANDHI AT YERAVDA

Mrs. Kasturba Gandhi, who isstill undergoing imprisonment was brought to Yerowda Jail to-day.—A.P.

LIBERALS URGE RELEASE OF MAHATMA

BOMBAY, Sept. 21.

At a meeting of the Council of the Bombay Presidency Association, held on Wednesday evening, the following resolutions were adopted:—

The Council of the Bombay Presidency Association deeply deplore the inordinate delay on the part of the Government in publishing the Gandhi-Hoare-Macdonald correspondence, which is responsible for the unfortunate critical situation with which the country is now faced.

The Council very much regret the attitude of the Government in not releasing Mahatma Gandhi unconditionally during the period of his fast. Now that Mahatma Gandhi has been obliged to begin his fast in jail, the Council earnestly request Government unconditionally to release him in order to facilitate an early settlement of the question relating to the depressed classes and allay the strong public feeling created by the attitude of Government."

"The Council of the Bombay Presidency Association protest against Bill No. 41 of 1932 incorporating several provisions of the consolidated Ordinance. The Council are emphatically of the opinion that the powers already vested in the Government are wide enough to secure the object Government profess to have in view, and regret the introduction of the bill without giving sufficient opportunity to the public to express their opinion on it."—A. P.

SYMPATHY FOR THE HARIJANS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Members of the Pathare Kshatriya community held a meeting at Girgaum Vyam Shala to offer prayers and to wish long life to Mahatma Gandhi.

The president said that all the communities should do their best to save Mahatma Gandhi and moved a resolution expressing sympathy with the Harijans and their earnest and sincere desire to help them in ameliorating their condition in all possible way.

MAHATMA'S WEAK HEALTH

—:o:—

Bombay Leaders Alarmed

BOMBAY, Thursday. 2 P.M.

The news that Mahatma Gandhi is in a very weak condition on account of the fast he is observing has created alarm and cast a gloom in Bombay. Many telephone calls to Poona were put through by Bombay Hindu leaders who were anxious to know the progress of Poona parleys, and upto 2 p.m. the news were not such as to encourage the hope that a speedy settlement was in sight.

Mr. Mathuradas Vissanji Khimji, chairman of the Citizens' Emergency Comittee, put himself in telephonic communication at 1-30 p.m. with Lady Vithaldas Thakersey where the Hindu deputation is putting up. The reply that he received was that informal talks were still in progress between Dr. Ambedkar and Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru and Mr. Jayakar, and that the deputation had not yet seen Gandhiji.

Mr. Mathuradas is awaiting instructions from Poona as to whether the conference of Hindu leaders fixed for 7 p.m. this evening should be adjourned or not.

Fraternisation With Harijans

The promoters of the C. K. Prabhu Ram Maruti Utsav has taken a bold step by inviting the 'Harijan Mela' to take part in the celebration on Sunday (25th instant).

The C. K. P. Ganeshotsav had similarly invited the Harijans last year and had taken a practical step in the direction of the removal of untouchability.

BALLOT-BOX AT TEMPLES

Large Majority For Entry Of Untouchables

BOMBAY, Thursday.

That an overwhelming majority of religiously minded Hindus who visit the temples every day are in favour of throwing open the temples to the "untouchables," was amply demonstrated by a ballot recently taken by the Bombay Sevikas who have started an organisation called the "Gandhi Sena."

A ballot taken at seven prominent temples of the city has resulted in 24,797 persons voting in favour of temple entry for the "untouchables," while only 448 voted against.

The method adopted was this: Women volunteers with white and black ballot boxes were posted at the temple gates and visitors to the temples were requested to cast their votes. Those who supported temple entry for the "untouchables" were required to put a small pebble in the white box while those against extending the privilege to the untouchables were to put a pebble in the black-box.

The following is the result of the ballots held at different temples:—

	For	Against
Ram Mandir, Thakurdwar	3,531	265
Madhav Baug	10.622	41
Narayan Mandir Kalbadevi	3,060	40
Babulnath	525	2
Mumbadevi Mandir	1,718	12
Ram Mandir, Bhuleshwar	5.051	80
Radhakrishna Mandir, Bhuleshwar	290	5
Total	24,797	445

MEDICAL ATTENDANCE AT YERAVDA

Mahatma To Have His Own Choice

BOMBAY Sept. 22.

The Government of Bombay have informed Mahatma Gandhi that he can have his own medical attendant at Yeravda if he so wishes.

LLOYD GEORGE ON THE FAST

LONDON, Sept. 19.

While some of Mr. Gandhi's friends in London applaud his steadfast attitude others sincerely deplore his refusal to entertain even a fortnight's postponement of the fast in order to facilitate agreement.

The Conciliation Group are continuing their efforts to move the Government to take some action to relieve the crisis and assist the negotiations in India but the Ministerial response so far is not encouraging.

Mr. Lloyd George takes a strong view regarding the necessity for easing the deadlock and is expected to make a public reference at his forthcoming speech at Cardigan.—"Hindu" Special Cable.

SWEDEN TO FOLLOW RUSSIA

Foreign Trade To Be State Monopoly

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 22.

Establishment of a state monopoly for external trade in order to regulate exports and imports, is being considered by Mr. Hansson, the Socialist leader who has been entrusted with the formation of the Cabinet.

It is claimed that such a policy will enable Sweden to pursue an active policy and break down the barriers now hindering the international trade. Mr. Hansson declared that his party were most determined opponents of tariffs, which could only be detrimental to Swedish trade.—Reuter.

Meeting At Ainapur

(From A Correspondent.)

AINAI UR, Sept. 21.

A complete fast was observed in the village, and a meeting was held in the evening, Mr. N. M. Despande, presiding.

The two resolutions suggested by Mr. C. R. Rajagopalachari were unanimously adopted.

Question To Premier

WILL HE RATIFY BOMBAY DECISION?

LONDON, Sept. 22.

The India League, dealing with the circumstances leading to Mahatma Gandhi's declaration of fast, state: "The history of separate electorates during the last ewenty years does not encourage the hope that the principle, once introduced, will do anything but progressively intensify the disruptive tendencies. Since the Prime Minister has not in any published document made it clear whether an agreed alternative scheme should cover all communities or only those directly affectd, may we suggest that he should at the earliest moment give an explicit assurance that in the event of a settlement being reached as a result of the negotiations now proceeding in Bombay, it would be accepted by the Government even if it involved repudiation of separate electorates for the "Depressed Classes."—Reuter.

PROPERTY TAX IN HOLLAND

—:o:—

Measures To Bridge Budget Deficit

HAGUE, Sept. 22.

The budget for 1933 discloses an estimated deficit of 148,000.000 guilders, which the Finance Minister proposes to reduce to 22,000,000 by saving 57,000,000 in expenditure by economy measures and 14.500,-000 by cuts in the salaries of Government servants. An additional 36,000,000 will be secured by measures to increase receipts and 18,000,000 will be drawn from the sinking fund built up from previous balances.

New taxes comprise a 30 per cent. increase in beer, excise and customs duties and a property tax.—Reuter.

Procession At Rajkot

(From Our Correspondent.)

RAJKOT, Sept. 21.

The city observed Hartal in honour of Mahatma Gandhi's fast, and a procession of caste Hindus and the untouchables paraded the street.

A public meeting was held in the evening, Dr. Narsinhdas Trikamji Presiding.

The resolution drafted by Mr. C. Rajgopalachari was passed unanimously. The speakers exhorted the caste Hindus to remove the blot of untouchability and throw open the temples to the so-called Depressed Classes.

CHESTER BEAT WALSALL

LONDON, Sept. 21.

In the Association Football match in the third division, northern section of the League. Chester beat Walsall by one goal to nil.—Reuter.

HARLEQUINS BEATEN

LONDON, Sept. 21

Under the Rugby Union Rules to-day the R.M.C. beat the Harlequins by 19 points to 14.—Reuter.

Arya Samaj sisters of Bombay offered prayers on Tuesday evening, for the long life of Mahama Gandhi on the occasion of the fast he has commenced for the integrity of Hinduism and the non-separation of the depressed classes from the Hindu fold.

ERADICATION OF UNTOUCHABILITY

Hindu University's Splendid Lead

PROPAGANDA MEETINGS & PROCESSIONS APPEAL TO CASTE HINDUS

(From A Correspondent)

BENARES, September 21.

The Secretary of the Anti-Untouchability Committee, Benares Hindu University wires under date September 21:—

The Secretary Anti-Untouchability Committee, Benares Hindu University has sent the following telegram to Pandit Malaviya at Bombay.

The Hindu University is deeply stirred by the Mahatma's resolve Every soul is anxious to do his utmost to remove the Harijan's disabilities. Huge processions were taken out and a mammoth meeting was held on the 19th instant when the prescribed resolution was passed. Harijan students resolved against isolation from Hindu community and strongly favoured joint electorates.

JOINT PRAYERS.

A huge meeting was held yesterday, pr[illegible] Dhruva when joint prayers were offered for the solution of the present problem and for a satisfactory and speedy termination of Mahatma's fast.

451 volunteers already enlisted, pledged themselves to fight untouchability. Batches of volunteers are daily procuring pledges. The Caste Hindus are promising to accede to Harijans' demands and Harijans are insisting on joint electorates.

More than 3000 signatures from villages have already been secured. Orthodox Brahmin students held 'katha' inviting Harijans.

The Anti-Untouchability Committee is redoubling its efforts.

ORTHODOX BRAHMINS DINE WITH HARIJANS

(BY MAIL.)

HYDERABAD (Deccan), September 20.

A demonstration of the Caste Hindus' determination to abolish untouchability was witnessed last night when a cosmopolitan dinner was arranged by the Arya Samajists of Hyderabad at the Dharamsal in Troop Bazaar, a very orthodox Sanatanist inn.

The dinner was attended by about 300 guests including 50 members of the Depressed Classes. The dinner was served by young members of the "Depressed" classes and was attended by orthodox Hindus.

Among them were S. V. Naik, (son of a Sanatanist leader), Shanker Rao, S. R. Sherma, Shree Kishen, (Barristers), and R. R. Maslekar.—A.P.

Uran Temple Thrown Open To Harijans

(From A Correspondent)

URAN Sept. 21.

Mr. B. V. Korleker Adbocate Uran has thrown open to all Hindus 'Maruti temple' belonging to him from the 20th instant. There was 'bhajan' by Harijans in the temple, in which several citizens took part.

FASTING AT LAHORE

LAHORE, Sept .21.

Lahorimal, a merchant of Machi Hatta, has been fasting since Monday last in sympathy with Mahatma Gandhi. He has left his shop and is sitting on a well in the bazar supplying water to thirsty passersby —A.P.

WOMEN'S INTEREST IN HARIJANS' WELFARE

MADRAS, Sept. 21.

Mrs. Muthulakshmi Reddi, General Secretary, Women's Indian Association says that in pursuance of resolutions passed by the Association they are arranging for personal interviews with the trustees of various temples in the city with a view to having them thrown open to depressed classes.

Reports of public meetings and partial hartals in connection with Mahatma Gandhi's fast have been received from all mofussil centres.

Rao Bahadur Srinivasan, depressed class leader, and delegate to the Round Table Conference received a telegram from Dr. Ambedkar asking him to proceed to Bombay immediately as his presence was necessary for the settlement of issues at hand. He is leaving for Bombay tomorrow.—A. P.

AJMER'S RESPONSE TO LEADERS' APPEAL

Two Temples Thrown Open To Harijans

AJMER, September 17 (By Mail)

A mass meeting of the Hindu citizens including the "depressed" classes was held on Saturday last in Town Hall with Mr. Gourisnankar Verma, Bar at Law in the chair to consider the critical situation caused by the intended fast of Mr. Gandhi.

The meeting unanimously resolved that:—

Whereas in the opinion of the Hindu citizens of Ajmer, the communal decision pronounced by the British Premier in so far as it affects the "depressed" classes of India is an attempt to divide Hindu Society, this mass meeting resolves to oppose the enforcement of the cheme of separate electorates.

This meeting while profoundly affected by Mr. Gandhi's vow of self-immolation for the sake of protecting the "depressed" classes from perpetual degradation and Hinduism from disruption, urges the country to take all possible measures towards avrting this tragedy.

This meeting proclaims the readiness of the Hindus of Ajmer to agree to the "depressed" classes representation in the legislatures, through joint electorates, even in excess of their proportion.

In pursuance of the situation created by Mr. Gandhi's vow and as a mark of respect the temple of Laxmanji belonging to the Ghaseli people, and Digi temple belonging to Mr. Mohanlal Vaid have been thrown open to untouchables.—A.P.

CUTTACK HINDUS' ASSURANCE TO HARIJANS

(From A Correspondent.)

CUTTACK, Sept. 19.

A huge public meeting of the Hindu community of Cuttack (Orissa) was held at the Town Hall yesterday. About two thousand people representing all sections of the Hindu Community were present. Sj. Banabehari Palit, Zamindar, presided and the following resolutions were unanimously passed.

This meeting of the Hindu community of Cuttack records its emphatic opinion that the principle of separate electorate for legislatures introduced into the Hindu community in the name of the so-called Depressed Classes and caste Hindus is a deadly poison, which would ultimately ruin the Hindu community and bring about disruption in Hindu religion, civilisation and social structure; and therefore this meeting views with great apprehension the serious repercussions of unrest and disorder that would result in consequence of such statutory separation amongst the Hindu community.

The meeting expressed grave anxiety over the decision of Mahatma Gandhi, the Nation's idol to fast himself unto death as a protest against such vivisection of fthe Hindu Community.

The following declaration has been made on behalf of the caste Hindus:—

We hereby assure our Depressed Class brethren that we accept their right to adequate and effective representation in legislatures and other representative public bodies but on condition that such election should on no account be by separate electorate, but by joint electorate of the entire Hindu community so that the solidarity of the Hindu society may not be disturbed."

Bordi Observes Hartal

(From A Correspondent.)

BORDI, Sept. 21.

Bordi observed Hartal in honour of Mahatma Gandhi's decision to fast unto death.

A huge meeting of caste Hindus and the untouchables was held in the [illegible] Mr. Gopalrao Patil, presiding.

The meeting unanimously passed the resolution drafted by Mr. C. Rajagopalchariar.

GREAT SURGEON'S DISCOVERY

BENEFITS OF ANTISEPTIC HEALING FOR MILLIONS OF PEOPLE.

Of all discoveries in the Science of Healing, nothing else has proved such a blessing to humanity as Lord Lister's great discovery, known to-day as the "Antiseptic Method." The great Lord Lister after years of experiment, evolved a safe and sure method whereby those deadly germs which breed suppuration, blood-poison and lockjaw in cuts, wounds, etc., were rendered practically harmless.

Just as the discovery and development of Lord Lister's antiseptic method revolutionised the practice of surgery, so the discovery of that great antiseptic ointment, Zam-Buk brings safer healing into the home and within reach of all.

Zam-Buk is a pure herbal preparation, which owes its wonderful success to the fact that it acts on the skin in three distinct ways. Firstly it allays pain and irritation in a marvellous manner. Secondly, Zam-Buk kills and excludes disease germs. Its purifying and healing action extends into the deepest tissues where skin disease has its roots. Thirdly when it has removed all trace of poison and corruption from the sore or injury, Zam-Buk grows new skin.

For eczema, ulcers, bad legs, ringworm, poisoned wounds, fiery itch, sore feet, cuts, burns, scalds, etc., and piles Zam-Buk is indispensable. Guaranteed free from animal fat. All chemists and medicine dealers sell Zam-Buk at Re. One or Rs 2-4 a box. Agents: Messrs. KEMP & Co., Ltd., Charni Road, Bombay.

Stop that cold with

VAPEX
INHALANT

Colds are caused by disease germs breathed into the respiratory tract when the victim is "below par" and lacks the vitality to resist them. The inhaling of the antiseptic vapour of Vapex at the first onset of a cold cleanses the breathing passages and destroys the germs at their point of entry into the system.

Laboratory tests and sixteen years of actual use have proved that Vapex quickly kills germs which cause colds, influenza, etc., and restores the system to normal health. Vapex is pleasant and refreshing—so much so that many people make a habit of putting a daily drop on their handkerchiefs. And at nighttime, a drop on their pillows gives them protection or relief while they sleep.

Of All Chemists

WESTERN INDIA
Life Insurance Co., Ltd.,
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Fifth Valuation Out

New Bonus per thousand per Annum

ENDOWMENT Rs. 20
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WHOLE LIFE Rs. 25

No other Company of the same age in India can show equal results.

Re: Agency and other particulars, please apply

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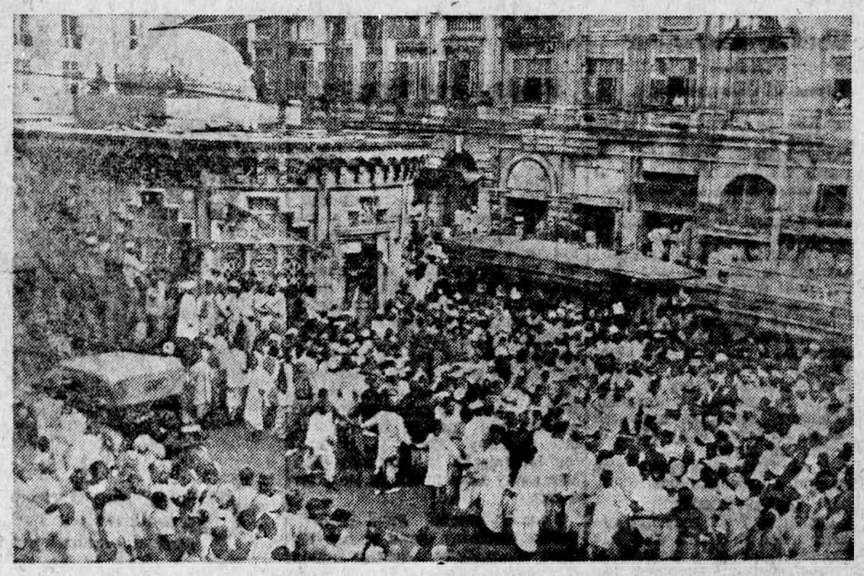

The famous Round Temple near Null Bazaar, Bombay, was thrown open to the "Untouchables" on Tuesday. The ceremony was performed before a large crowd by Sir D. Govind Madgaonkar.

DACCA MURDER

Special Tribunal To Try Accused

CALCUTTA, Sept. 21.

The "Calcutta Gazette" notifies that the Governor-in-Council has appointed Mr. R. F. Lodge, District and Sessions Judge of Mymensingh as prerident and Mr. A. N. Sen, District and Sessions Judge of Dacca, and Mr. Muhammad Sadiq Khan, Additional Sadar Sub-divisional Officer of Dacca as Commissioners for the trial under sub-sections 1 and 2 of Section 4 of the Bengal Criminal Law Amendment Act of Kalipada Mukherjee, accused of the murder at Dacca of Mr. Kamalaya Sen, Special Magistrate of Munshiganj and Binay Bhushan De for an alleged assault on Mr. C. G. Grassby, Additional Superintendent of Police of Dacca. The trial will be held at Dacca.—A.P.

FASTING AT TEMPLE GATE

Mr. Kelappan to Fast Till Ban Is Removed

CHOWGHAT, Sept. 21.

Mr. Kelappan, leader of Guruvayor temple entry satyagraha commenced fasting to-day outside the temple gates which he is determined to continue until the temple is thrown open to all castes.—A.P.

DOCTOR MURDERED

LAHORE, Sept. 21.

The dead body of Dr. Abdur Rahman, a local medical practitioner, was found last night at his residence.—A.P.

LAHORE ARREST

LAHORE, Sept. 21.

Ranbir Singh Vir, son of Mahashe Khushal Chand, proprietor of the Daily Milap, was arrested this afternoon under the Special Powers Ordinance. Ranbir Singh was one of the persons arrested in connection with the shooting outrage on the Governor and was acquitted by the High Court.—A.P.

E. B. RAILWAY BREACH

The Divisional Superintendent of the E. B. Railway wires from Lalmanirhat under date September 21:—

The line between Cooch Behar and Dewanhat has breached at mile 181/1 due to the sudden rise of the River Manshai. Through running is interrupted. Transhipment of mail passengers and parcels is being effected. It is anticipated that through running will be resumed by midday tomorrow. Sept. 22.—A.P.

MARSHY LAND TO BE RECLAIMED

LONDON, Sept. 21.

Athens.—A huge land reclamation scheme was announced by the Premier M. Venizelos, when addressing a mass election meeting. He said that within two years a million and a half acres of marshy land in Greek Macedonia would be reclaimed or protected against inundations.

M. Venizelos read a telegram announcing that a special committee of the League of Nations had decided to recommend the undertaking of the reclamation to the Council of the League and send a Dutch expert, Mr. Nijhof, to study the question on the spot.—Reuter.

ACCEPT HOSPITALITY OF AHALYASHRAM

Gandhiji's Thanks For Mr. Shinde's Offer.

The following correspondence passed between Mr. V. R. Shinde of the All-India Anti-Untouchability League and Conference, Poona and Mahatma Gandhi:—

AHALYASHRAM, Poona, Sept. 19.

Revered Mahatmaji,

The Depressed Classes are shocked to hear that you are prepared to die for them. Without entering into the merits of your August proposal will you please allow me to offer the hospitality of my Ahalyashram the Poona Depressed Classes Mission Home, to you during your fast? This place already seen by you twice is spacious, open, simple, quiet, central and in every way "suitable" for communion with the "Depressed" classes so near to your heart in your present moments.

Kindly accept this humble tribute and oblige me with a reply per bearer.

GANDHIJI'S THANKS

The following is Mahatma Gandhi's reply to Mr. Shinde:—

YEROWDA CENTRAL PRISON, Sept. 20

Dear Mr. Shinde,

I have your touching letter. I have absolutely no notion as to how I am to be disposed of. Therefore it is too early to say anything. I certainly begin the fast here at 12. God alone knows where when and how it will end.

All the same pray accept my thanks for your sympathy and offer.

U. P. DICTATOR JAILED

BENARES, Sept. 21.

Swami Sampurnandanda, formerly a member of the Legislative Council and said to be the Provincial Congress Dictator, was to-day awarded one year's rigorous imprisonment under section 17 of Ordinance X for defying an order to quit Benares and was placed provisionally in the "A" class.

Professor Ramsaran, M.A., of the Kashi Vidyapith was awarded six months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 50 in default to undergo six weeks further imprisonment under section 17-A of the Criminal Law Amendment Act. He was placed provisionally in the "B" class.

Attention To Backward Children In School

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Sept. 19.

The sixth annual conference of the Hyderabad Teachers' Association began yesterday at the City College under the presidentship of Nawab Sir Nizamat Jung Bahadur, when a large number of teacher from the City and the Mofussil had gathered.

Among he resolutions passed was the following:—

"This Conference is of the opinion that more attention should be paid in the existing schools to the education of backward children and also that greater importance should be attached in the Teachers' Training Institutions to the methods of educating such children."—A. P.

PEACE OR WAR?

Nearing Crossroads

HENDERSON'S APPEAL TO GERMANY

GENEVA, Sept. 21.

At Mr. Henderson's request there was a public meeting of the Bureau of the Disarmament Conference at which he secured an endorsement of his suggestion that discussion of Germany's attitude should be postponed till the German Government had replied to his appeal to them to reconsider their withdrawal from the conference. The interval will be used for private conversations.

Mr. Henderson declared that they were nearing the crossroads at which a fateful decision must be taken either for peace or for renewal of the mad competition in armaments ultimately leading to war.—Reuter.

N. S. WALES FINANCES IMPROVE

Balanced Budget Next Year

SYDNEY, Sept. 21.

New South Wales finances are turning the corner after a difficult period. A great improvement since Mr. Stevens took over the reins of Government from Mr. Lang is reflected in the budget statement made in the Legislative Assembly showing that the current year's expenditure of nearly £50,000,000 represented a reduction of £7,000,000 compared with the previous year.

The revenue is estimated at over £45,000,000, showing an increase of £3,000,000. The deficit is £4,350,000 compared with £14,227,000 formerly.

Mr. Stevens anticipated that the budget would be balanced next year.—Reuter.

EXECUTIVE'S RESOLUTION

The Executive Committee of the National Liberal Federation, after sitting for two hours, this afternoon, passed a resolution condemning the conclusions reached at the Ottawa Conference.

Sir Herbert Samuel, the Home Secretary, made a statement at the outset of the meeting.—B. O. W.

BRITAIN'S BUDGET DEFICIT

LONDON, Sept. 21.

The national revenue returns for the past week show that the customs receipts amounted to £2,721,000 bringing the total for this year to date to £75,848,000 which is £15,532,000 more than for the same period last year.

Excise receipts were £4,995,000 which is exceptionally large for one week.

The total ordinary revenue, excluding self-balancing revenue, for the financial year from April 1 amounts to £253,889,990 showing a deficit as against the ordinary expenditure of £85,811,882.—Reuter.

LONDON, Sept. 21.

Despite Mr. Issac Foot's speech yesterday evening there is a growing impression that Liberal Ministers will not resign as a number of them believe that they can have more influence in toning down the Ottawa policy if they remain in the Government than if they go out.—Reuter.

MACDONALD PRO-HINDU!

Seth Haroon's Discovery

KARACHI, Sept. 19.

The plan of the Prime Minister, Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, for allotting seats in the provincial legislatures of India to Moslems, Hindus, Sikhs and Untouchables is not satisfactory to the Moslems and reflects the pro-Hindu leanings of the British Premier according to Seth Haji Abdullah Haroon, M.L.A., a member of the Indian delegation to the Ottawa Conference, interviewed by a press representative at Ottawa on August 17. Nevertheless the Moslems, particularly of the Punjab and Bengal, must not permit themselves to be unduly stirred by what he considers an injustice.

"I am a long way from India and probably unable to reach it within the next two months," declared the Moslem Leader. "But I can suggest to my community that this decision be accepted calmly and without excitement. I would say to them: 'Try to understand the whole decision, while at the same time consolidating your position towards securing in a constitutional manner those rights that are being denied to us.'"

OTHER POINTS.

Mr. Abdullah Haroon expressed disappointment that Mr. MacDonald did not seem to have announced his decision on the other points which Moslems had referred to him, relative to their constitutional position.

"I am sorry to see the Prime Minister unable to give justice to the Moslems of India," commented Mr. Haroon. "Among the Moslems Mr. MacDonald is regarded as having pro-Hindu sentiments. Consequently no one can expect from him any satisfactory solution of the problem."

The Moslems did not deny to the Hindus their right to a majority of seats in provinces where they outnumbered the Moslems, he continued. The latter had asked only for majority representation in the Punjab and Bengal where the Moslem exceeded the Hindus in number. The refusal of the Hindus to recognise this situation had been sustained by the Premier with the result that an injustice was being inflicted on the Moslems. "For this reason I believe the whole Moslem community in India would be greatly annoyed," he added. While urging the Moslems to organise themselves for the purpose of eliminating this obstacle to their progress, he emphasised that whatever action they took should be taken in a constitutional manner.—A. P.

LIBERALS TO DECIDE ON OTTAWA

LONDON, Sept. 21.

The National Liberal Federation is meeting to-day to discuss the Ottawa agreements. The only motion before the meeting is a reasoned condemnation of these agreements and there is no question of the federation discussing on a direct motion the position of the Liberal Ministers in the Government.

Sir Herbert Samuel will attend this afternoon's meeting and the "Manchester Guardian" says there is ground for thinking that his object is to ask the Executive to abstain from an implied as well as a direct demand for resignation from the Government of the Liberal ministers.—B.O.W.

Processions And Meetings At Ahmednagar

(From A Correspondent).

AHMEDNAGAR, Sept. 21.

A long and silent procession was taken out on the 19th inst. through the main streets in the City. It terminated at Bagde Theatre, where a meeting was held. Bhausaheb Chaukar offered prayers for long life to Mahatmaji, and passed a resolution.

On the same day boards declaring the programme of the students' procession and the meeting were attached by the police.

Yesterday morning a procession of students of both sexes paraded the city for more than an hour silently.

In the evening a meeting of students was held in Bagde Theatre. Bhausaheb Firodia presided. Six resolutions were passed, praying for Mahatmaji's long life, and etc.

A telegram was sent yesterday to Senapati Bapat urging postponement of his "fast unto death."

Once more

EDSU

Leads the way!

Lovely bright Cretonnes which you have had to buy from foreign stores and pay over three Rupees a yard for are now made by EDSU and sold to you at the price of Re. 1/9 a yard!

Think of it! Imagine the marvellous brightness they will bring into your home. Everybody is talking about these Cretonnes, and no wonder!

EDSU is leading the way to complete Swadeshi.

The time is soon coming when not a yard of cloth need be imported from abroad, and the country looks to the pioneers like EDSU for the initiative needed to bring this day nearer.

EDSU FABRICS

LATHI GOES TO LIVERPOOL

Unemployed Workers Charged

LONDON, Sept. 21.

Disturbances caused by the unemployed, which have recently been keeping the police at Birkenhead busy, broke out to-day in Liverpool.

A procession of 3,000 workless persons vigorously took sides in a dispute between a woman and a policeman. The crowd stoned the police and smashed tram-car windows. Mounted police made a baton charge and inflicted injuries on five rioters.—Reuter.

UNEMPLOYMENT FUND

Charge Of Breach Of Trust

Bombay, Thursday.

A complaint of breach of trust in respect of Rs. 500 was lodged this morning before the Chief Precidency Magistrate and his Worship ordered a warrant to be issued.

The complainant, Pheroz S. Gazdar, honorary secretary and treasurer of the Parsi Unemployment Benefit Fund, in the course of his complaint, alleged that Rustomji Nusservanji Kapadia approached him and asked for a loan of Rs. 1,000 from the Parsi Unemployment Benefit Fund to enable him to start business in partnership with another Parsi. This application being refused, the accused approached the complainant with another application for assistance to the extent of Rs. 500 to enable him to build a shed on a municipal ground to start some business. This amount was paid but the accused subsequently failed to erect the shed or to start business.

His Worship issued a bailable warrant for a sum of Rs. 500.

AIR MAIL

BOMBAY, Sept. 22.

The air mail which left Karachi on September 14 was delivered in London on September 20.—A.P.

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'Phone: 21933.

What Mr. F. D. Manalaxmiwala, Secretary, B. E. S. T. says:—

"Ariel has astonished me with his accurate reading of my hand. His readings are highly interesting, informing and unerring."

F. D. Manalaxmiwala
5th September '32

Consulting Hours: 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.

ARMED DACOITY NEAR AHMEDABAD

(From A Correspondent).

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 22.

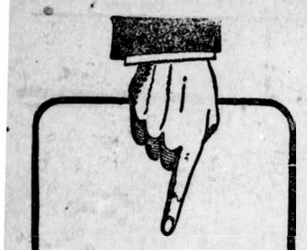
Village Gatarad near Ahmedabad was raided by armed dacoits on Tuesday night. Opening fire on entering village, they decamped with booty worth about Rs. 800.

FIRE IN FORT

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A fire broke out this morning at about 3-30 a.m. in a sweetmeat shop situated at Holi Chakla in Fort. On receipt of intimation, Mr. Taylor, station officer of the Fort fire brigade, immediately went to the scene and put out the fire, which had spread to an adjacent building.

Owing to combustible materials such as ghee and oil being stored there, the fire brigade staff had to fight hard with the flames for about half an hour. No one was injured. The cause of the fire is not known.



OFF COLOUR

How often do you hear yourself exclaiming "I am off colour". Do you know the cause for this exclamation. It is caused by your internal organisms functioning incorrectly. - Headaches, weakness, indigestion, loss of appetite, ill-temper, that make you feel "Off colour", can be banished by the regular use of **Magnesia San Pellegrino.**

Take a spoonful every morning, it will ensure the correct working of your system.

Price per bottle Rs. 1-8-0
„ single dose tin „ 0-3-0
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HYDROCELE

Provakar Oil Rs. 2. The best approved remedy for all types of Orchitis, Elephantiasis, Hernia, etc. Application removes pain at once and redness size and weight soon. A single trial will convince. KAVIRAJ R. SHASTRI, B.A., Kanchrapara (Bengal).

MAHATMA GANDHI

THE MAN AND HIS MISSION

This is an enlarged and up-to-date Edition of Mr. Gandhi's life and teachings, with an account of his activities in South Africa and India a sketch of the Non-Co-operation movement his great march in connection with "Salt Satyagraha," his arrest and internment, the Slocombe interview, the Sapru-Jayakar negotiations, the Round Table Conference, the Gandhi-Irwin Pact, the Rupture and the agreement with Lord Willingdon, down to his departure for London to attend the second Round Table Conference and his message from S. S. "Rajputana."

With appreciations by the Rt. Hon. Sastri, Tagore, Romain Rolland, Rev. Holmes, Sarojini Naidu, Mr. C. F. Andrews Mr. and Mrs. Polak, Lord Irwin, etc.

Re. 1. To Subs. of the "Indian Review" As. 12.

Hind Swaraj or Indian Home Rule

BY MAHATMA GANDHI

"It is certainly my good fortune that this booklet is receiving wide attention. It is a book which can be put into the hands of a child."—Mahatma Gandhi.

New and 3rd Edition. As. 8.

To Subscribers of the "Indian Review" As. 6.

ON KHADDAR

By Dr. PATTABHI SITARAMAYYA.

In this handy book, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya traces the causes that led to the destruction of many ancient crafts and industries of this country. He also illustrates by facts and figures the great advance the country has made by the step Mahatma Gandhi took by exalting the question of Khadda" on to the pedestal of a patriotic plank in the Congress platform and the measures adopted for the boycott of foreign cloth.

As. 8. To Subscribers of the "Indian Review" As. 6.

G. A. NATESAN & CO.,
Publishers, Madras.

SPINNING TESTS OF INDIAN COTTON

Work Of Matunga Technological Laboratory

The Indian Central Cotton Committee has issued the following press communique:—

In addition to tests on cottons bred under the auspices of the Provincial Agricultural Departments, the Technological Laboratory of the Indian Central Cotton Committee has been carrying out tests on samples of Indian Cottons of fair average quality, selected and supplied by the East India Cotton Association. The results of tests on samples sent by the East India Cotton Association were published in the form of Technological circulars and distributed freely among the trade The E. I. C. A. suplied 32 samlpes in 1929-30, which were reported upon in 12 Technological Circulars, anl 26 samples in 1930-31, the results of which were published in 8 Technological Circulars.

These tests proved to be so useful that their scope was later extended by an arrangement between the Committee and the Bombay and Ahmedabad Mill-owners' Associations. The Associations agreed to supply each season samples of the first arrivals of the new crop for a spinning test at the Laboratory. Last year 21 samples were tested and reported upon in 10 Technological Circulars. Thus the trade had an opportunity at as early a date in the season as possible to be acquainted with the spinning behaviour of the chief representative growths of the Indian crop.

UNDERLYING PRINCIPLES

The underlying principle for these tests has been to limit them to such as are of general interest to the trade. Preference is given to such samples as can be supplied regularly, from the same district of growth, in the successive seasons. An exception is made for such cottons as are of special technological importance and have such extraordinary features that work on these cottons may legitimately form part of the research activities of the Laboratory.

INCREASING DEMAND FOR TESTS.

This extension of the scope of tests in the Laboratory resulted in a greater demand than ever for spinning tests. There are a wrong impression created in some quarters that mills had only to send a sample and a test would follow immediately. When possible, some tests were made actually, but owing to the interference with the normal routine and research work of the Laboratory, a line had to be drawn.

LEVY OF NOMINAL FEES.

As there is every likelihood of a greater demand in the near future, the Committee gave the matter their careful consideration and laid down certain principles for dealing with samples submitted individually by mills. It was conirmed that samples submitted by the East India Cotton Association or Bombay and Ahmedabad Millowners' Associations, in accordance with the list approved by the Committee, should be tested free of cost as arranged. Samples from other quarters should be accepted on payment of nominal fees, provided such tests could be done without interfering with the normal work of the Laboratory.

The fee for a full test is Rs. 50 per sample, for a fibre and blow-room test Rs 25, and for a fibre or yarn test Rs. 15.

COUNTRYWIDE FAST AND PRAYER

Harijans Reiterate Faith In Gandhiji

The following are some of the places where hartals and fast were observed and prayers offered at public meetings where the "depressed" classes reiterated their faith in Gandhiji:

Nainital; Shamli; Sukkur; Sarvarkundla; Dhoraji; Vizianagram; Cocanada and Guntur.

At Nainital 'depresssed" classes were allowed into the Naindebi Temple. The orthodox Brahmins caste Hindus and the "depressed" classes took bath side by side in the temple tank and all took "prasadam" without distinction.

At Shamli Satyanarayan Kathas were held in temples and two public wells were thrown open to the "untouchables."

A salient feature of all the meetings was, Muslims and "depressed" classes attended in large numbers.

RAMKRISHNA MISSION AT DELHI

Its Activities And Requirements

The Second General Report of the Delhi Branch of the Ramakrishna Mission, in which are incorporated the activities of the Institution from September 1930 to December 1931, have been presented to the public. The Delhi Centre was started in May 1927. It has since been located in a rented house. Along with the regular preaching of the 'Sanatan Dharma' in Delhi and the surrounding provinces, it has conducted a free library and reading room, an outdoor charitable Dispensary and a Students Home (Vidyarthi Bhawan). The Students' Home has been closed for the present for want of suitable accommodation.

The work is carried on by resident Sannyasins and Brahmacharins who have renounced the world and have devoted themselves exclusively to spiritual pursuit. To them 'Seva' is also a form of spiritual 'Sadhana.' They look upon all persons, irrespective of caste, colour, creed or sex, as images of God and serve them as such.

HANDICAPS.

The activities of the Institution have been very much handicapped since its inception, by the narrow limits of a rented house. In order to avoid this difficulty, a permanent site measuring two acres has been secured at New Delhi. There the Ashrama, the Library, the Dispensary and the Students' Home will be accommodated as soon as the necessary buildings are erected.

BUILDINGS NEEDED.

The following buildings are of immediate necessity:—

(1) A two-storied building with four rooms on the ground floor for the Dispensary and three rooms on the first floor for the Library. The cost is estimated at Rs. 9500. Each room including verandah will require about Rs. 1.000.

(2) The residence of monastic workers including the shrine-room, the lecture-room, the office-room, etc. The cost of a room will vary from Rs. 800 to Rs. 1,500 according to dimensions.

The donors, if it so please them, may dedicate a building or a room to the loving memory of their friends and relatives.

Besides the Building Fund, contribution, in kind of coin, great or small, to anyone or more of the following funds will also be heartily welcome

(1) Library Fund—for the upkeep of the library. (2) Dispensary Fund—for the supply of medicines and other requisities. (3) General Fund—for the maintenance of monastic workers and other general expenses. (4) Publication Fund—for the publication of lives and the teachings of Sri Ramakrishna and Swami Vivekanand in Hindi and Urdu.

The Delhi Centre is still in its infancy awaiting the fostering care of generous hands.

ESCAPED FROM RESCUE HOME

Girl Wanted In Prostitution Case

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Jankibai, a young Northern Indian girl and another girl, who were living at the Rescue Home, slept in the kitchen on Saturday night. During the night both of them escaped from the Home by cutting open the ventilator of the kitchen and jumping over the barbed wire fencing. They have not been traced yet.

The above was the plea of the Police Prosecutor for asking a postponement, before Mr. I. N. Mehta, Presidency Magistrate. Girgaon, in a case in which Bhairoo Mulji, Durgaprasad and Radhabhai are charged under section 5 of the Prostitution Act.

As the girl was an important witness in the case and as the police had not yet traced the whereabouts of the girl, the Police Prosecutor asked for a postponement.

The Magistrate postponed the case to September 29, to enable the police to trace Jankibai.

Health Of Bombay

During the week ended on 17th instant, the total mortality 515 was 46 more than in the preceding week; the death rate registered was 23.1 on the Census population of 1931. These figures compare favourably with those for 38th week of 1931 when the mortality was 556 and death rate 22.3. The average mortality for the corresponding weeks during the preceding quinquennium 1927-31 was 496 and death rate 20.3.

Out of the total deaths, 163 were among infants under one year of age.

During the week. Smallpox caused 5 attacks and 4 deaths. Plague caused 3 attacks and 3 deaths and Cholera was absent.

THE FOOD YOU EAT

Bombay Exhibition

(From A Correspondent).

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Bombay Presidency Baby and Health Week Association (Bombay Branch) conducted a food and vitamins exhibition at DeLisle Road, Parel, for the benefit of the mill workers and their families residing in that area, on Saturday and Sunday last. The many wasteful methods practised at present in selecting and preparing foods were contrasted with useful ones which not only retain and improve the nutritious properties of common foods but lower their cost, a point of very great importance to the poor. Medical students acted as guides to the visitors. Dr. Socrates Noronha, the honorary secretary, requested Dr. K. S. Mhaskar. M.A., M.D., to open the exhibition.

Dr. H. V. Tilak then spoke on cheap and nutritious foods.

CHEAP FOODS.

"A nutritious food" may not necessarily mean that it is rich in nitrogenous and fatty substances only as is commonly supposed. Ten different food factors are necessary for the proper growth and nourishment of the body and all are important in their own way. It is possible to find foods that are quite cheap and yet nutritious in every one of the factors. The exhibits emphasized the following:—

(1) Fresh air.

(2) Sunshine is essential to the body, but as it can be had for nothing it is ignored like fresh air.

(3) Nitrogenous substances of higher order are necessary for the building of our tissues and for their daily wear and tear. They are found in milk. eggs and meat but being costly the poor cannot get enough of these. Somewhat similar substances, however, are found in the polishings of grains and seeds and in the cakes of oil seeds. The poor should therefore eat preparations of whole grains and seeds including oily seeds such as groundnuts. sesame, linseed, soya bean, etc.

(4) Oils and fats can be obtained cheaply by taking milk or eggs and oil seeds in the daily diet.

(5) Starchy food is necessary for maintaining heat and energy but more than two-thirds of it in our diet may lead to diarrhoea or diabetes.

(6) Salts are very important in building bones and teeth and maintaining the tone of tissues. They are found in abundance in the whole grains and seeds and in milk and vegetables We lose the valuable food factor when we eat only polished and refined foods.

ROUGHAGE.

(7) Cellulose or roughage found in the fibre of meat and vegetables and in the bran and skin of grains and seeds is essential as it provides a gentle stimulus to the bowels and ensures not only proper assimilation of food but a daily motion. The absence of this roughage in our refined foods is one of the causes of chronic constipation.

(8) Pure drinking water is very necessary for stimulating digestive secretions and purifying our tissues of waste products.

(9) Condiments are good only if taken in moderation.

(10) Vitamins of six different kinds have been discovered recently. They are necessary for the growth and nourishment of the body. They are found in abundance in our daily foods provided we prepare them in a certain way. Their deficiency leads to impaired growth and a number of diseases.

PROTECTIVE FOOD.

Milk, vegetables and sprouted grains are rich in many of the food-factors and fill up the deficiency in our daily diet whether vegetarian or mixed. That is why they are called balancers of foods or protective foods. Our daily diet should be balanced that is, should contain all the food factors in proper proportions. A deficiency or excess of any, if going on for a long time. usually leads to ill health.

The balanced diet for a vegetarian and non-vegetarian was shown in the exhibition.

Dr. Tilak explained a number of diseases that are due to faulty nourishment and pleaded for the holding of similar exhibitions in different wards of the city as well as in schools, colleges and boarding houses This exhibition was attended by about 500 people.

Dr. S. W. Patil delivered an interesting magic lantern lecture on Sunday on some wasteful methods followed in the preparation of food.

Tumsar Observes Hartal

(From A Correspondent).

TUMSAR, Sept. 21.

At a meeting of the "Depressed" Classes held here yesterday and resolutions were passed demanding joint electorate and questioning the leadership of Dr. Ambedkar.

A complete hartal was observed and a big procession was taken out, the "Depressed" Classes participating and it terminated in a prayer meeting for Gandhiji's long life.

INSPIRATION FROM MAHATMA GANDHI

Fasting And Praying

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I am a Parsi by birth, but a nationalist in my heart of hearts. By temperament, however, I am not a politician and, therefore, do not take active part in politics, but my sympathies are always with the patriots of the land. Mahatma Gandhi is undoubtedly the greatest and the best of all patriots. At a most psychological moment he has chosen the path of "fasting unto death," and that too for a very, very noble cause. He has thereby inspired many and aroused the noblest feeling of love in many. When he is fasting unto death, in sympathy with him many have fasted at least for a day.

I too a humble Parsi friend—fasted yesterday and to my joy most successfully. Neither taking a morsel of food, nor drinking a drop of water during the whole day from sunrise to sunset (save drinking very little water at bedtime) I sustained myself surprisingly well at the same time keeping busy with the daily routine. Moreover, when I was invited to dine out last night I kept up the fast, all respecting my resolution for the day and all passed well. I write this personal note to show what Gandhi's inspiration can do for all of us. Really in such a beautiful way the Law of Telepathy works. Along with the continuous and common fast, was not yesterday—a day of praying and rejoicing. Praying that not only the depressed and suppressed classes of India—but of all nations be uplifted, and rejoicing that the day will now soon dawn when the Rulers and the Ruled will join hands and in the happiness of each there will be happiness for all.

May our prayers be soon fufilled may our rejoicings be soon shared by nations of every land on one hand and Governments on the other. Let there be Peace and Goodwill everywhere. Let me conclude in the ennobling words of Tennyson:—

"Ring out the Old, ring in the New,
Ring, happy bells, across the snow:
Ring out the feud of rich and poor,
Ring in redress to all mankind.
"Ring out a slowly dying cause,
And ancient forms of party strife,
Ring in the nobler modes of life,
With sweeter manner, purer laws.
"Ring out false pride in place and blood,
The civic slander and the spite,
Ring in the love of Truth and Right,
Ring in the common love of good."

—Yours, etc.,

K.J.B. WADIA.

Juhu, Bombay, Sept. 21.

MAHATMAJI'S FAST.

To The Editor of the "Chronicle"

Sir—Ramkrishna Paramanansha used to narrate the story of a disciple who was walking by the side of the road in a meditative mood while the words of his Master were ringing through his ears. The Master had said that "everything in this Universe is God itself."

At a distance in front the mahaut was drivi his elephant and beseeching the pedestrians to clear away. The disciple made up his mind. The words of the Master again came before his mind's eye." Why should I clear away from the road" said he to himself "when the elephant is God iself." He did not heed the warnings of the mahout and prostrated before the running elephant. In a wounded state he was brought before the Master. "I have got this reward" said he to the Master "for following your advice." "Child" said the Master "You got this reward for partially following my advice. You recognised God in the elephant but at the same time you did not recognise God in the Mahout who beseeched you to clear away from the road.

Referring to his decision to fast "unto death", Mahatmaji writes that it is a "Call from God". Hindu India to a man is imploring him to desist from his decision. Narayanas in the form of destitute millions beg of him to give up the fast. Is the call from God Shiva more appealing to him than the call from Shiva in Siva? Is he going to turn a deaf ear to the call of Daridri-Narayanas in preference to the call from an imaginary God who is somewhere residing above the skies? Which God is he going to respect and worship? By his crucifixion he will do an immense harm to the voiceless millions. To-day he is an awe and terror to many social bigots. From his disappearance from the physical plane the tocial aid religious bigots will habe a free field. His crucifixion will not make them alter their outlook. The religious and social Hindu bureaucracts have no heart. Swami Vivekanand once said that "they (the priests) would never mend. their hearts would never come big. They are the offspring of centuries of superstition and tyranny". Mahatmaji's self-destruction is, obviously, not going to move the hearts of these bigots. And therefore Gandhi MUST LIVE at any cost.—Yours, etc.,

S. N. KULKARNI.

Dadar, Sept. 19.

A RYOT'S GRIEVANCE

To the Editor of The "Chronicle".

Sir,—I hope you will kindly publish the following few lines and enable me to ventilate a grievance through your esteemed paper.

In 1930, the Taluka Local Board, Venguria, passed a resolution that a new road from 'Redi' to 'Kanyal' should be constructed Under these circumstances, the proper course for it would have been to widen the already existing lane otherwise called 'Panand'. In fact the owners of the lands adjoining this strip of the land constituting the lane were quite willing to give their portion of land for widening purpose 'free' and they have also stated in writing to that effect But instead of doing this the Board, passed a resolution that the road should be taken through my mango-garden which would necessitate cutting of many valuable mango-trees.

I protested against this injustice to the District Local Board, Ratnagiri, the Collector of Ratnagiri and Under Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Revenue Department, and after having done all this, the Sub Divisional Officer saw the place and recommended that the already existing lane should be widened and that there was no necessity of taking the Road through my mango-garden. The Collector 'again' referred to the Taluka Local Board and the Board is following a policy, which in my opinion is far from constitutional in this matter. Instead of discussing the question in an open meeting, a resolution is being circulated. If the majority of the Board agree to it the recommendation of the Sub-Divisional Officer will be ignored and I will suffer.

Will the Collector of Ratnagiri and the District Local Board Step in and set the matter alright before it is too late?—Yours etc.,

LAXMAN VENGAJI KAMAT.

Redi, Venguria, Sept. 8.

Now is the time to rely on HORLICK'S!

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GREAT care is required during convalescence . . when you are gradually returning to health and strength. This is the time to take Horlick's Malted Milk—it supplies the nourishing elements the impaired system needs, without taxing in any way the weakened digestion.

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Other Himani Soaps: Bakul, Jasmine, White Rose, Lavender, Khus, HIMANI (White), Sandal and MARGOSUL, COAL TAR, etc. for all tastes.
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MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

BOMBAY, Sept. 22

B. C. Rate T T 1|6 3-32.
B. C. Rate D. D. 1|6 3-32
LONDON:—
Banks selling T. T. 1|6 1|8 Sep. Oct.
Banks Selling D. D. 1|6 1|8
Banks Selling T. T. 1|5 3|32 Nov./Dec
Banks Buying T. T 1|6 3-16.
Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/16.
Banks Buying 3 Months 1|6 9-32 Sep./October
Banks Buying 3 Months 1.6 1/4 Nov/Dec
NEW YORK:—
B C Rate T T 384.
Banks Selling T T 383.
Banks Buying T T 381.
PARIS—
Banks Selling D D 663.
Banks D D 673
AMSTERDAM
Banks Selling D D 64 7/8.
JAPAN—
Banks Selling T 8 93.
Banks Buying 60 days 88
HONGKONG—
Banks Selling D D 90 5/8.
SHANGHAI—
Banks Selling D D 119 1/4.
SINGAPORE—
Banks selling D D 15b
JAVA—
Banks Selling D D 65.
CROSS RATE—
New York/London 3.46 1/8 21st inst.
Shanghai/London 1/9 1/8 22nd inst.
Japan/London 1/4 5/8 21st inst.
London/Paris 88.40 21st inst.
London/Belgium 24.96 21st inst.
London/Switzerland 17.96 21st inst.
London/Italy 67.50 21st inst.
London/Berlin 14.55 21st inst.
London/Holland 8.63 21st inst.
London/Stockholm 19 94 21st inst
London/New York 3.46 1/2 21st inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steadier.
Gold £5/18/8 20th inst. £5/18/10 21st inst.
Silver London Ready 17 5/8 20th inst.; 17 11/16 21st inst.
Silver London Forward 17 11/16 20th inst.; 17 13/16 21st inst.
Silver New York Ready 27 9/16 20th inst.; 28 21st inst.
London Discounts 3 Mos 21/32 per cent 20th inst; 21/32 per cent 21st inst.
London Discounts 6 Mos 1 3/32 per cent. 20th inst.; 1 3/32 per cent. 21st inst.
Imperial Bank Rate 4 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent
Money: Call 1 per cent.
3 Mos 2 per cent.
6 Mos 2 3/4 per cent.
Tone:—Easy.

INDORE MARKETS

INDORE, Sept. 21.

Messrs. Gangadhar Waman & Co. have issued the following report:—
Seeds Wheat & Cotton. Rate per mani of 6 mds. Bengal.
Wheat Bombay pass Rs. 19 20
Wheat Malwi Rs. 18 19
Wheat Pissi Rs. 17 18
Gram Rs. 15 16
Teelseed Rs. 40 46
Linseed bold brown Rs. 20 21
Cottonseed Rs. 15 16
Wheat flour Maida per bag of 95 srs 10/3
Wheat flour Rava per bag of 95 srs 11/6
Wheat flour Ata per bag of 90 srs 8/6
Wheat flour Chapad per bag of 40 srs 2/11
Cotton Malwi per boja of 4 mds Bengal 75/0 80
Cotton Nimari per boja of 4 mds Bengal 70 75
Cotton Broach opening 205 per candy
Cotton Broach closing 207 per candy

INDORE SHARE MARKET.

P N Bhandari Ltd. L State Mills 100 43
Malwa United Mills Ltd 100-12/8 340
Hukumchand Mills Ltd 100-10 222/8
Kalyanmal Mills Ltd. (ordy) 100-12/8 142
Kalyanmal Mills Ltd (Pref) 100-7 98
Nandlal Bhandari Mills Ltd. 100-3/8
Rajkumar Mills Ltd 100- 37
Swadeshi Cotton & Flour Mills Ltd 100 26
Binod Mills Ltd 100-12/8 128
Hukumchand Jute 7/8-0 16
Indore Navayuga Mills Ltd 50 12/
Bank of Indore Ltd 25 20/8

LONDON SILVER

London, Sept. 21.

Silver—Market is quietly steady
Spot 17-11|16.
Forward 17-13|16.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Sept. 21.

T.T. London on—

Berlin	14.53-1|2
Amsterdam	8.61-3|4
Brussels	21.91
Madrid	42.15
Milan	67 46
Berne	17.94
Paris	88.31
Prague	117.00

New York (closing rate) 3.46-1|4

SHIPPING

ARRIVALS.

Bombay, Sept 22.
C|Birmingham, Wilson. New York.
Rajputana, Headlam, London.

DEPARTURES.

Bombay, Sept. 22.
Aungben, Buckley, Rangoon.
Rajputana, Headiam, Kobe.
Burdwan, David, London.
Varela, Wordingham, Busrah.

LOADING

Bombay, Sept 22

Steamer Malwa for London
Steamer Vasna for Busrah.

S.S. C|Birmingham—The F F Campbell Coy's steamer City of Birmingham, arrived in barbour yesterday from New York with a general cargo.

S.S. Aungban.—The B S O S and D Co's steamer Aungban sailed yesterday for Rangoon with a general cargo.

S.S. Burdwan.—The P and O S N Coy's steamer Burdwan sailed yesterday for London with a general cargo.

S.S. Varela—The B I S N Co's steamer Varela, sailed yesterday for Busrah with a general cargo and passengers.

EXPORT.

Bombay, September 22.

S.S. Malwa for London.—5 cases raw unsalted fox skin untanned H B Ramjee and Co; 1 pkg. tanned goat skin H R Rehmanbhai and Co.

For Malta:—3 bales Ind. cotton carpets Geganmal Ramchand.

For Marseilles.—200 cases gum olibanum A. H. Mavji and Co.

S.S. President Monroe for Vasna via Port Said.—20 bales cotton yarn Rasiklal Shantilal and Co.

Beyrauth via Port said.—19 bales country cotton grey yarn A El. Egil; 12 bales county cotton grey yarn A H Diab.

For Alexandretta—40 bales country cotton grey yarn A H. Diab.

For New York.—6 cases Ind. raw blank skin D Abraham and Sons.

S.S. Tarantia for Manchester—70 bags gum karaya N Mooljee and Co.

For Marseilles—2667 bags groundnut kernels K. M. Nathoo.

For Barcelova.—25 bales raw Ind. cotton Bhaidas Mawji and Co; 100 bales raw Ind. cotton Baidas Mawji and Co.

For Liverpool.—4 bales Indian wool raw Karimbhai Lalubhai; 36 bales Indian wool raw The Bombay Company Ltd; 25 bales Indian wool raw The Bombay Company Ltd.

S.S. City of Cairo for Liverpool—100 bales cotton yarn waste Manubhai Narotamdas; 90 bales Indian wool raw S. M. A. Mawji and Co; 45 bales Indian wool raw Eillanji and Co; 150 bales wool raw Eranji and Co

For Manchester.—125 bales Ind. cotton The Patel Cotton Co.

S.S. Birkenfels for Bremen:—540 bags bazri ghatty M. Bhuta and Co.

S.S. Kidderpore for Yokkaichi —300 bales Ind. cotton raw Ralli Bros

For Kobe:—200 bales Ind. cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading Co.

For Kobe:—200 bales Ind cotton raw Ralli Bros.; 268 bales Gnd. cotton raw Madhavdas Amersey and Co.; 800 bales Ind. cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading Co.; 193 bales Ind. cotton raw S. Karamshie and Co

For Yokohama.—300 bales Gnd cotton raw Ralli Bros.

For Shanghai:—200 bales Gnd. raw cotton Japan Cotton Cotton Trading Co.

S.S. Posijama for Venice.—63 bales Ind. cotton raw Ralli Bros. 440 bales Ind. raw cotton Brent and Co.

For Trieste:—133 bags Ind. groundnut kernel T. S. Thodani and Sons; 110 bales Ind. cotton raw Sept. Textile Products.

S.S. Baroda for London:—5 cases raw dnsalted fox skin nntanned with hair H. B. Ramjee and Co.

S.S. Burdwan for London:—27 bales c. cotton rags Bombay Waste Manufacturing Co.; 7 bales per rank skin with fur A. W. G. Husainzadha; 2 bales per rank skin with fur I. F. Levy; 8 bales per rank skin with fur I. F. Levy.

S.S. City of Birmingham for New York:—19 cases Ind. cotton prints Messrs. Grindley and Co.

IMPORTS.

S.S. Col-De-Lana agents Lloyd Triestino from Trieste:—750 bales and 16 crates Ashestos cement corrugated sheets; 38 cases iron carriage bolts and nuts; 12 cases cotton yarn thread; 25 cases wooden bobbins for the textile industry; 589 spools barbed iron wire; 324 bales cellulose; 73 cases lamps globes; 10 cases tinware; 85 bundle. steel in bars; 14 pieces steel in bars; 100 cases hemp twine; 90 cases and 37 cases hollow glass lamp chimneys; 40 cases lamps; 32 cases shipt chain; 62 cases chain for animal; 9 cases tin hoxes; 38 cases rubber insertion sheets; 6 cases rubber goods; 8 cases German silver diskes; 8 cases sewing machines with treadle stands; 6 cases electric cables; 2044 pieces deal wood rough boards; 971 bales papers; 215 kegs rose nails; 163 coils steel wires; 55 bales writing papers; 26 cs. machinery; 69 cases tin boxes; 38 cases rubber inses shoes; 10 cases medicine; 1207 cases glass bangles; 11 cases electric goods.

From Venice:—4 cases cotton embroidery; 348 pieces marble slabs; 16 cases wollen tissues; 36 cases glass beads; 323 cases art. silk yarn.

From Brindisi:—2000 baskets potatoes; 18 keg. tartaric powder

From Massaiva:—15 kegs nakhla shells.

From Aden:—22 empty iron drums; 10 bdles. goat skin; 5 bdles. sheep skin.

STOCK EXCHANGE

Better Tone Prevails

(SPECIAL CABLE).

LONDON, Sept. 21.

The Stock Exchange has shown renewed strength. Internationals were particularly prominent, following the revival of Wall Street activity. Chief interest in other departments was mainly in minings. with diamonds an especially strong feature.

A better tone prevail in commodity markets. Wheat improved, millers generally showing more interest

Metals were again better on sentiment influenced by an up turn in stock markets. Sugar was irregular, British refiners having reduced prices by three pence.

Wall Street is strong and is advancing sharply under active and aggressive buying.—Reuter

Indian Oversea's Trade

BOMBAY, Sept. 21.

The Collector of Customs, Bombay, has issued the following to the Press:—

The following monthly figures of Indian Overseas Trade have been received from the Director-General of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics, Calcutta, for the month of August, 1932:—

	Rupees (in lakhs).
Total exports of private merchandise	1.113
Total expores of private merchandise	1.028
Net movement of treasure exports	438
Total visible balance of trade, merchandise and treasure in favour of India	354*
Balance of remittances of funds adverse to India	426

*Excluding goods such as Railway materials for State Railways under Company Management, which are not paid for in the ordinary way and cannot be taken into account in the balance of trade.—A.P.

B. P. T. Dock Staff's Grievances

—:o:—

The following resolutions among others have been passed by the B. P. T. Dock Staff Union at its annual meeting.—

(1) This annual meeting is of opinion that quarterly interviews should be held (as in the Calcutta Port Trust) with the Chairman and the emmbers of the Trustees Staff Sub-Committee to represent the grievanres of the employees, and that the chairman be requested to accede to the same:

(2) That the Sub-Committee consisting the following members be appointed to investigate into the grievances of the export cargo receivers, gate-keepers delivery clerks, tally and remark clarks, and report to the Managing Committee by the 5th October 1932; that on account of the inadequac of staff in different sections the staff are overworked. Therefore this meeting earnestly requests the trustees to supply adequate staff. (Messrs. Sequeira, Joshi, Tosai, Kar Obare, Rusheed, and Swamy were elected to the sub-Committee).

The names of some of the members of the Manging Committee for the year 1932-1933 are given below:—

Mr. S. C. Joshi, (President.)
A. N. Surve, (Vice-President.)
L. J. Sequeira, (Vice-President.)
V. K. Satam. (Vice-President.)
Jos E. L. D'Souza (Advocate) (Secretary).

"MAN WHO CAUSED RIOTING"

Muslim Landlord To Be Baaied Out

HIGH COURT'S ORDER

Bombay, Thursday.

Mr. Justice Patker and Mr. Justice Barlee, on the Appellate Side of the High Court, admitted the appeal of Ahmed Hasham Soudagar, a Muslim landlord.

The accused was sentenced by the Presidency Magistrate, second court, to an aggregate term of three months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 2,000 on charges of causing a riot by causing wanton provocation, rioting and mischief.

It was alleged by the prosecution that in October last, a rumour got circulated that a motor driver was murdered near a tea shop at Bhendy Bazar. This created a great excitement and a crowd of Moguls and Mahomedans collected at the place. At that time, the accus. who was there, was alleged to have smashed a cup on the wall of the shop. This caused further excitement, as a result of which a riot broke out.

Mr. G. N. Thakore with Mr. B. G. Thakore appeared to apply for admission of the accused's appeal.

Counsel stated that the magistrate had told the accused that he would not send him to jail, if he gave Rs. 5,000 in charity. The accused's defence was that he was falsely involved in the case, and that he was not present at the place.

Their Lordships admitted the appeal and ordered the accused to be released on bail on his depositing Rs. 2,000 in court, and on his entering into a personal bond of Rs. 5,000 and a surety for the same amount.

KILLED BY HEAVY STONE

Accident At Sewree Quarry

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Coroner held a jury this morning at an inquest held over the body of one Pandurang Tukaram.

From the evidence it transpires that Pandurang with some others was working at a quarry at Sewree just below a hill nearly 60 feet high. Yesterday, while he was working there a heavy stone from above the hill accidentally fell on his head and died immediately.

A verdict of accidental death was returned.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE,

Civil Appointments

Mr. E. W. Trotman, I.C.S., on return from leave, to officiate as Political Agent, Rewa Kantha, vice Mr. W. Dillon, I.C.S.

Mr. I. H. Taunton, I.C.S. on return to duty, to officiate as Political Agent, Aalkot, vice Mr. H. F. Knight, I.C.S.

From 1st Ortober 1981 vice Khan Bahadur D. K. Billimoria retired. Mr. Dwarkanath Shivram Raje, provisionally substantive Deputy Superintendent of Police, to be substantive Deputy Superintendent of Police.

From 26th February 1932 vice Mr. Zal K. N. Kabraji retired:—Mr. Narayan Ganesh Joshi to be substantive Deputy Superintendent of Police.

Mr. G. B. Constantine, I.C.S., Assistant Judge and Assistant Sessions Judge, Ahmedabad, to be Assistant Judge and Additional Sessions Judge, Ahmedabad.

Mr. Yasinmian Amirmian Faruki, Acting Deputy Collector, Kaira, is granted leave on average pay for four months from the date of relief.

Mr. J. A. Pope, C.I.E., I.C.S. has been allowed by the High Commissioner for India an extension of leave on half average pay for sixteen months.

BOMBAY CITY RAINFALL

Bombay, Sept. 22.

Rainfal at.—

Rainfall during 24 hours 8 a.m. of date 22-9-32: Colaba Point 0.00"; Fort 0.00"; J. J. Hospital 0.00".

Total since 1st June to date 22-9-32: Colaba Point 63.84; Fort 70.28; J. J. Hospital 66.46.

Total for the corresponding period of 1930: Colaba Point 87.46; Fort 89.31; J. J. Hospital 93.61.

Total for the corresponding period of 1931: Colaba Point 81.49; Fort 90.99; J. J. Hospital 83.93.

"LOST HIS EYE"

COMPENSATION DEMAND

Appeal Against Chief Presidency Magistrate's Order

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Mr. Justice Patkar and Mr. Justice Rangnekar High Court heard the revisional application of Nanaksing Kunderam, a Sikh, against the order of the Chief Presidency Magistrate rejecting his claim for Rs. 10,000 as compensation for personal injury sustained at the hands of some Muslims during the communal riots in May last.

The petitioner stated that he was working as a "Mistry" (carpenter) in a firm at Chinchbunder Road. On the evening of the 14th May, while he was going to Shroff Bazaar to make some purchases, he was set upon by a crowd of Muslims who stabbed him with a knife on the head. For these injuries, he was treated in hospital for a fortnight. On June 2, he was charged with keeping a "Kirpan" in contravention of the Police Commissioner's order prohibiting the carrying of lethal weapons, and sentenced to one month's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 100. He was, however, released by Government's order before the expiry of his term.

EYE REMOVED.

Subsequently, the left eye of the petitioner was completely removed under medical advice, as a result of the injury received during the riots. He filed a claim for Rs. 10,000, under section 45 of Bombay Act IV of 1902, as compensation for the personal injury suffered by him, for which he was in no way responsible. The claim was rejected by the Chief Presidency Magistrate as being time barred.

APPEAL TO HIGH COURT.

Against this the petitioner appealed to the High Court.

Mr. B. G. Thakor appeared for the petitioner.

It was contended that the injured eye was removed on June 16, as was proved by the affidavit field in the High Court. And as the claim was filed on July 13, it was within one month of the injury. The claim was not, therefore, time-barred.

Their lordships directed the present application to be stay for two months to enable the petitioner to approach the magistrate on the new ground that as a matter of fact, there was no delay in filing the claim.

Child's Fatal Fall From Fifth Floor

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Instantaneous death due to the fracture of the skull was resulted from the fall of a child, two years and a half old, from the fifth floor of a building last evening.

It appears that Mohinibai Wanshimal, the child was playing in the gallery on the fifth floor of a building on Carnac Road, at 6 p.m. on Wednesday. Although there are metal rallings to the gallery, the child was seen suddenly falling down by a neighbour who hurried down and saw that the head of the child had been smashed.

The child was found unconcious, while on the way to the G. T. Hospital, it expired.

At an inquest held over the body of the child, the Coroner's Jury returned a verdict of death due "to the fracture of the skull due to an accidental fall from the fifth floor of a building."

ADULT FRANCHISE

SAUGOR, Sept. 21.

(From A Correspondent.)

Hindus including the Depressed Classes observed fast and offered prayers on September 20.

A crowded meeting of the Depressed and other communities was held at Chakraghat, where two resolutions were unanimously adopted praying for the life of Mahatma Gandhi, and expressing their unparallel devotion and faith in him as the only representative of the Depressed Classes.

The other resoluton from the Depressed community urgently pressed for their educational, physical and financial improvement and laid stress on the need of joint electorates with adult franchise.

The doors of the important temples in the city were thrown open for ever.

ADVANCEMENT OF HISTORIC RESEARCH

"The North Of Konkan Institute"

Too often the tourist's easy impressions of "modern" and "cosmopolitan" Bombay are taken seriously. It is seldom realised that Bombay, like New Delhi, is in the neighbourhood of many ancient historic towns. The new Bombay has, perhaps, eclipsed the memory and achievements of many Bombays which preceded. The task of the "North Konkan Research Institute to be inaugurated early next month will, consequently be to bring to light the varied ancient monuments of historic and artistic importance with which he suburbs of Bombay have been enriched. It will preserve historical treasures discovered in the North Konkan area and will make them available for study by scholars. The headquarters of the Institute will be at Bandra, where a Museum of Antiquities will be maintained and all its resources made available to every serious student of history, art or culture, irrespective of caste or creed. Mr. Braz Fernandes, the well-known student of history, who was one of those mainly responsible for the founding of the Bombay Historical Society has been appointed the Research Director of the new organisation with the Very Rev. D. D'Sa, Dean of West Salsette and Mr. Jos. Alex. Dias, Solicitor as President and Secretary respectively.

The institute will, naturally, serve as a very useful feeder to the Bombay Historical Society. The co-operation of all local educational institutions has been generously extended to the new Institution and Dr. M.B. Rehman, the Principal of the Ismail College at Andheri is decidedly one of those prominent educationists, who have promised their active help and support. Unquestionably the "North Konkan Research Institute" is a long-sought for but long deferred educational necessity.

JOINT ELECTORATE

Mobilising Opinion Of The Depressed Classes

(From A Correspondent)

NAGPUR, Sept. 22.

In an interview, Dr. Khare says "I am confident that on Sunday September 25, signatures or thumb impressions of all the adults from the depressed classes favouring joint electorate should be taken throughout India. This will materially help the Government to revise their award, on the assumption that this revision is dependent only on the desire of the depressed classes to accept joint electorate.

Mahatma Gandhi's latest explanation has removed every difficulty in the way of the depressed class members and it would be a great pity, if the Government unwittingly force self-immolation on Mahatma Gandhi shortly through a misconception of what the majority of the depressed classes themselves want."

Bombay S. P. C. A.

—:o:—

During the month of August last the Society employed in all 46 agents. Of these, 1 was absent, 2 were on sick leave, 2 were employed for office and hospital work and 2 were working at Bandra. 39 Agents who were employed for outdoor work succeeded in prosecuting 1,459 cases during the month. In 1,231 cases accused were fined more or less, including 3 aggravated cases in which the accused were fined. In two cases the accused were fined Rs. 20 each for permitting unfit horses to be used for labour. In 109 cases the accused were fined for overloading carts of these, 51 were loaders and 58 were drivers; and 2 cases the accused were fined and imprisonment in default.

230 animals were treated as out-patients gratis by the Society's Veterinary Inspectors at the Society's dispensaries at different courts. These include cases brought by the Police.

The two Agents appointed at Mandra prosecuted 25 cases of cruelty and convictions were obtained in 23 cases and fines aggregating to Rs. 46 were imposed, the accused in the other cases were warned and discharged.

Free Pestonji Hukimji Maternity Home

The annual day of the Free Maternity Home at Gholwad, was celebrated under the presidentship of Mrs. Sulochanabai Bhat in the premises of the Bordi High School on Sunday last. Dr. Pathak emphasised the necessity of such charitable institutions in the rural areas. Mr. Save read the report stating that 46 cases from almost all communities and castes including the depressed classes were treated and all of them were safe.

Dr. Barve and Mr. Bhise requested the audience to help such a noble cause.

The president in her speech thanked Miss Dhanbaiji Hakimji for giving her house and annual grant of Rs. 500 to the Home, and other donors from all the parts of the district.

WAMAN KABADI'S FINE

Notice To Police To Return Articles

BOMBAY, Thursday.

An application to issue a notice to the superintendent of police of the "C" division to show cause why the articles seized by the police from his flat to recover the fine levied on his brother, Mr. Waman Kabadi and to stay the sale of the articles, was made this morning by Mr. K. R. Bhende, advocate, in the court of Mr. D. N. D. Khandalavala, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, on behalf of Mr. Ramrao P. Kabadi.

It was stated in the application that Mr. Waman P. Kabadi brother of the applicant, was convicted by the court on August 27, last under the Ordinance and sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 50, in default three months' further imprisonment. Armed with a warrant issued by the court sub-Inspector Padwal, of the Gamdevi police station went to the flat of the applicant on September 19, and seized a Columbia portable gramophone and two wooden cots in order to recover the fine of Rs. 50. The applicant protested that his brother, Mr. Waman Kabadi, was not staying with him and the articles which the police wanted to seize belonged to the applicant. The police, however, did not mind the objection and seized the articles.

The application therefore prayed to the court to issue a notice to the superintendent of police of the "C" division to show cause why the articles should not be returned. He further praved that meanwhile the sale of the articles should be postponed.

The court granted the application and ordered the issue of a notice to the superintendent of police of the "C" division.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET

CALCUTTA, September 22.

Jute shares opened firm but afterwards fell away due to profit-taking. In coals a few deals were reported at about current levels. Teas were neglected. Miscellaneous section showed no change. Government securities were quiet. Following were today's quotations:—

Three and a half per cent. Government Paper 68|7, small lot; 4-1|2 per cent. loan 1955|60 89|10; 5 per cent. bonds 1933 101|6; 5 per cent. loan 1945|55; 104|10; 5 per cent. loan 1939|44 99|3.

Railways—Hardwar Dehra Railway 94; Kalighat Falta Railway 62.

Cottons.—Bengal Luxmi 72|8, small lot; Kesoram 4|6; New Victoria ordy 2.

Coals.—Bengal Giridih 1|10; Burrakur 9 small odd lot; West Jamuria 6|8.

Jute Shares.—Alliance ordy. 223; Anglo India 225|8 small lot; Auckland 176 small lots; Bally 129 small lot; Bangalore 130 small lot; Belvedere 312 small lots; Budge Budge 308 small lots. Cheviot 214|8 small lot; Clive 25|8; Dalhousie 328; Delta 329; Gouripore 268; Howrah 41|4 small lot; Hukumchannd 18|12; Kamarhatty 397|8 small lot; Kinnison 576 small lot; Lansdowne 143 small lot; National 20|8 small lot; Orient 207|8; Presidency 4|11; Reliance 64|8 small lot.

Miscellaneous.—Ajmer Electric 512; Bengal Telephone pref. 12; Patna electric 12|6 small lot Bengal Iron 2|8; Indian Standard Wagon ordy. 31|4; Tata Iron and Steel ordy. 25 small lot; Indian cables 3; Bengal paper ordy. 57|4 ex dib.; Titaghur paper ordy. 10|4; Titaghur paper defd. 3|12; Bengal bonded ware house "A" 500; Midnapore Zemindary 79; Indian general navigation pref. 92.

Sugar Shares.—Murree Brewery 102; New Savan 14|12; Samastipur 13|10.—A.P.

At mass meeting held on Tuesday at Margao (Goa) held by all the Scout troops a resolution was passed regretting "very much the Mahatma's avowal of the fast till death" and hoped that "he will safely come out of it."

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JUPITER GENERAL
Insurance Co.. Ltd. has its Head Office in Fort Bombay.
J11

REGD. NO B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M MEHTA IN 1913

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1932

JUPITER GENERAL
has branches and agencies in principal towns in India.
J12

POONA "DEPRESSED" CLASS LEADER'S APPEAL TO MAHATMA

Accept Rajah-Moonje Pact

DR. AMBEDKAR HAS A SMALL FOLLOWING

Mr. P. N. Rajabhoj, the leader of the deputation consisting of Mr. K. G. Limaye, the Editor of "Dnyanprakash," Mr. S. M. Mate, Mr. K. K. Sakat, Mr. Shinde, Mr. Karande and others who had a discussion with Mahatma Gandhi at the Yeravda Prison for about two hours on behalf of the Provincial Branch of the All-India Depressed Class Association, interviewed said that he and other "Depressed" Class leaders with Mr. G. A. Gavai, from Nagpur, Mr. Devidas Jatav from Delhi, Mr. Deorukhkar from Bombay and others thoroughly disapprove of the schme suggested by Dr. Ambedkar as it does not very materially differ from the scheme of Separate Electorate.

A SMALL CLIQUE

The demands of Dr. Ambedkar are based upon the interest of a small section of the "Depressed" Classes which he represents and not in the interest of the "Depressed" Classes as a whole. From the interview that Mr. Rajabhoj had with Mahatma Gandhi he could very well see that the scheme suggested by Dr. Ambedkar would not receive the ascent of Mahatmaji as he was very firm on the point of not giving separate electorate, to the "Depressed" Classes as it would out them away from the other Hindus, and thus perpetuate "untouchability."

In the reply which Mahatmaji had written to Mr. Rajabhoj's letter Mahatmaji was prepared to break his fast if the "Depressed" Class Leaders and the Caste Hindus Leaders reached an agreement and if the former accepted Joint Electorates and reservation of seats and though Mahatmaji was not prepared to bless such a scheme still the letter of vow being satisfied he would break his fast.

After this interview with Mahatmaji Mr. Rajbhoj had a discussion with Messrs. Kelkar, Dr. Moonje and Aney in Bombay and is in communication with Pandit Malviyaji.

RAJBHOJ'S LETTER TO MAHATMA

(The following is a copy of a letter sent to Mahatma Gandhi, on behalf of the Bombay Presidency branch of the All-India Depressed Classes Association, Bombay, over the signatures of President Mr. P. N. Rajbhoj, and other members:—

"Dear Mahatmaji,

We, the President and Members of the All-India Depressed Classes Association, Bombay Presidency, Branch Poona, have learnt with profound sorrow that you have resolved to fast unto death if the settled fact of the Communal Award is not unsettled. We are equally sorrow to learn that the Prime Minister is not at all prepared to alter a syllable of this Award. He has, however, left open one way out of the difficulty, viz., that if the Caste Hindus and the Depressed Classes agree to accept a particular formula, he would accept it himself and would so amend the Award.

Such a formula has, indeed, been already found and accepted by a great majority of the Depressed Classes, that formula being the famous Raja-Moonje Pact. Now, it is no use disguising the fact that a certain section of our own communities would have nothing to do with the Pact.

The Prime Minister apparently justifies his position by pointing to the divergence existing between these two parties; and strangely enough the impression in official circles is that this latter group is numerically the stronger of the two and therefore, more representative of the opinion of the Depressed Classes in general.

NOT NUMERICALLY STRONG

The fact of the matter is not that the group is numerically stronger but that it has had given to it better opportunities of putting its own case at the proper place. Now, the strength of this group remains what it is for this reason that there is a vague fear in the mind of most of them that you are not only against separate electorate but also against reservation of seats. Interested parties have spread this version of your views among the 'Depressed Classess" with deliberate assiduity. No wonder, therefore, most of them who have, with the deepest thankfulness, hailed your services in the matter of their social uplift, have stood aloof from this Pact. They fear that without reserved seats their interests will not be safeguarded nor are their fears, we submit, ill-founded. They certainly wish that no hing in the proposed constitution should be done which shall widen the existing gulf between the higher classes and Depressed Classes as separate electorates would certainly do; but at the same time they also wish that some provision be made for safeguarding their interes s which have good need to be safeguarded.

ACCEPT RAJA-MOONJE PACT.

We think that statesmanship lies in harmonising these two views and submit that the Raja-Moonje Pact has successfully harmonised them. If, therefore, you declare your readiness to assent to this Pact, most of those who have stood aloof from it or have joined the Separatists' move will come over to the Raja's party. Having his arms thus well strengthened, the Raja will be in a position in which position he is even now—to request the Premier to amend his Award in the light of this new position. The Premier too will generously undo what he has done, knowing as he does, that perfect unanimity can never be secured and may never be expected when divergent views hold the field. To bring about this change, your whole-hearted support to the Raja-Moonje Pact, is quite essential. We, therefore, request you most humbly to make this declaration at a very early date and thus save the Hindu Religion from disruption and the country from the terrible strain which your proposed fast will put upon it."

MAHATMA'S REPLY

Mr. P. N. Rajabhoj, has received the following letter from Mahatma Gandhi in reply.

Dear Friend

I got your letter only yesterday whilst I was talking to the friends who came to see me. I am now replying to it at the earliest opportunity. I thank you for your letter. My position is this: My fast has reference only to separate electorates. As soon as that is withdrawn the letter of the view will be satisfied and I would be bound to call off the fast. But a very heavy responsibility will then lie upon me of having a substitute that is infinitely superior to separate electorate. If you will not resent my saying it, I would like to say that I am "a touchable" by birth, and "an untouchable" by choice. And it was in this duel capacity that I wrote to Sir Samuel Hoare and then the Prime Minister. It is that dual capacity that has compelled the fast. Looking at the matter in this light I must say that I am not in love with the idea of statutory Reservation. Whilst it is not open to the same objection that separate electorate is, I have not a shadow of a doubt that it will prevent natural growth of the suppressed classes and will remove the incentive to honourable amends on the part of the suppressors. What I am aiming at is a heart understanding between the two; the greatest opportunity of repentance and reparation on the part of the suppressors. I am certain that the moment is ripe for the change of heart among them. I would, therefore favour widest possible franchise for the suppressed and establish a convention between the two sections for securing proper election of representatives of the suppressed. I have drafted a rough tentative scheme which I handed to the friends and which I explained fully yesterday to my son Devidas. But to me this is not the largest but it is the least part of the reform I want. Nothing will satisfy me till the last vestige of untouchability is gone. I would therefore insist on a Statutory declaration that all public places of worship, wells, schools, etc., should be opened to the suppressed precisely on the same terms as the suppressors. This is roughly my idea. If, however, the representatives of the suppressed classes will not look at my idea, they are at liberty to have Statutory Reservation of seats. I should not fast against it but you will not expect me to bless any such scheme. Not is my blessing essential to it's acceptance by the Government. If I got the opportunity, I should certainly try to create public opinion among the suppressed against Statutory Reservation.

If my position is not clear or satisfactory I would be delighted to meet you and other friends including M. C. Rajah and Dr. Ambedkar by appointment. As you are aware this has become possible only now.

Yours, sincerely,
(Sd.) M. K. GANDHI.

POONA BREAKS BARRIERS OF ORTHODOXY

Shiva Temple Thrown Open

POONA, Sept. 18.

At the request of Mr. P. N. Rajbhoj, President All-India Depressed Classes Association, Provincial Branch, Mr. Gangaram Buwa Pashankar, a prominent Hindu leader and a great devotee of Shankar threw upon the Shiva Temple in Budhwar Peth which is under his management, to the so-called "Depressed" Class brethren, for "Darshan" and the adjoining well for their use.

On this occasion, Messrs. Rajbhoj, T. N. Shinde, Karande and other members of the "Depressed" Classes and Messrs. Kashinath Thakuji Jadhav, Talegaonkar and other class Hindus were present. The idol of Shiva was garlanded by the "Depressed" Class leaders and this first occasion of its kind in Poona terminated amidst general good-will, thanks-giving and cries of "Hindu-Dharma-Ki-Jai" and "Mahatma Gandhi-Ki-Jai."

SAVE MAHATMA'S LIFE

Cable To Premier

The following cable has been sent to the Premier Mr. MacDonald by the Arya Samaj, Bombay:—

The Arya Samaj Bombay urges strongly to change Communal Award. Almost all "untouchables" are with Mahatma Gandhi. Hence save most valuable life before it is too late."

LOKMANYA RASHTRIYA KANYASALA

Only National Girls' School & Gandhiji's Pet Child

SWARAJYA SABHA'S APPEAL FOR FUNDS

The Hon. Secretary of the Council of the Swarajya Sabha (All-India Home Rule League) in the course of an appeal for funds for the maintenance of the Lokmanya Rashtriya Kanyashala says:

The Swrajya Sabha has been running this National institution since June 1921. This is the only Girls' School where education is imparted on purely National Lines.

It is proposed to have a benefit performance, played by the School Girls on Monday the 26th instant from 7 p. m. to 9 p. m. at the Royal Opera House. Unfortunately soon after fixing of the date of the performance and obtaining the necessary permission, the Government sanctioned publication of the Gandhi-Hoare-MacDonald correspondence. The date fixed by Mahatmaji to commence his fast is the 20th It is impossible to say what turn events will take in a week.

GANDHIJI'S PET CHILD

But in the meanwhile, it will be a sin to allow this favourite child of Gandhiji to die for want of funds. We are anxious to have about Rs. 700/- per month for at least six month to keep the school going, in the meanwhile it is hoped that arrangements on a permanent basis will be made. With the above object in view, it is proposed to collect donations, even after having the above performance.

The Council of the Swarajya Sabha is fully conscious of Mahatmaji's fast but since Mahatmaji was once the President of the All-India Swarajya Sabha we believe that the Bombay Public, which has always helped deserving institutions, will respond to our present appeal.

Variety Entertainment For Harijans

An interesting programme of Bhajan, Garba and songs was arranged for Harijans at Mahalaxmi on Kachra Patti on Wednesday night by students. Nearly a thousand Harijans, men and women had gathered together. Mr. M. T. Vyas presided.

The Arya Samaj Bhajan Mandali gave Bhajans in the beginning. Valpakhadi school girls and girls of the New Era School performed Garbas. The famous songs of "Vaishnav Jan" was sung by the New Era School student and "Raghupathi Ragav" rendered by another student of the New Era School, and Gandhiji's song was sung by Miss Vasant Master.

In the end Mrs. Ratanben Thakker explained the significance of Mahatmaji's fast and Miss Kapila Master thanked the Harijans for their splendid co-operation. The congregation dispersed with the song of "Vande Mataram".

PRITI BHOJAN ON SUNDAY.

Under the auspices of the anti-Untouchability League a Priti Bhojan will be held at Walpa-Khadi Depressed Classes Chawls compound near Mazagaon Bridge on Sunday next at 5 p.m. (S.T.) when all prominent leaders present in Bombay will take part. The fee for admission is Re. one per head. Children below ten are allowed free. Prominent ladies will also take part. Those desiring to attend should send their fees to: Anti-Untouchability League, C/o Hindu Office, Musjid Bunder Road, Mandvi, Bombay.

IN THE HILLMAN'S HOME

India League Delegation's Visit

DARJEELING, (By Mail)

Miss Wilkinson, a member of the India League Delegation, who is here on a tour, met yesterday representatives of the Hillmen of Darjeeling at Government House.

In the morning she saw Mr. Hanjit Dewan Roy, Deputy Superintendent of Police of Darjeeling. Lt. Gobardhan Gurung, Hony. A. D. C. to the Governor, and Mr. P. P. Prodhan, Secretary of the Hillmen's Association, and in the evening she had a discussion with Dr. M. Thapa for over an hour.

The discussions, which were private, it is understood, centred on questions regarding the health, mortality and social habits of the hill people, as well as their political consciousness relating to the present movement and the effect of the communal award on them.

Miss Wilkinson leaves Darjeeling to-morrow.—A.P.

Prayers For Gandhiji's Life

Under the auspices of Matunga Arya Samaj, a public meeting was held on Tuesday evening, Pundit Dwjendranath Shastri presiding In his opening speech, the President explained the motive of Mahatmaji's grim resolve to 'fast unto death' and appealed to the caste Hindus to banish the hydra-headed monster of Untouchability without the least possible delay, and save the precious life of the greatest living man of the world.

Mr. B.N. Maheshri pointed out to the audience that it was the great Rishi Dayanand who first took up the cause of removing the disabilities of the Depressed Classes.

A resolution expressing great anxiety at Mahatmaji's fast and urging the caste Hindus to throw open the public places, such as wells, schools and temples for the Depressed Classes, was passed. The meeting prayed for the long life of Mahatmaji and success in the efforts of the leaders to reach an amicable settlement of the Depressed Classes' problems.

AWAKENING IN BARODA

As announced by Baroda State Subjects Association, citizens of Baroda observed a hartal. All the markets, schools and colleges were closed and many people observed fast.

In the evening a mixed procession was taken out which went round the main streets of the city and finally terminated at Khanderao Mahadeo Temple where joint prayers were offered by caste Hindus and depressed classes.

GAEKWAR'S EXAMPLE

A crowded meeting was held at the same place under the presidentship of Mr. P. B. Ganpule at which a resolution was also unanimously passed expressing thanks to His Highness the Maharaja Sir Sayajirao Gaekwar for showing foresight in throwing open the Khanderao Mahadeo Temple at all time to the "depressed" classes and strongly requested the Government to throw open all the rest of the Government Temples to the "Depressed" classes.

The resolution strongly urged the Government to stop the grants to various temples if the management did not agree to throw open the doors to the "depressed" classes.—A. P.

DEFYING RESTRAINT ORDER

LAHORE, Sept. 22.

Messrs. Gopidas Varma, a worker of the Punjab Seva Dal and Kaliandas, a Congressman, were arrested to-day, under the Suecial Powers Ordinance on the charge of defying a restraint order prohibiting them from participating in any public meeting and procession. They both participated in a procession and also in a meeting in connection with Gandhiji's fast.

Andamans In Assembly!

WOMEN PRISONERS TO BE REPATRIATED TO MAKE ROOM FOR MALE CONVICTS

HOME MEMBER ON INDIAN JAILS' COMMITTEE'S REPORT

SIMLA, Sept. 20. (By Mail.)

Mr. S. C. Mitra during question time in the Legislative Assembly asked a question relating to the recommendation of the Indian Jails Committee 1919-20 to exclude all female convicts from being sent to Andamans on account of absence of all reformatory influences and the resulting demoralisation of prisoners.

The Hon. Mr. H. G. Haig replying said that this recommendation should be read with their recommendations regarding the Andamans as a whole. The Committee suggested firstly, the gradual closing down of the settlement as accommodation became available in Indian jails by repatriating convicts to India and by deporting no more prisoners from India and, secondly, the maintenance of a jail at Port Blair for a limited number of prisoners whose removal from British India was considered to be necessary in the public interest.

POLICY OF GRADUALISM.

As an exception to this policy of gradual removal they proposed that all the women prisoners could be repatriated at once without causing any practical difficulty on the score of accommodation in Indian jails as their number was small. The Government of India agreed to this recommendation as the repatriation of female prisoners would make available the female jail at South Point for the accommodation of male convicts. There was also the fact that the conditions described in paragraph 551 of the Jail Committees Report made it at that time undesirable that women prisoners should be retained in the Andamans, but these conditions no longer existed and the features of the settlement had profoundly changed since the Jail Committee wrote this report.

PORT BLAIR FOR WOMEN PRISONERS.

Replying to the other parts of Mr. Mitra's question about the special arrangements made for the protection of female virtues in the midst of a large number of old convicts and low class guards, of women proposed to be sent to the Andamans, Mr. Haig said that the women prisoners sent to the Andamans would be confined in a wing of the Cellular Jail, Port Blair, set apart for female prisoners and would be entirely separate from other prisoners in the jail and from the settlement. The apprehension expressed by the Hon. Member was unfounded since a female staff was in charge, and male convict, warders were not allowed within the wing set aside for female prisoners.

There was a large number of supplementary questions by Mr. S. O. Jog He asked: "Is it a fact that any prisoners not detained under this Act are being sent to the Andamans from the Bombay Presidency"?

The Hon. Mr. Haig: "What Act does the Hon. Member refer to?"

BAPAT FOR ANDAMANS-

Mr. Jog: "I am talking of regular prisoners. I refer to Mr. B. M. Bapat who is undergoing sentence in the Bombay Presidency and he is nearly finishing his sentence. It is rumoured that he is to be transferred to the Andamans."

Mr. Haig: "No prisoners are being transferred to the Andamans. Certain prisoners convicted of terrorist offences are being transferred to the Andamans. Otherwise the ordinary rules are being observed. From certain provinces certain convicts are sent even now in the normal course to the Andamans. Of what offence was Mr. Bapat convicted?"

Mr. Jog: "The prisoner I am referring to was convicted under Section 124 (A) for seven years."

"NO INFORMATION."

Mr. Haig: "I have no information about any such proposals."

Mr. Jog: "Will the Hon. Member kindly find out some information because there is some feeling in this matter in the Bombay Presidency on account of a thick rumour that he is going to be transferred from the Bombay Presidency."

Mr. Haig: "I am quite prepared to ascertain the facts."—A. P.

MR. SOORJI VALLABHDAS

Re-Arrested At Deolali

DEOLALI, Sept. 22.

Mr. Shoorji Vallabhdas, who was released yesterday, was re-arrested at his bungalow here, at 8-30 o'clock this morning.

"JAINISM DOES NOT AGREE WITH UNTOUCHABILITY"

Priest's Advice To Throw Open Temples

BARODA, Sept. 21.

The prominent Jain Priest Nyayavisharad Nyayatirtha Nyayavijay received the following telegram from the Jains of Beawar, near Ajmer, asking the Muni's advice:—

The "Depressed" classes are desiring Jain temple entry. The doors are closed. Satyagraha with hunger strike has been started. Please wire your opinion."

(The priest has replied by wire "Jainism doesn't agree with untouchability. Strongly advise to open temples."

Arms Act Conviction

CALCUTTA, Sept. 22.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate sitting as Special Magistrate, sentenced Hrishikesh Bose to five years' rigorous imprisonment for possessing an unlicensed automatic pistol and ten cartridges. The accused was arrested on August 19 at the junction of Beadon St. and the Upper Circular Road. The accused pleaded not guilty.—A.P.

MURDER CHARGE AGAINST MR. PUPALA

Case Postponed

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The charge-sheet was submitted by the police to-day before Mr. Oscar Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Court, in which Mr. S. K. Pupala, Mr. Moreswar N. Kalewar and thirteen other Hindus from Kamatipura were charged with murder, arson and destroying evidence in connection with said murder.

Mr. D. G. Dalvi, the defence counsel, stated that he had just seen the charge-sheet, and that he has had no opportunity to consider the position of his clients or take instructions from them. He said that he was very anxious to see that the case was finished as early as possible.

The Police Prosecutor not objecting the Magistrate postponed the hearing of the case to October 6.

Messrs. Pupala, Kalewar, Gowli and Shiva Kondanna are on bail.

Mr. Dalvi along with Mr. S. B. Awar appeared for the accused whereas Mr. W. J. Manker appeared for the prosecution.

Inter-Cast Dinner

An unprecedented event was witnessed this evening when more than 500 Hindus partook of food along with the members of the "depressed" classes in Tarkeshwar Shiv Mandir.

The inter-caste dinner was arranged by the Yuvak Sangh, Baroda, and nearly all the prominent leaders took part in the dinner.—A. P.

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